

WEATHER FORECASTS
Victoria and Vicinity—Fresh southwesterly winds; mostly fair, and mild.
Vancouver and Vicinity—Moderate southerly winds; partly cloudy; not much change in temperature.

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COMMANDER EXHORTS FINNISH SOLDIERS TO STAND FIRM IN LINE

Field Marshal Mannerheim Reassures Nation—Speaks Confidently of Possibility of Victory Despite Withdrawal From Advanced Defences—Says Line Will Be Maintained

HELSINKI, Feb. 17 (AP).—Finland's grizzled supreme commander, Field Marshal Baron Mannerheim, tonight reassured the nation that foreign help "is coming continually" and exhorted the Mannerheim Line defenders to hold firm to the new defences to which they have withdrawn under the weight of the Red army's seventeen-day offensive.

This stirring appeal by the seventy-three-year-old supreme commander, who spoke confidently of "every possibility of victory" followed reports of a smashing Finnish victory on the Eastern front with Russian dead numbering 1,800, but also grim admissions of a further retreat on the vital Karelian Isthmus.

Our nation no longer fights alone," Baron Mannerheim declared. "From abroad there already has come aid to a considerable extent and it is coming continually."

You can rest assured that the enemy never will be able to break my defensive system, if from a deep formation we raise new fortified positions to wear down his offensive power until the end.

Continued on Page 3, Column 3

SPLIT EVENLY ON EXPORT BAN

Senate Committee Awaits View of Hull on Japanese Embargo

WASHINGTON, Feb. 18 (AP).—The United States Senate Foreign Relations Committee today split evenly on the question of imposing embargoes on exports to Japan that a word from Secretary of State Hull probably would decide the issue either way.

This became apparent today when an informal poll of the committee's twenty-three members showed seven opposed to two pending embargo proposals, seven quickly in favor and six undecided. Three were unrecorded.

Of the six who said they had not made up their minds, four indicated they would be swayed by Hull's views, as yet not made public. One who declined to comment on his stand, Senator Green, Rhode Island Democrat, consistently has supported the administration on legislation considered by the committee.

EMBARGO PROPOSALS
The committee is expected to discuss informally at its meeting next Wednesday two pending embargo proposals.

The first, by Chairman Pittman (D, Nev.) would empower the President to restrict exports of war materials, including iron, steel, oil, gasoline and scrap metal, to Japan because of alleged violation of American rights in China.

The second, by Senator Wheeler (D, Wash.) would impose embargoes on the ground that Japan has violated the nine-power treaty in which the signatories pledged respect for the territorial integrity of China.

Roosevelt to See Defences Of Canal Zone

ABOARD U.S.S. LANG AT SEA, Feb. 17 (AP via Wireless).—Lifting the veil of secrecy surrounding his duties, President Roosevelt announced today an aide today that he would arrive at the Canal Zone early tomorrow for an inspection of the defences on the Atlantic side of the Panama Canal.

Brigadier-General Edwin M. Watson, the President's secretary and military aide, said Mr. Roosevelt would confer with Commanding General Van Vorhis, of the Canal Zone and military, naval and civilian authorities.

MUNITIONS FOR FINNS
NEW HAVEN, Conn., Feb. 17 (AP).—Officials of the Winchester Repeating Arms Company said today that it had received a large order to supply the Republic of Finland with ammunition.

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Skill of Pilot Saves Lives of Four



It was the skill of Pilot Stewart McKee which saved the lives of four passengers when a Canadian Airways plane crashed in the heart of Prince Albert early in the morning recently. This picture shows the plane which caught fire and was completely destroyed after four passengers and Pilot McKee had escaped unhurt. A downdraft forced the machine down shortly after the take-off.

Manion Outlines Policy on Farm Products Prices

Conservative Leader Says Agricultural Values Must Be Placed on Parity With Other Prices—States Proposals for Better Wheat Values—Would Study Crop Insurance

REGINA, Feb. 17 (AP).—Prices of farm produce must be increased roughly 40 per cent to bring them into line with other prices and provide the farmers of this country with a just deal, Conservative Leader Manion said here tonight.

"We must aim to put prices for the farmer on a parity with other prices," he said as he outlined the Conservative party's agricultural programme—and its wheat policy in particular—in a broadcast to Saskatchewan. One of the first steps in the practical marketing policy his national government would take would be an effort to arrange a wheat deal with Great Britain at a price fair to both parties.

LONG-RANGE PLAN NEEDED
He stressed the point that a successful wheat policy had to be a long-range, permanent plan, not merely one to meet emergency conditions.

Continued on Page 2, Column 2

JAPANESE MAY BE RETREATING

Tremendous Fires Reported Sweeping Through Base At Nanning

CHUNGKING, Feb. 17 (AP).—Unconfirmed reports from Kwangsi Province that tremendous fires were sweeping through Japanese occupied Nanning caused some Chinese quarters today to express belief the Japanese were about to retreat from the city that has been their base since it was seized last November.

Some reports said that the Chinese had recaptured several Japanese outposts on the outskirts of Nanning, but officials warned against undue optimism.

Although there was no confirmation from any quarter that Nanning had fallen the Chinese began a riotous celebration punctuated by explosions of fire crackers. Posters proclaiming "Nanning recovered" made their appearance on the streets.

ONTARIO HOUSE TO SPEED UP SESSION
TORONTO, Feb. 17 (AP).—Night sitting in the Ontario Legislature. Many members are anxious to get busy in the Federal election campaign and a drive will be made to finish the House's business next week.

The budget debate is expected to take up Tuesday and Thursday. Should prorogation be reached by Friday, there will be the usual last minute rush to pass the estimates.

B.C. House Canteen Highly Popular for Excellence of Coffee

British Columbia Services Club First All-Canadian Hospitality Centre—Thousands of Meals Served Since Arrival of Troops

LONDON, Feb. 17 (AP).—Any Canadian soldier will proclaim that just about the best cup of coffee in London can be obtained in the British Columbia Services Club. But unless you're a soldier, there is not much chance of enjoying the brew made from Indian coffee.

First all-Canadian canteen and hospitality centre, it was established by W. A. McAdam, acting agent-general for British Columbia, in time to welcome the first members of the C.A.S.F. on leave. It is staffed by voluntary workers from the Canadian Women's Club, under direction of Mrs. E. C. McLeod, wife of the London manager of a Canadian bank.

THREE HUNDRED BRITONS RESCUED FROM NAZI SHIP

From Europe Day by Day—THE TIMES, London
News and Comment on International Events selected from The Times daily and published in The Daily Colonist by special arrangement with The Vancouver Daily Province.

(Copyright, 1940, by Southern Co.)
LONDON, Feb. 17 (By Cable).—The Swedish Government has refused the Finnish appeal for direct military assistance in the war with the Soviets, and a Swedish Cabinet minister has announced that the passage of foreign troops through Swedish territory will not be allowed—the prohibition does not apply, however, to civilian volunteers or supplies.

Apparently Finland has appealed for armed forces from Sweden under the heavy stress of defending the Mannerheim Line against the enormous manpower of Russia.

Sweden's decision is based on the fear of a German attack, but opinion in Stockholm is greatly divided on this point. Most Swedes outside of Government circles want to help the heroic Finns all they can.

The battle around Summa continues with unabated ferocity and the questions military men ask all over Europe now are "how long can the Finns endure?" and "how long can the Russians keep it up?"

The Times' diplomatic correspondent explains in reply to the German propaganda statement that Great Britain did not warn Finland what was in store for her if she defied Moscow, and that the Finns knew what was going on in Moscow when the British military mission was there last summer.

The Russians then asked for air and naval bases in Estonia, Latvia and Finland, alleging they were essential in the event of German aggression, direct or indirect.

It was on the question of indirect aggression that the talks broke down. So much did Finland, Estonia and Latvia know of the Russian demands that they urgently requested Great Britain and France not to concede them. The Allies replied that they had no intention of selling out the small states.

A fresh German campaign in the Balkans has begun, alleging truthfully that Great Britain has renewed her diplomatic pressure on Rumania, threatening to send oil to Germany, Great Britain and France will cancel their guarantee of Rumania's security.

The truth is that it is German pressure which is now being exercised on Rumania. Reports are everywhere being circulated by Goebbels' department that troops are massing in Czechoslovakia for use against Rumania, that Russia is also concentrating men on the Rumanian border, and that large numbers of German pilots have been sent to Slovakian air bases.

At present relations between Hungary and Rumania are as bad as they can be. Hungary has definitely refused to co-operate with the Balkan Entente nations, clearly under German suggestions.

Russia is seemingly collaborating with Berlin in an effort to keep Bulgaria out of the Entente. German agents are trying to make it appear that Turkey wants to forsake the Allies.

All this lying and intimidation is plainly designed to break the Allies' hold on the Balkans and the Near East.

NEW YORK, Feb. 17 (AP).—Ronald Clarges Jervis, the Rt. Hon. Viscount St. Vincent, died last night at his home in the Isle of Wight, his daughter, Mrs. W. Lawrence Whitmore, was notified today.

Says Discovery Will Alter Idea of Origin Of Tribes of Pacific

Student Scientist Studying British Columbia Indians' Claims to Have Solved Mystery of Easter Island and Carvings on the Rocks

BELLA COOLA, Feb. 17 (AP).—Thor Heyerdahl, graduate of the University of Oslo, who is studying the Indians of this lower British Columbia coastal region, claimed today he has solved the mystery of Easter Island, near Australia, whose huge rock carvings have puzzled scientists for decades.

The young student, who with his wife spent a year on a desolate South Sea Island, said he has found proof for scientific discoveries he claims will "revolutionize" the ideas of the origin of natives in the South Pacific.

Heyerdahl said he will disclose

Seamen Freed From Filthy Prison Given Fine Welcome

Boarding Party From British Destroyer Releases Prisoners on Auxiliary Cruiser After Hand-to-Hand Fight With German Crew—Action Takes Place in Norwegian Fjord

LONDON, Feb. 17 (CP).—A British destroyer came home tonight with 300 Britons rescued from the Nazi prison ship Altmärk, leaving the German auxiliary cruiser rammed fast in the ice and rocks of a Norwegian fjord.

Like a chapter from the exploits of Drake or Nelson, a boarding party from H.M.S. Cockscar swarmed over the decks of the notorious 12,000-ton Altmärk and freed the seamen-prisoners taken months ago by the now-scuttled Admiral Graf Spee.

Five Germans were killed and five wounded. The officer-leader of the boarding party sprang eight feet to the lower deck of the Altmärk, knocked aside a German guard, and raced to the bridge to send the Altmärk hard ashore with a "full speed astern" ring of the engine-room telegraph.

OFFICER WOUNDED IN BOOBY TRAP
Then he rushed to the captain's cabin and flung open the door, only to be wounded in the arm by a pistol fixed in a "booby trap."

In a spectacular side show to the fight, the 5,805-ton German tanker Baldur, cornered off shore by the British destroyer Ivanhoe, was scuttled by her crew—"in German fashion," as the Admiralty put it.

The erstwhile prisoners who reached shore late today at Leith, Scotland, to tell tales of heartless treatment during their long captivity, said the captain of the Altmärk planned to blow her up if trapped; that a time bomb was hidden on board.

Tonight, however, official reports from Oslo said the German legation there had ordered that the ship be not destroyed, and a German crew of about 100 men stayed aboard the stranded Altmärk. Her fate, possibly internment, was unsettled, and British destroyers hovered out at sea on constant watch.

GERMANS DEMAND RESTITUTION
Official Germany was furious, using adjectives like "dastardly" and "swinish." The German Minister in Norway made an immediate demand for full restitution of the ship and indemnities for the dead and injured.

For her part, Britain also had a strong case against the Norwegians. She charged, first, that Norway allowed, contrary to international law, a belligerent ship carrying prisoners of war to use her territorial waters. Secondly, that the protection of neutral waters was afforded a belligerent auxiliary cruiser, since the Altmärk is known to be armed with concealed six-inch guns.

Norway protested to London, but the Admiralty, praising the British officers and men, paid scant heed. The Admiralty made plain that the destroyers' action was taken on direct orders from London and on full responsibility of the Government.

GREETED WITH WILD ENTHUSIASM
Scenes of the wildest enthusiasm greeted the rescued prisoners at Leith. Approximately forty of the men were taken to a hospital, but authorities said none was in serious danger.

The men, fifty-six of them British Indians, were taken from seven ships sunk by the Admiral Graf Spee prior to its battle with British warships on December 13, off the Uruguayan coast and its subsequent self-destruction in the harbor of Montevideo.

Captains of the sunken British freighters were kept aboard the Graf Spee, but the seamen were transferred to the Altmärk, Graf Spee auxiliary.

Since the Montevideo battle, British warships have sailed the seas in an unending search for the Altmärk. Yesterday they caught her in the dead-end of Gjesingfjord (Josingfjord), sixty miles due south of Stavanger, between Egersund and Lissa.

It was just after noon that the Altmärk, guarded by a Norwegian torpedo boat, paused Geran, within Norwegian waters, headed southward toward home. She was sighted, British and Norwegian reports said, because of the "credulous laxity" of Norwegian officials at Bergen.

Continued on Page 2, Column 5

GERMAN ATTACK IS DRIVEN BACK

Dawn Assault Heaviest by Nazis in Weeks—French Suffer Losses in Mine Field

PARIS, Feb. 17 (AP).—More than 200 German shock troops were beaten off, French military sources said tonight, in a dawn assault on French outposts described as the heaviest Nazi attack in recent weeks on the snowbound Western Front.

The Germans, attempting to slip off advance posts established by the French near the German border, were held off by heavy French counter fire, however, and retired at daybreak. No mention was made of the number of casualties on either side.

A French patrol peering deep into German territory earlier suffered losses in a mine field west of the Saar. One of the group was killed, three missing and eight severely wounded.

Release of British Seamen Described in Admiralty Statement

Commander of H.M.S. Cossack Sought Investigation of Altmark by Norwegian Authorities Before Action—Germany Protests to Oslo

LONDON, Feb. 17 (P).—Following is the text of the Admiralty communication today describing the release of 300 to 400 captive British merchant seamen from the German "prison ship" Altmark by British destroyers:

It will be remembered that the Graf Spee sank seven British merchant ships in South Atlantic before Christmas. The officers were made prisoners on board the pocket battleship and tolerably treated. The seamen, on the other hand,



"PRINTS"

Will Be POPULAR

the styles and when you see the new Prints that have just arrived from New York you will realize that you want to be in the vanguard of the latest fashion. Dark prints on light ground or light prints on dark ground, with fabric, belt, very full skirt, long and short sleeves, high neckline, and shirred detail at shoulders, mostly small flower designs—but what the use of going on like this? The prints are \$12.95 to \$19.75 with a wonderful range of colors.

\$12.95

SCURRAHS



The Right Ring for the left hand



Genuine Orange Blossom Blue River Bridal Veil Blue Bird \$25.00 to \$300.00 Use Our Budget Plan F. W. FRANCIS JEWELLER 1210 DOUGLAS STREET

Altmark was embedded in ice and was virtually on Norwegian soil when the British sailors attacked.

ELECTED PRESIDENT

PENTICTON, B.C., Feb. 17 (P).—J. A. Young was elected president of the Penticton Conservative Association for 1940 at the annual meeting this week.

OUTLINES POLICY ON FARM PRICES

Continued from Page 1

His plan would include "complete and effective restoration of the wheat board legislation of 1935, including four producers' representatives on the board of directors, the ability of extending its operations to all of Canada would be considered. Next: "An initial payment to producers, in the fixing of which regard must be had to the price for wheat now paid by the British Government to farmers in the United Kingdom—the general level of prices of other commodities in wartime—and the importance of wheat as an essential commodity to the Allied Government in carrying on the war."

"Payment to the farmer of all net profits made on a given year's operation on the basis of participation certificates provided for in the Wheat Board Act of 1935."

PAYMENT FOR STORAGE Farmers holding their grain at home or in an elevator prior to delivering it to the board would be paid one cent a month, up to eight, for the time it was so stored.

"I am also in favor of extending to the farmers throughout Canada the benefits of a national policy of price parity as between primary products and manufactured goods," he added.

The Conservative leader submitted that the possibilities of international agreement to stabilize the world wheat market had never been "adequately canvassed."

"Until the international wheat market is stabilized through agreement between importing and exporting nations, no international policies can have a completely desirable effect upon the prosperity of the wheat farmer," he said.

"Consequently, it is the duty of the Government to adopt every possible means to secure international agreement, including, if necessary, the offer of trade advantages in other directions to other countries."

CRITICIZES GOVERNMENT Dr. Manion criticized the King Government for abandoning the wheat board and throwing the Western farmers on the open market "contrary to the expressed will of Parliament," by an order in council in 1935-37. He attacked it also for failing to make wheat selling agreements with the Allies at a fair price, which resulted in British buying wheat from Rumania, Argentina and Australia, instead of from Canada.

He believed Canada should and could have made a deal with Great Britain for the duration of the war. Speaking at Moose Jaw in the afternoon, Dr. Manion promised that crop insurance would be studied as a practical way of protecting the farmer from crop failure at the first session of Parliament after this election if a Conservative Government was sent to Ottawa.

RE-ENTERS FJORD Upon these assurances, the British destroyer Jøge withdrew from territorial waters but, after dark, on receipt of Admiralty orders, the destroyer Cossack, with the British commander on board, re-entered the fjord.

The Norwegian gunboats refused co-operation in a search but remained passive. The Altmark was manoeuvred so as to try to sink the Cossack as she prepared to board.

In doing so, the Altmark ran aground stern first and the Cossack came alongside and boarded her.

Fighting followed in which, according to a wireless message from the Altmark, four Germans were killed and five seriously wounded. One British casualty was sustained.

ALTMARK OVERPOWERED The Altmark was overpowered, part of her crew fled to shore, and the rest submitted. Between three and four hundred British prisoners who had been battened down below were now found, rescued and taken on board the Cossack, which, with other British vessels in company, is now approaching British shores.

The liberated prisoners state that during the Norwegian examination at Bergen of the Altmark, their efforts to make their presence known to the searching party were unheeded.

A full report has been called for both from Captain Vian, whose conduct has been highly commended, and from the freed prisoners upon all circumstances.

In the early part of these proceedings, the German tanker Baldur, passing by outside territorial waters, was summoned to stop by the destroyer Ivanhoe, Commander P. H. Hadow, Royal Navy, and thereupon scuttled herself in German fashion.

GERMANY PROTESTS BERLIN, Feb. 17 (P).—A Nazi spokesman said today the German Minister in Oslo had made a vigorous protest to the Norwegian Government because that neutral nation had failed to provide protection for the German prison ship Altmark, seized by British naval units.

"The most serious consequences would ensue" unless Norway met German demands for restitution of the armed prison ship and indemnity for those killed and wounded.

Nazi spokesmen described as "one of the most dastardly, unwholesome actions in history" the capture of the prison ship.

The British action was described as a violation of international law. Today's German reaction was in contrast with that taken last night, by D.N.B., Nazi news agency, in announcing that the Altmark, by skillful manoeuvring and the interception of two Norwegian gunboats, had eluded a British destroyer.

Spokesmen today gave vent to indignation with terms such as "bestial piracy" and "reversion to medieval practices." They claimed the

Altmark was embedded in ice and was virtually on Norwegian soil when the British sailors attacked.

JUBILEE IS CELEBRATED

Canadian Western Cooperative Employees Attend Anniversary Dinner

The management and staffs of Canadian Western Cooperative, Limited, who "roll 'em all over the world," rolled out a barrel of entertainment, good will and reminiscence last night in Spencer's dining room as they celebrated the golden jubilee of the founding of the original firm in Victoria in 1890.

Approximately 100 employees from the Victoria and Vancouver plants of the company, whose service ranged from five to forty-nine years, sat down to dinner along with a score of invited guests, old-time business associates of the company, and mingled with the good-fellowship that speakers of the evening declared had been a feature of the company's history.

PRESENTATION MADE Seven fathers and seven sons, and nine sets of brothers, typical of the company's personnel, were introduced, and the evening culminated in a presentation to M. Leo Sweeney, managing director, of a silver tea service and fruit bowl from the employees of both plants, C. Winkill, Vancouver, with forty-nine years' service, and A. Marmo, Victoria, with thirty years' service, making the presentation.

A welcome to employees and guests was extended by F. H. Butler, Victoria manager, who called for a standing silent tribute to the memory of Joseph Ward, superintendent of the local plant, and James Marocchi, another old Victoria employee, who had died during the past year.

Highlights in the history of the company, which started with one employee under Mr. Sweeney's father, Michael Sweeney, in a small shop on Johnson Street, in 1890, were related in an address by the managing director, who traced its development to its present position as the largest firm in the British Empire, with 110 employees and trade connections in sixteen countries.

TRIBUTE TO EMPLOYEES In paying tribute to his employees, Mr. Sweeney said: "We've had our troubles, but with the help of our employees, we've never had a strike. Our employees are 100 per cent Canadian, 98 per cent of them of British extraction. Our policy is to practise human understanding, and we believe that experience and good will is better than brass."

Substitutions for Mayor Andrew McGavin, Alderman W. L. Morgan welcomed those present, particularly the visitors from Vancouver, he said, and declared that Victoria "welcomes working men, and the more of them we have the better."

Speaking as a neighbor, whose own plant is next door to the cooperative, R. W. Mayhew congratulated the company on completing fifty years in business, and said that "such an organization, in these times, doing business all over the world, is a great asset to Canada."

Herbert Anscomb, M.P., added his tribute by saying, among other comments: "When you realize your business is fifty years old, and that Canada is a young country, or at least Western Canada is, it is no more an undertaking you have developed, especially when you are able to gather here in a spirit of good will to celebrate your jubilee."

EXECUTIVES SPEAK Different aspects of the cooperative business were discussed briefly by several company executives and old employees, including A. Marmo; J. Babbage, mill superintendent; Pete Bennett, chief inspector; Harry Nutting, millwright, and W. Mitchell, fitter. Vancouver executives who spoke were M. A. Gilmore, plant manager, and Mr. Winkill, dean of the organization.

Other guest speakers, who paid tribute to the jubilee success of the company, were Alex Lockie, reeve of Esquimalt; R. S. O'Meara, provincial trade commissioner; W. M. Sellen, Vancouver manager of the Imperial Bank of Canada, and J. H. D. Benson, Victoria manager of the same bank. Several other guests, including those in allied businesses in the city which have connections with the Canadian Western Cooperative, also spoke briefly.

Entertainment was provided by Miss Betty Clair, tap dancer; Ernie Crookford, magician; Bert Lilley, comedian; Cecil Heaton, pianist, and Teddy Blair, community song leader.

European Envoys Sail From U.S. NEW YORK, Feb. 17 (P).—President Roosevelt's two European envoys—Sumner Welles, Under Secretary of State, who will report on conditions in the war-torn continent, and Myron C. Taylor, special ambassador to the Vatican—sailed today on the Italian liner Rex. Welles said he expected to return late in March to report to the President after visiting Italy, France, Germany and Britain.

PARIS BUSES ARE NOW USED AS STORES PARIS, Feb. 17 (P).—Paris buses, mobilized at the start of the war, are being transferred into traveling department stores for tours of the front.

The buses have been fitted out with complete stocks of writing paper, thread, needles and other necessities for the soldiers which they can't buy in the evacuated villages of the military zone.

LARRY RANDS Long associated with the retail selling of automobiles in Victoria, Larry is now associated with Beggs Motors selling Plymouth and Chrysler cars, along with Fargo trucks and delivery.

Official Mourning Period Ends After Week Observance BRITISH Columbia's mourning for the passing of Baron Tweedsmuir, former Governor-General of Canada, came to its official close last evening at the end of the seventh day provided by Federal regulation. During the period flags were flown at half-mast on all public buildings, officers in the three services wore crepe bands on their arms, and official public functions stood postponed. Owing to the popularity of the late Baron Tweedsmuir, the mark of respect was widely observed throughout the province during the week past.

B.C. HOUSE CANTEN IS HIGHLY POPULAR Continued from Page 1 dies. If he's a bit homesick, she produces a big mug of coffee and tries to cheer him.

COMFORTABLE QUARTERS Mr. McAdam obtained his Government's permission to equip 2,000 square feet of floor space in British Columbia House for use of British Columbians and other Canadian troops. Facilities include an officers' lounge and card room, a recreation room for N.C.O.'s and men.

The men's recreation room is equipped with a billiard table, dart board, radio and writing tables.

Most popular place is the canteen. Mrs. McLeod has 200 workers to choose from, and they work in twenty-one four-hour shifts. She found a baker who once lived in Canada and knew what to dish out when she ordered such Canadian dishes as apple pie, waffles and raspberry pie. She says the prime need now is for Canadian cigarettes.

DESCRIBES CANTEN FOOD Like an explorer back with world-shaking news from some strange land, a writer in a London paper gave this description of the food at the British Columbia canteen:

"I saw apple pie, made flat like a fan (flat English pastry) with a cover. This is eaten with cheese and accompanied by the inevitable coffee, forms the most popular of all light meals."

"Raisin pie is made in a similar fashion but is eaten alone. The filling is entirely of large-stoned raisins, and said to be most sustaining in cold weather."

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The canteen has a notice board giving particulars of arrangements for the troops' free entertainment. They have been given tickets for skating rinks and various London theatres.

Victoria Gyros Visit Portland Six members of the Victoria Gyro Club left the city yesterday for Portland, where they will participate in the bowling meet of Pacific Coast Gyro Clubs, this week-end.

The squad will be defending two trophies they won last year, when a tournament was held here.

Those who made the trip were: W. C. Hudson, F. W. Hawes, T. R. Bowden, J. P. Cameron, J. P. Howell and J. D. Ferguson. Some fifteen teams from Canada and the United States are expected to participate in the meet.

Imports at Big Total LONDON, Feb. 17 (P).—Britain's imports in January exceeded £100,000,000, the Board of Trade reported today, reaching the highest figure \$165,000,000.

THE GRAVEYARD was taken by Bishop Sexton and Dean Elliott. Hayward's B.C. Funeral Company was in charge of the funeral arrangements.

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WAS PILLAR OF DIOCESE

Impressive Service Held in Christ Church Cathedral For Lindley Crease

As the bells rang out a muffled peal yesterday afternoon, the body of Lindley Crease, K.C., for thirty-two years chancellor of the Diocese of British Columbia, was borne from Christ Church Cathedral to its last resting place in Ross Bay Cemetery, following an impressive service conducted by the Rt. Rev. H. E. Sexton, Bishop of Columbia.

The large congregation, which took part in the service was widely representative of the legal, church and political life of Victoria, and of the many organizations of which Mr. Crease had been a prominent member.

BISHOP'S TRIBUTE Of Mr. Crease, the Bishop said: "Today we bid an affectionate farewell to a really good man, one of Nature's nobles, one of God's own gentlemen—Lindley Crease, for thirty-two years the capable and devoted chancellor of the Diocese of British Columbia, and the close friend and adviser of five bishops. Our Diocesan tribute will be paid at the Synod next week; in the meantime, we would associate ourselves with the many expressions of respect and esteem which have been uttered by the representatives of the entire community and Province. Few men have been more worthy of such tributes. He possessed the requisites for ideal citizenship—modesty, sympathy, fairness of judgment, humility, candour. He was a man of stainless integrity, of irreproachable character—who looked through the transient to the permanent—who regarded his citizenship as but a fraction of his heavenly citizenship. He adored the legal profession, even as he was honored by it. As befitted an earnest Christian, and a loyal devout churchman, he was a man of immense faith in God and in the saving power of Jesus Christ, as was abundantly evident in his last hours. Great thoughts kept him calm.

"The man is gone, but his example remains. We shall enjoy no more the dignified and gentle manners, the playful humor, the eagerness for fresh knowledge, the delightful conversation, the high-minded life."

"But though he has passed from our earthly sight, he has surely not passed from our living fellowship. We thank the Great Father today for bestowing on us for so long a time the riches of this man's devotion and service, and with full hearts we say, 'God rest his soul.'"

The cathedral choir took part in the orthodox funeral service of the Church of England, in which the Bishop was assisted by Very Rev. Spencer H. Elliott, D.D., Dean of Columbia, who read the lesson. The hymn, "Abide With Me," was sung, and the services concluded with the singing by the choir of the "Cantation of the Fall of Man."

The Bench and Bar of British Columbia were prominently represented in the congregation, as were also the Masonic Order, the Vancouver Island Branch of the League of Nations, Victoria Canadian Club, Royal Victoria Yacht Club, Native Sons of British Columbia, Alpine Club of Canada, Union Club, and Victoria Golf Club.

The pallbearers were D. M. Gordon, S. A. Pomeroy, J. H. Lawson, K.C., H. W. Davey, E. E. Whootton, and George Carter. The service at

Fir Millwood \$2.50 per cord Cameron Wood & Coal Co., Ltd. 743 YATES STREET PHONE E3121

E 1171 FOR ELECTRIC WIRING AND SERVICE ALL QUALIFIED ELECTRICIANS MACDONALD 119 DOUGLAS STREET PHONE E 5100

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for that month in ten years. The board listed imports at \$104,961,147 (currently under \$420,000,000) and exports at \$41,073,574 (less than \$165,000,000).

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WILLIS PIANOS

The glorious tone of the Willis is accompanied by the loveliness of its distinguished ancestry in every line of its case. Many new designs now on display, including the new Fabrikoid finish.

Your present piano taken as part payment and balance arranged on easy terms.

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C. J. McDowell 1205 DOUGLAS STREET SCOLLARD BLDG.

Fir Millwood \$2.50 per cord Cameron Wood & Coal Co., Ltd. 743 YATES STREET PHONE E3121

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IMPORTS AT BIG TOTAL LONDON, Feb. 17 (P).—Britain's imports in January exceeded £1

RAY'S LTD.

Monday Specials

FRESH MEATS
MINCED STEAK
CHUCK STEAK
STEAK and KIDNEY

2 lbs. 25c

LIVER
HEARTS, lb. 10c

Pot Roasts, lb. 14c
Blade Roasts, lb. 14c

Rib Lamb Chops 25c
Loin Lamb Chops 30c
Breasts 18c

MARMALADE
SPECIAL
29c

JIFFY, 3 1/2
MEAT BALLS 23c
LOBSTER
PASTE 9c

FISH DEPT.

FRESH HERRING, lb. 6c

DRESSED ROLES
WHITING FILLETS 2 lbs. 25c
FRESH BLACK COD, lb. 10c
SMOKED SALMON, lb. 20c

SUNLIGHT SOAP 4 for 19c

SOAP FLAKES 15c 2-lb. bag

BLEACH Large Bottles 2 for 9c

LAUNDRY STARCH 9c pk.

Blue Ribbon TEA

1-lb. pkt. 55c

1/2-lb. pkt. 28c

BLUE RIBBON COFFEE, 1-lb. tin 47c

JUICY NAVEL ORANGES 25c doz.

BRUSSELS SPROUTS 5c lb.

RED SALMON 17c 1/2 lb. tin

PEANUT BUTTER 13c 1/2 lb. tin

SPECIALS

Norwegian Cream, 1/2 lb. tin 2 bottles \$2.00

Lactone Shaving Cream, 50c tin 2 for 36c

A.R.A. Headache and Cold Tablets, bottle of 100 23c

Pure Norwegian Cod Liver Oil, 10-oz. bottle 29c

For Youth Brushe, formerly 1/2 lb. 29c

Cornwall Pine Tablets, new price 50c

ROBIN HOOD FLOUR

7-lb. bag 24c

24-lb. bag 79c

49-lb. bag \$1.49

ROBIN HOOD OATS

Large pkt. 15c

BUTTER First Grade 3 lb. 97c

Cheese Medium 25c

EGGS Grade A, 12 16c

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Halibut Liver Oil Capsules. Not Less Than 70,000 Vitamin "A" Units Per Gram.

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RESORT AND HOTEL MEN ENJOY VISIT

Eighth Annual "Week-End Abroad" One of Most Successful Staged Yet

MEMBERS PREDICTING GOOD TOURIST SEASON

Intent upon spreading international good will, 148 members and friends of the Olympic Peninsula Resort and Hotel Association, last night concluded their eighth annual "week-end abroad," and will leave for their homes in Washington, Oregon and California this morning.

Although they had only one day in which to become acquainted with Victoria and its attractions, the visitors lost no time, with the help of members of the Victoria and Island Publicity Bureau, seeing as many places of interest as possible. They were also welcomed by Provincial and civic officials.

AMBITION PROGRAMME
 Luncheon at the Oakbay Beach Hotel, drives, afternoon tea at the Empress Hotel, as guests of the Publicity Bureau, swimming at the Crystal Garden, a banquet at the Empress Hotel, dancing at the Crystal Garden and a midnight buffet at the Dominion Hotel, made up yesterday's official programme.

Tourist traffic to the Pacific Northwest will be extremely heavy this season was the consensus of opinion of those gathered at the banquet last night.

TREND TO NORTHWEST
 "Ted" Huggins, representative of the San Francisco Fair, 1940, said that visitors to California this year would visit the Northwest. A nationwide advertising campaign, in which hotel and resort and travel men were participating, for a western circle travel programme was being started.

G. Herbert Stevens, immediate past-president of the Publicity Bureau, who occupied the chair in the absence of E. W. McMullen, president, introduced the various speakers.

Hon. W. J. Aseltine, Minister of Trade and Industry, welcomed the visitors on behalf of the Provincial Government.

Dr. E. B. Daniel, president of the Oregon State Motor Association, said they were trying to spread good will from Mexico to Alaska, and added "this should be the largest tourist year we've ever had."

Alderman Edward Williams represented the city council.

MESSAGES READ

Messages from absent members were read by E. H. Faubert, of Shelton, Washington, and C. A. Bigelow, county commissioner of Portland, Oregon, invited all to attend the Portland Rose Festival in June.

A sparkling display of drilla and formations was given by sixteen members of the Victoria Girls' Drill Team, nattily attired in red capes and white satin. The girls were directed by Captain Norman Foster.

Bert White and two members of his Showboat troupe entertained with novelty musical and comedy presentations. Thomas Kelway, tenor, sang a solo and also lead comedy singing, accompanied by Cecil Heaton at the piano.

LUNCHEON AT OAK BAY

Mr. Thornley presided at the luncheon in the Oakbay Beach Hotel.

Captain Alex M. Peabody, president of the Puget Sound Navigation Company, Seattle, was the principal speaker.

Others who spoke were Mayor Andrew McGavin, representing the city; Herbert Anson, M.P.P., representing the Provincial Government; Harold Hubbard, who represented the Publicity Bureau, at the request of Mr. McMullen, and Duncan McBride, president of the Victoria Chamber of Commerce.

Replying on behalf of the visitors were: W. W. Chadwick, mayor of Salem, Oregon; Arch B. Sanders, manager of the Oregon Coast Highway Association; Ralph A. Coan, treasurer of the Oregon State Motor Association; and George J. Merritt, of the Moore Hotel, Ontario, Oregon.

An innovation was the introduction of the 160 persons, assembled at the luncheon, by Mr. Thornley without the aid of notes or prompting.

NICE, KITTY!

First Chorus: "I know what it is to be loved by a cat man." Second Chorus: "Well, I suppose when you were young, dearie, there weren't any other kind of men."

SAN FRANCISCO

Hotel Stewart

DOWN TOWN

On Geary St. Just above Powell—prime location. Views are within easy walking distance on the level.

WITH PRIVATE BATH

SINGLE \$3.00 and \$3.50

DOUBLE \$4.00, \$4.50 and \$5.00

EXCELLENT DINING ROOM AT MODERATE PRICES

Send for folder—gives complete tariff describes points of interest.

Chas. A. & Margaret Stewart, Proprietors

Resort and Hotel Men Visit City



Shown above are officials of the Olympic Peninsula Resort and Hotel Association, and two American visitors about to enjoy a ride in Morry Foster's antique model-T Ford. Some 150 Americans from Washington, Oregon and Northern California made their annual "friendly invasion" of this city yesterday. Those in the top picture are, from left to right, A. Sanders, manager of the Oregon Coast Highway Association; Dr. E. B. McDani-

Conservatives Here To Select Candidate By Convention Ballot

Nominating Gathering to Open at Crystal Garden Hall at 8 P.M. Tomorrow for Choice of Nominee to Contest Victoria Seat in Parliament

CHOICE of a Conservative candidate to contest the Federal general election in the riding of Victoria will be made by 312 delegates of city and district wards at a nominating convention to open at the rose show room of the Crystal Garden tomorrow at 8 p.m. F. A. Willis, secretary of the Victoria Conservative Association, announced yesterday. W. H. M. Hal-dane, president, will be in the chair.

Delegates represent Victoria city, Oak Bay, the Saanich wedge between the city and Oak Bay, and municipal wards of Esquimalt will make the selection, by ballot. Nomination will be by open proposal on the floor of the meeting from among those who may permit their names to go forward.

VIGOROUS CAMPAIGN
 Party officials yesterday anticipated no difficulty in the choice of a candidate, and reiterated the intention of city Conservatives of putting up a vigorous campaign for the seat so long held by the late Dr. S. F. Tolmie.

While the selection of a candidate will be the chief business of the convention, Herbert Anson, M.P.P., and Dr. J. D. Hunter, M.P.P., Victoria members in the Provincial Legislature, will be heard in brief addresses during the evening. Mr. Hal-dane said.

The Conservative nominee will be introduced next day on Hon. Dr. R. J. Manion's platform at a public meeting to be held at 2 p.m. at the Chamber of Commerce auditorium.

EXHORTS TROOPS TO HOLD FAST

Continued from Page 1
 "The moment has come when by strong and vigorous measures the enemy's attack must again be stopped to the new defence line, to the support of which I have directed from my reserves, new forces and artillery."

"Soldiers of Finland! we must stand without faltering. The development of the situation gives us every possibility of victory. The Finnish nation stands behind us and trusts us. Let us be firm."

THUNDEROUS ROAR
 Echoing the thunderous roar of battle in the Karelian Isthmus and the Eastern front were the explosions of hundreds of bombs dropped by Red army raiders ranging over Southern Finland.

Three air raid alarms were sounded here and enemy bombers were extremely active over Southern and Southwestern Finland. Two women were killed at Ylistaro, while, in Central Finland, several persons were reported killed.

Also bombed were the towns of

My husband is an old sea dog and now he has retired he likes to recall his more exciting voyages. —Gazette Illustration, Venice.

Mallek's

1212 DOUGLAS STREET

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Toppers

of IMPORTED

Tweed



A GLORIOUSLY fine selection of newest styles in IMPORTED tweeds! Every woman will want one of these stunning new coats for her Spring wardrobe. Beautifully satin-lined... beautifully tailored... some with intriguing new hoods... detachable... and so very practical for traveling. Every pattern DISTINCTLY chic! And, remember, they're IMPORTED woolsens and we're positive we'll never be able to duplicate such values at the low prices prevailing... from \$19.95. See them tomorrow!

THREE HUNDRED BRITONS SAVED

Continued from Page 1

by planes, a cluster of British destroyers and a British cruiser. Then there began hours of manoeuvring and argument between the British destroyers Ivanhoe, Intrepid and Cosack, the Altmarm, and two Norwegian warships.

According to the Admiralty's story, confirmed by a Norwegian communiqué, the captain of one of the Norwegian ships insisted the Altmarm had been examined at Bergen, that she was unarmed and that he knew nothing of prisoners on board. He insisted that the British warships leave Norwegian waters.

ORDERS FROM ADMIRALTY
 The British destroyers withdrew, but as darkness fell the wireless crackled with Admiralty orders.

"Force your way in and free our men," they said.

The Norwegian warships stood by, refusing to help search the Altmarm. An official Norwegian account said: "The Cosack went up beside the Altmarm, which now began to back out. The British boarded the German ship, armed with rifles, and the fighting began."

Lying under hatches battered down with chains, the British prisoners on the Altmarm bored holes through the hatchways to see what was happening. Here is the story of Seaman Alf Williams, of the Newton Beach, which was sunk by the Graf Spee, October 7.

"We were riding in between the rocks in pitch blackness and the ice on top of the water cracked as we moved."

"The British destroyer came darting in with the intention of boarding the Altmarm. The German skipper swung his wheel over and tried to ram the Cosack."

FULL SPEED ASTERN

"Suddenly one of the officers of the boarding party leaped eight feet onto the lower deck of the Altmarm. He knocked aside one of the German guards who came rushing up, then raced to the bridge and rang the telegraph full speed astern, with the result that the German ship went hard ashore."

"The officer ran to the captain's cabin and as he opened the door, a booby trap went off. It was a revolver fixed to fire when the door opened and it wounded him in the arm."

"Some of the German guards took fright and along with a few German sailors jumped overboard. One of them was drowned but several others escaped over ice to the shore."

"After they went off there was a bit of a scrap with the boarding party, and four of the Germans were killed. But it was all over in half an hour."

"When the Cosack came in, the Altmarm rounded right onto the rocks and ice of the fjord, and she may be a-lying there yet for all I know."

MEN ATTACK GUARDS

Officers of the rescued seamen said they "went for" their German guards as soon as the hatches were opened.

"Norwegian accounts described the 'amazing feat of seamanship' that occurred before the Cosack outwitted the Altmarm. These stories said that Britons used rifle and machine-gun fire on the Altmarm before the boarding party got aboard."

Sharp in the prisoners' memory was the call of the boarding party from the Altmarm's decks: "Are there British aboard?"

William Curtis, of the Doric Star,

sunk by the Graf Spee eleven weeks ago, told of his prison voyage:

"We were confined for a fortnight without being on deck. They would not let us see anything. There was very little food—black bread and tea, mainly."

"For a long time we got no cold water. We just had to put up with tea. Sometimes we got washing water. The Germans do not get any praise from me. They behaved very badly. The skipper was a tyrant."

SAYS CONDITIONS TERRIBLE
 Frederick Thomas, of the steamship Trevanian, said:

"The Altmarm was a filthy place. There was no fresh air. Conditions were terrible, and the Germans made the prisoners as miserable as they possibly could with their cruel and heartless treatment."

During their long imprisonment, the prisoners made one effort to send an SOS. They sealed a message in a tin with a miniature Union Jack.

But when they dropped it overboard the Germans saw it. Those in the plot got three weeks in a separate hold, they said, along with a German carpenter, who furnished solder to seal the tin.

The ships from which the prisoners were taken were:

Ashlea, 4,222 tons, sunk October 6 in mid-Atlantic.

Newton Beach, 4,631 tons, sunk October 7 in mid-Atlantic.

Huntman, 8,196 tons, sunk October 13 off West Africa.

Africa Shell, 706 tons, sunk about October 16 off West Africa.

Trevanian, 6,350 tons, sunk October 22 off Africa.

Doric Star, 10,093 tons, sunk December 2 off South Africa.

Africa, 7,983 tons, sunk December 3 in South Atlantic.

PLANES SIGHT MINES
 The Admiralty announced that British warplanes escorted the Cosack home after the raid on the Altmarm sighted four mines directly in the path of the destroyer and ships accompanying her.

The planes warned the ships and exploded the mines with machine-gun fire.

The Admiralty gave the Royal Air Force credit for finding the Altmarm.

Obituary

BESETTE—The death occurred on Friday, in St. Joseph's Hospital, of Mrs. Vivienne Phyllis Besette, 1033 Pakenington Street, in her forty-fourth year. She was born in Yokohama, Japan, and had been a resident of this city for ten years. She leaves two daughters, the Misses Eunice and Joyce Besette, at home. The funeral will be held on Tuesday, the cortege leaving Hayward's B.C. Funeral Chapel at 2:45 a.m., proceeding to St. Andrew's Cathedral, where Requiem Mass will be said at 9 o'clock. Interment will be in Ross Bay Cemetery.

PETTIT—Walter Pettit died suddenly at his home, West Saanich Road, at the age of fifty-six years. Born in Woodley, Cheshire, England, Mr. Pettit came to Canada thirty-eight years ago, residing in Vancouver for a time. He left Vancouver with the 12th Battalion, C.E.F., and served overseas during the Great War. Returning in 1920, he took up residence at Duncan, where he conducted his business as a jeweler until 1921, when he moved to Esquimalt. He is survived by his widow; three sons, Clement, with the Royal Canadian Navy, and Philip and John at home, and one daughter, Yvonne, also at home. Funeral services will be held tomorrow at 2 p.m. in St. George's Missionary Chapel. Rev. A. Buschlagger will officiate and interment will be in the Royal Oak Burial Park.

HOOD—Funeral services for George Hood will be held on Wednesday at 2:30 p.m. from the parlors of Hayward's B.C. Funeral Company. Rev. James Hood will officiate and interment will take place in Colwood Burial Park.

SOMETHING NEW!
DAD'S 18 for 10c
 Butter-Krisp cookies

SATISFACTORY

"My husband was swept off his feet when he kissed our pretty maid."

"Are you going to fire her?"
 "I should say not! That's the way I like to see a broom used."

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EXCLUSIVELY YOURS

You owe it to yourself to have at least ONE suit that is exactly as you want it. Plenty of room for your shoulders, yet perfect fitting. You'll wear your Hope Tailored Suit longer and more often because you'll like it so much better.

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HOTEL GEORGIA

Vancouver, B.C.

Unbelievably low rates, yet the same superlative service that this hotel is famed for still prevails. You'll also find everyone agreeing that the Hotel Georgia is "the most popular hotel on the Coast."

RATES: Single Rooms: From \$2.00 daily, with shower. From \$2.50 daily with bath. Double Rooms: As low as \$3.50 daily. Twin Beds: As low as \$4.50 daily.

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Sunday, February 18, 1940

RESCUE OF BRITISH SEAMEN

The controversy over the rescue of 275 British seamen held prisoners on the German prison ship Altmärk will probably continue for some days, until, like so many disputes arising out of the war, interest in it disappears in the light of some other happening. The certainty about the rescue of the seamen will remain free, and the fantastic claim of the Germans for their return, made through Oslo, will be refused. The Altmärk was violating Norwegian territorial waters, Norway did not maintain her neutrality in omitting to seize the ship and intern it. The British effected the rescue in Norwegian territorial waters. The protest of Germany to Oslo is so much humbug, inasmuch as Germany has regarded Norway as an enemy for months past, sinking Norwegian ships without warning. Three of these vessels were sunk within the last few days. The attitude of Berlin over the humiliation of the Altmärk is Pecksniffian. The chief fact emerging from the happening is that nearly 300 British seamen have been set free. They are not combatants, and yet were committed to, and maintained in, conditions of duress that are a disgrace to Germany.

RIGHT MAKES NIGHT

At an early stage in the present war, the Archbishop of Canterbury, in one of his memorable sermons, said that the nations must face the truth that immunity from suffering would be bought at too great a cost if the price were disloyalty to the eternal verities of right and wrong. The challenge on the battlefields of Europe is that of a spirit, a system of policy, that claims that the independence and territories of small nations may be invaded by another nation which has the strength to enforce its demands; that treaties may be broken if it is considered expedient for the purpose of national aggrandizement; that cruel persecutions may be practised in the name of conquest. Germany and Russia are giving the world an exhibition of the doctrine that might is right. Those who have accepted the challenge of totalitarian ambition are at one with Abraham Lincoln, when he said: "Let us have faith that right makes might, and in that faith let us to the end dare to do our duty as we understand it."

What is being demonstrated today is that a power of evil is at work. The anomaly is that while it assaults man from without it is extrinsic to his being. It is a power seemingly possessed by almost unimaginable depths of wickedness, and, and by its tenets, large communities have become degraded. It is the old, old story that runs through the gamut of all human life, of the facts of sin and of the spirit of evil. "We wrestle not," wrote St. Paul, "against flesh and blood, but against principalities, against powers, against the rulers of darkness in this world, against spiritual wickedness in high places." Sometimes the consciousness that this is a fact of life tends to make people lose faith in an all-ruling, loving and Divine Providence. They forget the promise of the bruising of the serpent's head, of the final triumph of good over evil, as told in the Biblical story. That is the answer to the misuse of human will. The lesson of Eden remains always untouched in its essential veracity; it is written into the records of time; but there is written into the same records the fact of eternal significance as exemplified by the Cross, that is what is beyond the fact of sin, whether exhibited by individuals or nations. That is what has a timeless validity.

The doctrine of totalitarianism, with its exclusion of faith in that which lies beyond men's temporal passions, is one that confines thoughts to material ambitions. It would make of the world a prison house in which souls are held in captivity. It is evil ambition for that which is transient, a circumscribed view of life entertained for the satisfaction of increased mundane power. It is the attempt to spread into international life, not the doctrine of Christ, but that of the old pagan gods, or, worse still, that of denial of any power greater than that of man himself. There is, in what is happening, a repetition of the lessons of the French Revolution, of that danger which Edmund Burke described as coming from the example of a people "whose character knows no medium... a danger from being led through an admiration of successful fraud and violence, to an imitation of the excesses of an irrational, unprincipled, proscripting, confiscating, plundering, ferocious, bloody and tyrannical democracy. On the side of religion, the danger of their example is no longer from intolerance, but from atheism, a foul, unnatural vice, foe to all the dignity and consolation of mankind."

The one-time spokesman of a nation who urged his countrymen to have faith that right makes might defined the issue that is at stake today. That is why the belief persists, among the people of those countries that have accepted the challenge of totalitarianism, in a clear moral and spiritual purpose. The Allied Powers are fighting together, unaided by other States, save Finland, to demonstrate the faith that is in them, to withstand oppression and aggression, to re-establish the sanctity of international law, to exercise an evil thing from the affairs of mankind. The rest of the countries of the world, all vitally interested in the outcome, stand aside and watch the progress of the struggle. The concept of right, as opposed to might, is at issue in a modern guise. The old Pelagian heresy has taken on a new and exaggerated form. There is the philosophy at work which trusts in the power of man alone, the philosophy that has created Soviet Russia, Nazi Germany and Fascist Italy. Man alone, seeking power, is dominated by the facts and processes of sin, as human

experience is proving today on a large scale. He is the antithesis of the man in whom "God hath set eternity in his heart"; he who believes that "without Me ye can do nothing." When Dante Gabriel Rossetti wrote one of the most impressive of his sonnets, that "On Refusal of Aid Between Nations," he might well have been envisioning the world of today:

Not that the earth is changing, O my God!
Nor that the seasons totter in their walk—
Not that the virulent ill of act and talk,
Seethes ever as a wine-press ever trod—
Not therefore are we certain that the rod
Weighs in Thy hand to smite Thy world;
Beneath Thy hand so many nations bow,
So many kings,—not therefore, O my God!

But because Man is parcelled out in men
Today, because, for any wrongful blow,
No man not stricken asks, 'I would be told
Why Thou dost strike!'; but his heart whispers
then,
'He is He, I am I! By this know
That the earth falls asunder, being old.

A WORTHY APPEAL

The Canadian Legion War Services, Inc., is raising a sum of \$500,000, through members of the Legion and by public generosity, for assisting men of the Army to prepare themselves for civilian life when their active service is over, in other words, when the War ends. The fund mentioned will make educational facilities, including vocational training, available. While the volunteers for active service are engaged in their various duties they will have the knowledge that an agency is at work preparing them, if they will avail themselves of what is to be done, for their work in the after-war years. The plan has the approval of the Dominion Government.

The veterans of the Great War are showing vision in what they are doing. They recall their own difficulties in settling down in civilian life, and they want that problem eased for their successors in military service. The Legion has 1,000 branches all over the Dominion. It is in an admirable position to do the work to which it has set its hand, and in that connection is wholly deserving of public and enthusiastic support. The quota of the fund set to be raised in this community is \$10,000. The veterans themselves have already subscribed half of this sum. It is hoped that the patriotism of citizens will do the rest, as there is no question that it will, and without delay.

Mr. Mackenzie King, with all his mild manners and amiable traits, has been inspired too much by a desire for a continuance of autocratic power in his manner of calling the general election and in the issue he has proclaimed as at stake. "Mr. King," says The Quebec Chronicle-Telegraph, "is insistent upon his desire for Canadian unity, but does he honestly think it is conducive to unity to make this a Liberal, instead of a Canadian war; to gag and dissolve Parliament in order to prevent the Opposition from being heard; and to proclaim implicitly that the only unity he is willing to recognize is a unity obedient and subservient to his own party administration?"

Germany is getting her war effort down to a strict basis on the domestic front. Always a country where sin is abhorred, there is now an organized collection of leavings from the kitchen, of bones, potato peelings, discarded fat, etc., and these materials are sent to central depots and then delivered, after sorting, to special factories for treatment. It may be there is much to learn from Germany in the way of thrift.

Apparently nothing can trammel up the consequence of illegal behavior in Germany. In a village near Stuttgart a man killed a pig without permission. He was sentenced to three months' imprisonment. His wife had to pay a fine of fifteen reichsmarks and his brother-in-law 150 reichsmarks for accepting some of the meat. The village butcher, who lent his knife, was fined forty reichsmarks.

The Weather

Metropolitan Office, Victoria, B.C., at 7:00 p.m.
Saturday, February 17, 1940.

SYNOPSIS OF WEATHER CONDITIONS
Pressure is relatively low over British Columbia and Idaho, but high from Vancouver Island southward. The weather continues mild in this Province. Showers have occurred on the Coast, and some light sleet is reported in the Southern Interior.
It has been moderately cold in the Pacific Provinces.
PRECIPITATION AND TEMPERATURES
(Precipitation for twelve hours to 5:00 p.m.; temperatures for twenty-four hours.)

Location	Precipitation	Min.	Max.
Vancouver	Trace	29	52
Nanaimo	Trace	30	51
Victoria	Trace	30	51
Port Moody	Trace	30	51
Langara	Trace	30	51
Atlin	Trace	30	51
Seattle	Trace	30	51
Portland	Trace	30	51
San Francisco	Trace	30	51
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MARINE, RAIL and AIR

E. P. ASHE TO
RETAIN FLAGRe-elected Commodore of
Royal Victoria Yacht Club
By Acclamation

Commodore E. P. Ashe, who has steered the Royal Victoria Yacht Club through two successful years, was unanimously re-elected for a third term at the annual general meeting of the club last night.

All other flag and executive officers were returned by acclamation, as follows: Vice-commodore, Colonel Eric Pepler; rear commodore, F. C. Holden; fleet captain, R. V. James; measurer, Herbert Gann; fleet surgeon, Dr. B. E. Nickells; chaplain, Rev. John Antle.

The following committee was chosen from a slate of ten nominations: C. L. Campbell, Charles Clarke, Captain M. D. A. Darling, W. H. Golby, F. M. Oht, A. C. Packford, F. N. D. Robertson and H. McE. Young.

By unanimous vote the club conferred honorary life membership on Captain Arthur Lane, one of the oldest yachtsmen on the West Coast of the province.

BOOM PROTECTION

Reporting on the year's activities, Commodore Ashe referred to the fact that strenuous representations had been made to the Dominion Government for improved facilities at the club's anchorage in Cadboro Bay, as the result of which word had recently been received that the Government would provide a permanent boom outside the present line of dolphins. This would provide valuable protection for the club's members property.

Mention was made by the commodore of the fact that since the

outbreak of war many of the younger members had answered the call for active service, but despite that fact it was shown in the report of the secretary that there had been a membership increase of seventeen during the year. Of that number, eleven were juniors.

Highlights of the financial report were presented by Mr. Holden, who stated that while providing all necessary services, the chairman of all committees had operated within their income. The club began the year with a surplus of \$268, and ended it with a current surplus of \$644, despite the fact that extraordinary expenditures amounting to \$512 had been met, chiefly in respect of the renewal of the marine ways.

RECORD ACTIVITIES

The fleet captain reported that 1939 had seen more sailing activities and class races than any previous year on record. An ambitious programme was being planned for the coming year, opening with a cruise during the Easter week-end, to be followed by a weekly series of short and long cruiser races.

As supervisor of the junior organization, launched officially last April, Mr. James reported that the juniors had participated in all regattas, at home and on the mainland, and had held monthly meetings during the winter of a study and instructional nature.

Highly satisfactory reports were presented by all committees.

Blank Shot Halts
Merchant Vessel
Outside Narrows

VANCOUVER, Feb. 17 (CP).—Batteries on the north shore of Vancouver's harbor entrance late last night halted a large merchant vessel outside the First Narrows with a blank warning shot.

The ship was trying to make port with an incorrect signal hoisted. Almost at the same time the shot was fired she established her identity and was allowed to proceed.

The master of the ship and her pilot were credited with handling the situation skillfully and with presence of mind and no untoward developments occurred.

MILL BAY FERRY	
BRANTWOOD	MILL BAY
8:00 A.M.	8:30 A.M.
10:00 A.M.	10:30 A.M.
2:00 P.M.	2:30 P.M.
4:00 P.M.	4:30 P.M.
6:00 P.M.	6:30 P.M.
8:00 P.M.	8:30 P.M.
11:00 A.M.	11:30 A.M.

SALTSPRING ISLAND
FERRY

DAILY SAILINGS

DAILY EXCEPT WEDNESDAYS
Lv. Fulford Harbor 8:15 A.M.
Lv. Swartz Bay 5:00 P.M.

Fares

Automobiles (including driver).....75c to \$1.50
Passengers.....25c
Trucks (including driver).....\$1.25 to \$2.00
Motorcycles (including driver).....50c

For Further Information and Motor Coach Connections:
Phone E 1177 - E 1178

GULF ISLANDS FERRY CO.
LIMITED

Flag Officers Re-Elected



COMMODORE E. P. ASHE

VICE-COMMODORE E. PEPLER

Commodore E. P. ("Ned") Ashe, who has been at the helm of the Royal Victoria Yacht Club for the past two years, was unanimously re-elected for a third term by the members of the club at their annual meeting last night. Colonel Eric Pepler, D.S.O., and F. C. Holden, retiring vice-commodore and rear-commodore, respectively, also were returned to office by acclamation.

SHIP THROUGH
VLADIVOSTOKGermany Said to Be Receiving
Supplies Via Russian
Siberian Port

The Russian Pacific port of Vladivostok has become the important

center for huge quantities of Germany's war supplies and this Siberian centre is expanding daily as a depot through which the Reich is receiving copper and molybdenite as well as other commodities, the so sorely needs to supply her army, according to information reaching Victoria from San Francisco.

News, not altogether confirmed in the California port, but given almost unanimous credence there, is that plans have already been completed whereby Soviet authorities in ship-

ments of origin will issue a "transit licence" permitting the goods to travel to Germany through Russia via Vladivostok or across the Iran or Afghanistan frontiers. These licences are said to be similar to the "navicerts" recently imposed on neutral shipping by Great Britain.

In order to handle these shipments Russia has opened an office in Berlin. It is known as "Handelsvertretung U.S.S.R. in Deutschland."

LANDED GOLD

That San Francisco and other Pacific Coast ports will be visited by Soviet freighters at regular intervals following the recent visit of the motor freighter Kim is regarded as certain. This ship arrived at the Golden Gate a week ago, bringing among her cargo \$6,500,000 in gold bullion. It was said the shipment was not insured in transit. The Kim later loaded at Manzanillo, Mexico, and cleared for Vladivostok.

The stay of the Kim at the California port divulged little information for general public consumption. Other advices from California state

Russian purchases—largely of metals—from the United States are running more than \$1,000,000 a month higher than 1939. The Soviet is employing the Pacific as the highway for this trade, shipping practically everything from the west coast to Vladivostok.

IMPORTANT PORT

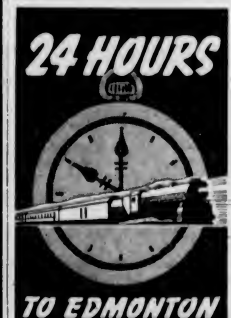
An official of the Amorg Trading Corporation, the Russian purchasing agency, states: "Shipments are made by water to the Far East because of the reduced cost." One of the by-products of the increased trade of Russian purchases is the sudden emergence of the ancient Mexican "sor" of Manzanillo into international importance.

Manzanillo is being used these days as a haven of transshipping. Freighters destined for Vladivostok are met at the Mexican wharves by United States ships bearing cargoes. There the cargoes are shifted and the Russian boats start out for Vladivostok while the American vessels go back for more metals.

Appointed Agent
At Mission

W. S. MACDONALD

FORMERLY operator in the Vancouver yard offices, W. S. MacDonald is now agent of the Canadian Pacific Railway at Mission, where he succeeded George V. Ogilvie, who became agent at New Westminster. The new Mission agent, except for three years overseas during the last war, has been an operator and agent of the British Columbia district since 1909, when he joined at Nelson. He has served on the Nelson, Revelstoke and Vancouver divisions. For the past fifteen years he has been operator at New Westminster and Vancouver.



24 HOURS

TO EDMONTON

The route of THE CONTINENTAL LIMITED to the Alberta capital is the short, direct route. Leave Vancouver 7:15 p.m. nightly, you're there 24 hours later. Only a one-day trip. Accommodation to suit all purposes from de luxe day coaches to drawing rooms. Save time, save money on THE CONTINENTAL LIMITED.

Connects with 1:55 p.m. boat from Victoria.

TICKETS—CHAS. F. PARLE, D.P.A.

911 Government Street, Phone Empire 7127

CANADIAN NATIONAL RAILWAYS

During the same period, March 15 to 23, bargain fares will also go on sale for travel from Prairie points to British Columbia.

STARTING ON
NEW SERVICEGroup of U.S. Railroads Will
Inaugurate Train-Auto
Schedule May 1

An entirely new travel service, consolidating the high speed of the modern railroad train with the mobility of the private automobile, will be inaugurated May 1 by eleven leading railroads.

Complete arrangements for this train-auto service, which will place 2,000 current model five-passenger sedans at the disposal of railroad passengers in more than 150 key cities throughout the West, have been made between Railway Extension Incorporated and the following rail lines:

Burlington Lines, Chicago & Eastern Illinois, Chicago, Milwaukee, St. Paul & Pacific, Chicago & Northwestern, Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis & Omaha, Great Northern, Illinois Central, Northern Pacific, Rock Island Lines, Santa Fe System Lines and Union Pacific Railroad.

Announcement of the new "train-auto" service was made yesterday by H. W. Siddall, chairman of the Trans-Continental Western Passenger Association, on behalf of the participating railroads.

The magnitude of the project is emphasized by the fact that the railroads participating represent a total of more than 100,000 miles. Main headquarters of Railroad Extension Incorporated will be in Chicago, with branch offices in many western cities. It is understood that several popular makes of automobiles will be used in the equipment setup and that current models will be supplied each year.

MADE IN ADVANCE

Under the train-auto plan a traveler may arrange for an automobile before leaving his home town, or after reaching the key city where he wishes to engage it. Advance reservations will, of course, assure the car being available when wanted. Railway Extension representatives will meet the passenger upon arrival of his train, where final arrangements are made. The basis of rates for the automobiles, which includes gasoline, oil and maintenance as well as insurance protection, will be as follows:

Eight cents a mile, subject to following minimum mileage: Per hour, ten miles; 80 cents; twenty-four-hour day, 135 miles; \$10.80; week, 350 miles; \$28; twenty-four-hour day after first week, fifty miles; \$4; six and half cents a mile subject to minimum of 1,000 miles per week, \$65.

The rental will be the same whether one or five persons occupy the automobile, and where passengers do not have an identification card a deposit will be required.

RUSSIAN CRAFT
RETURNS SOUTHNo Visitors Permitted to
Board Freighter Which
Sighted Seattle

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 17 (AP).—The Vladimir Mayakovsky, second Russian freighter in this port since the start of the European War, docked today with strict orders against visitors.

Marine sources said it went "with-in sight" of Seattle, after leaving Los Angeles with a cargo of molybdenum concentrate February 8, and then proceeded south without stopping in Puget Sound. There was no explanation of the trip.

The ship was understood to have taken on copper ore at Manzanillo, Mexico. Its agents, General Steamship Company, said it was here for stores and provisions and "a little engine repair work." They said it would leave for Vladivostok "in a few days."

LOW FARES FOR
HOLIDAY PERIODCanadian Railways Offering Bargain
Tickets to Points as Far
East as Port Arthur

Coinciding with the Easter holiday period, bargain fares from practically all points in British Columbia will be offered by the Canadian National and Canadian Pacific Railways, March 15 to 23 inclusive. It is announced by J. A. Brase, secretary Canadian Passenger Association.

Tickets will be good for travel in coach, tourist and standard sleeping cars upon payment of berth charges. Tickets will carry a final return limit of thirty days.

Travel will be to all points in Alberta, Saskatchewan, Manitoba and Ontario as far east as Port Arthur and Armstrong, Ont., with stopover privileges at all points en route. This affords a fine opportunity for a Spring holiday in the Rocky Mountain playgrounds where skiing, particularly, will be at its finest.

During the same period, March 15 to 23, bargain fares will also go on sale for travel from Prairie points to British Columbia.

A MAN'S
Good looks
ISN'T ALL "FACE"

Your suit is the "frame" in which you constantly appear in public. Naturally so important a garment requires professional care that will keep it looking its best.

We advise "Sanitone" cleaning, the cleaning that keeps your wardrobe in perfect condition.



Man's Suit
Cleaned \$1.00
Plain Dress
Cleaned \$1.00

NEW
METHODTELEPHONE
GR 6166ADJOURNS UNTIL
NEXT WEDNESDAYCounsel Expected to Begin Summing
Up Their Arguments When
Salmon Inquiry Resumes

VANCOUVER, Feb. 17 (CP).—The Royal Commission investigating certain phases of the province's fishing industry stands adjourned until next Wednesday.

The last witness was Benjamin F. Reno, Jr., of Bellingham, Wash., member of the Washington State Legislature, who told the commission that the economic factor was the chief argument in favor of restoring fish traps in the State of Washington.

He said that last year fishing had fallen to sixteenth place in state industry, while, in 1934, the year the traps were outlawed, fishing was in third place.

Counsel will sum up their arguments when the commission meets Wednesday.

FINN LONGSHOREMEN
HELP LOAD RUSSIAN
VESSEL WITH WHEAT

LONGVIEW, Feb. 17 (AP).—The Russian freighter Friedrich Engels finished loading 4,850 tons of wheat at Longview grain elevator today—with Finnish longshoremen assisting in the loading—and planned to sail for Seattle this afternoon after taking on the last of 30,000 gallons of fuel oil for the return trip to Siberia.

The three-day visit of the Soviet ship has been without incident.

MAIL AND SHIPS

WEATHER REPORT
VICTORIA—Overcast, showers, south, moderate, 28-32; rough.
LENARD ISLAND—Cloudy, showers, south, 28-32; heavy swell.
PACIFIC—Cloudy, south, light, 28-32; heavy swell.
CARMANAH—Part cloudy; east, light, 28-32; heavy swell.

COASTING CRAFT

VICTORIA-VANCOUVER—Sa. Princess Kathleen or Sa. Princess Marguerite will leave Victoria for Vancouver daily at 8:30 a.m. Sa. Princess Kathleen or Sa. Princess Marguerite will arrive Vancouver daily at 1:30 p.m. Sa. Princess Kathleen or Sa. Princess Marguerite will leave Vancouver daily at 8:30 a.m. Sa. Princess Kathleen or Sa. Princess Marguerite will arrive Victoria daily at 1:30 p.m. Sa. Princess Kathleen or Sa. Princess Marguerite will leave Victoria daily for Seattle at 8:30 a.m. Sa. Princess Kathleen or Sa. Princess Marguerite will arrive Seattle daily at 1:30 p.m. Sa. Princess Kathleen or Sa. Princess Marguerite will leave Seattle daily for Victoria at 8:30 a.m. Sa. Princess Kathleen or Sa. Princess Marguerite will arrive Victoria daily at 1:30 p.m. Sa. Princess Kathleen or Sa. Princess Marguerite will leave Victoria daily for Port Angeles at 8:30 a.m. Sa. Princess Kathleen or Sa. Princess Marguerite will arrive Port Angeles daily at 1:30 p.m. Sa. Princess Kathleen or Sa. 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Hours: 9 to 12 A.M., school days. Excellent opportunity
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MUNICIPAL CLERK, ROYAL OAK, B.C.
Applications Close Noon, February 26

TRINITY COLLEGE OF MUSIC
London, England
Applications for Examination in All Branches of Music and Elocution,
Practical and Paper Work, Should Be Filed on or Before Saturday, March
18. Entry Forms, Syllabus and All Information May Be Procured From the
Local Secretary, Mary McCoy Jamieson, 270 M., 1001 Paul Bay Road,
Victoria.

RECALLING OFFICERS
WASHINGTON, Feb. 17 (AP)—The
United States War Department is
preparing to recall 300 retired offi-
cers to active duty in connection

MORE RESCUES AND LAUNCHES

Lifeboatmen of R.N.L.I. Has
Busiest Year in History
Of Institution

Lifeboats were launched more
often in 1939 and more lives were
rescued from shipwreck in waters
surrounding the British Isles than
ever before in the history of the
lifeboat service, according to ad-
visers received here by Major F. V.
Longstaff, coast correspondent for
the Royal National Lifeboat Insti-
tution.

Lifeboats were launched 677 times,
and the R.N.L.I. gave rewards for
the rescue of 1,336 lives. The pre-
vious largest number of launches
was 455 in 1938, while the previous
largest number of lives rescued was
1,348 in 1917.

By far the greater number of the
launches made, and the lives re-
scued, happened since the out-
break of war. From September 3 to
the end of the year there were 411
launches and 1,101 rescues.

IN LAST WAR
During the last war twenty-one
lives were rescued from shipwreck
every week. So far during the
present war sixty-four have been
rescued each week.

During the year the institution
awarded twenty-four medals for
gallantry to lifeboatmen at St.
Ives, Cloughy (County Down),
Cromer, Walton-on-the-Naze,
Whitby, Yarmouth (Isle of Wight)
and the Humber.

Seventeen new motor lifeboats
were completed and sent to the
coast during the year 1939, and ten
more are under construction at the
present time. There are now 145
motor lifeboats and fifteen pulling
and sailing lifeboats round the
coasts of Great Britain and Ireland.

SETTLE RATE FOR LUMBER

Continued from Page 1
St. Lawrence ports are now being
worked out.

FOUR TRAINS DAILY
To carry 50,000,000 feet of timber
across Canada per month will re-
quire four additional trains a day,
with the work equally divided be-
tween the two systems. Each train
would average thirty-five open flat
or box cars.

Transportation cost is being borne
by the British Timber Control
Board which is buying the timber
for delivery at British Columbia
railway sidings. More than 400,000-
000 feet is ready for shipment, and
a spokesman for the Timber Control
Board emphasized that this quan-
tity was only part of what the British
Columbia would supply, as the ar-
rangement planned a total monthly
shipment to Great Britain by rail
and water and the all-water routes
of 100,000,000 feet a month.

Wendell Fair, of Vancouver, re-
presenting the British Timber Con-
trol Board and the British Colum-
bia lumber interests; Alastair Fraser,
chief counsel for the Canadian Na-
tional, and George Stephen, C.P.R.
vice-president, are conferring in
Ottawa today working out final de-
tails of the arrangements.

WILL GIVE ADDRESS ON "THE FAR EAST"

Professor H. P. Angus will lecture
on "The Scene in the Far East" to-
morrow evening at 8:15 o'clock in
the Central Junior High School,
under the auspices of the University
Extension Association. Professor
Angus is in the department of eco-
nomics at the University of British
Columbia. He recently attended the
conference of the Institute of Pacific
Relations at Virginia Beach, where
the general object was a further
study of the Sino-Japanese struggle
and its implications. A large dele-
gation of Canadians, under Dr. W.
Dafre, of Winnipeg, as chairman, at-
tended this conference. Professor
Angus was the only representative
from British Columbia.

Famous Airways Pilot Has Died

BRISTOL, England, Feb. 18 (CP).—
Captain Frederick Dismore, forty-
seven, Imperial Airways pilot who
had flown 1,250,000 miles without
losing a passenger, died Saturday.
He won acclaim in 1931 when he
safely landed the English Channel
air liner Hannibal, then one of the
largest commercial planes in the
world, in a small field near Ton-
bridge. A storm had stopped three
of his four engines. The plane
barely missed a house and the
sheared off its tail but the eighteen
passengers were uninjured.

STORE CARRIES INDIAN WOOLENS

Indian Craft Shop Opens in New
Location, Shows Indian Goods
And Novelties Featured

A store that is familiar to old-
timers as "Willie's Grocery," but
latterly known as The Indian Craft
Shop, has now been moved to a
new location. For approximately
sixty years the business was con-
ducted at 537 Johnson Street, but
in order to serve his patrons from
a more central location, Frank
Cross, the proprietor, has opened
the premises at 1239 Broad Street.

Here is displayed a complete se-
lection of Indian sweaters, socks,
and all classes of knitted goods,
together with Indian-carved novelties,
totem poles and beautifully-
worked baskets.

The sweaters and woolen goods
are made by Vancouver Island
Indians especially for the store, only
the finest grade of pure wool being
used, with nothing but the natural
colors and no dye in the cleverly
worked patterns.

Carved totems and baskets come
from the reservations up the Coast,
while the lovely buckskin moccasins
and hunting jackets are brought
down from the Stuart Lake country.

SAYS DISCOVERY WILL ALTER IDEAS

Continued from Page 1

Maori tribes of the New Zealand
group and adjacent islands.
In 1926 Heyerdahl and his young
wife journeyed to the South Seas
to combine a honeymoon with a
scientific expedition. They visited
several of the islands of the Tu-
amotu group, Tahiti, and finally
settled on the lonely island of the
Marquesas group.

For a year they lived there, having
as their only neighbor a cannibal
who had his grave prepared for the
time he felt death approaching.

It was here they found large stone
carvings, apparently constructed in
some bygone age.

HOSTILE NATIVES
The honeymoon turned suddenly
into a flight from hostile natives,
however, and during their last three
weeks on the island their home was
a tiny cave.

Heyerdahl believes that his studies
on that island provided him with
the clue of the Easter Island mys-
tery.

The young couple returned to Eu-
rope for further study on the subject
and then moved to Canada, where
he has devoted much time to a study
of Indian life and history.

Several weeks ago, in the course
of his research for stone carvings,
Heyerdahl discovered what appears
to be the council place of an ancient
Bella Coola Indian tribe. It is lo-
cated some fifteen miles up the
Bella Coola River from here.

A flight of stone steps leads up
from the river's edge to a small
amphitheatre, decorated with stone
carvings.

He plans to stay in Bella Coola
until he has completed his study
on the subject of natives of the Pacific
area.

RESTORING CASTLES OF ANCIENT RULERS

GONDAR, Feb. 17 (AP).—The It-
alian Government is restoring the
castles of ancient Ethiopian rulers.
Reconstruction of many of the so-
called "Portuguese castles," built by
half-castes from Goa for the em-
perors who reigned before 1632 and
the middle of the eighteenth cen-
tury is expected to help make Gon-
dar, near beautiful Lake Tana, a
tourist centre.

SCOUT NEWS

NORTH QUADRA
meeting of the North Quadra Bay
Scouts Association meeting on Fri-
day night. After inspection, Scouts
retired to the corners of the hall
and carried out a charade on one
of the Scout laws. First aid in-
struction and games followed. A short
address was given by Scoutmaster
G. Sherman. The meeting closed
with the Lord's Prayer.

ST. MARY'S TROOP
About thirty Scouts and leaders
attended the meeting of St. Mary's
Troop on Friday evening, which was
opened by Deputy Patrol Leader W.
Rourke. Following inspection and
roll-call there was a programme of
games and instruction. During the
meeting Aubrey Bell was invested
as a Scout and Bernard Bing was
given his pioneer badge, and one
year service star. The annual group
parents' meeting will be held in the
Oak Bay Municipal Hall at 8 p.m. on
Monday, February 19. Parents of
all members of the group are urged
to attend.

Patient: "What can I take to re-
duce redness of my nose?"
Doctor: "Nothing, especially be-
tween meals."

City and District

Ward Four Ratepayers—The Ward
Four Sanic ratepayers will hold
their monthly meeting in Marigold
Hall tomorrow at 8 p.m.

Is Remanded—Charged in the
city police court yesterday with
stealing an overcoat from Clarence
Sluggert on Friday, Ted Stephens
pleaded not guilty and was re-
manded until Monday for trial.

New Dwelling—J. White secured a
\$1,700 city building permit yesterday
to construct a four-room dwelling
at 2917 Cedar Hill Road. The house
will measure 24 x 30 feet, with siding,
walls, fir floors and an attached
garage.

Pay Tribute—Tribute to the mem-
ory of Lindsey Grease, K.C., one of
the oldest members of the Royal
Victoria Yacht Club, was paid in a
standing vote by members of the
club at the annual general meeting
last night.

City Building—Nine permits for
new construction and alterations
valued at \$6,235 were issued by the
city building inspector's department
during the past week. The permits
included a dwelling to cost \$3,000,
and another being erected at a cost
of \$1,700.

Fire in Bedroom—Slight damage
was done by a fire which broke out
in a bedroom of a house at 1917
Quadra Street a few minutes before
10 o'clock last night. Firemen re-
ported curtains and interior decora-
tions were damaged, but no serious
loss resulted.

Purse Stolen—Mrs. W. Lee, 1310
Government Street, told police that
a customer in her shop stole her
purse containing \$50 and a cheque
for \$720 when she walked to the
rear of the premises late Friday
afternoon. She was able to furnish
police with a good description of
the thief.

Struck by Snag—W. J. Jackson, at
work at Camp 1 east of Alberni,
Pacific Lumber Company, near Al-
berni, succumbed after injuries re-
ceived when he was struck by a fall-
ing snag in logging operations, the
Provincial Police reported yesterday.
Inquest was ordered and will be held
on Monday at Port Alberni.

Have Skilled Trades—Canadians
and others resident in the United
States or in other provinces should
save themselves the expense of com-
ing to British Columbia in an effort
to find work on ship construction
contracts here. Hon. G. B. Pearson
said yesterday, as an employment of-
ficer, have rosters of all trades
needed for this work.

Eight Fined—Two motorists were
each fined \$10 in the city police
court for speeding past school zones.
Another paid a fine of \$10 for ex-
ceeding the speed limit. Three were
each fined \$25 for parking over the
hour limit. One paid a fine of \$25
for failing to have a rear light illu-
minated. One was fined \$5 for ig-
noring a stop sign.

City's Temperatures—Maximum
and minimum temperature readings
yesterday at the Dominion Meteor-
ological Observatory on Gonzales Hill
were 51 and 41 degrees, respectively.
The maximum temperature at Vic-
toria College yesterday was the same
as at Gonzales and the minimum
one degree above the Observatory figure.

Killed in Fall—Matt Pello, em-
ployed by the Consolidated Mining &
Smelting Company at Kimberley, fell
to his death yesterday morning when
he was hit by a falling log while at
work near Kimberley. He leaves a
widow and two children.

Set Speed Limits—In a plan to
curb accidents on the Island Lake Road,
Provincial Police announced
yesterday that motor patrols would
insist upon restricted speeds between
the city limits and Thirt Lake Road.
The thirty-mile-an-hour limit
from the city limits to Craigflower
School, twenty miles an hour at the
Craigflower Bridge turn, and thirty
again on Four Mile Hill. The zones
will be clearly marked, it was stated.

Parking Hearing—Sitting as a
committee of the whole with Mayor
Andrew McGavin in the chair, the
City Council will meet at 7:30
o'clock Tuesday night to hear a
delegation from the Burnside Par-
ent-Teacher Association on plans
for a Burnside School auditorium.
The committee will also hear Retail
Merchants' executive of the Cham-
ber of Commerce on parking prob-
lems, and any other organizations
or individuals who wish to be heard
on the question.

Voters' List Up—Subject to con-
firmation at courts of revision to fol-
low, lists with 34,821 names were
turned in to Sydney Child, returning
officer, by 368 enumerators who
worked on the house-to-house can-
vass of eligible voters in the Victoria
Federal riding, it was announced yes-
terday. This compares with 29,902
names on the lists that were abo-
lished when the general election was
called, and indicated an increase of
some 5,919 eligible voters here. Mr.
Child said. The names will be
checked at the courts of revision in
March.

Ministers Convalescing—Three
members of the Provincial Cabinet
are convalescing at the Victoria
Hotel. They are Mr. J. A. McPherson,
Mr. J. A. McPherson, and Mr. J. A.
McPherson.

Free After Death—The most detailed and de-
tailed study on the certainty of im-
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alkaline, and a very mild laxative and
intestinal antiseptic. These are con-
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Yeast to your diet? Scientists
say it is so helpful because it
gives vitamins together with the
action of fresh yeast itself.

The fresh yeast stimulates slug-
gish digestive activity and speeds
the assimilation of food. Tests in
laboratories show this is an ac-
tion of yeast itself—quite distinct
from known vitamin action.

The vitamins are needed to
build up steady nerves and to
build up vitality.
Only in Fleischmann's High-
Vitamin-Yeast can you get such
an abundant supply of the 4 im-
portant vitamins, A, B, D and
G, and all the vitamins of the
amazing Vitamin B Complex.

Eat 2 cakes a day. See if you
don't soon find your nerves are
steadier, you feel better, you
have more pep.

Let this Fresh Yeast
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Fleischmann's HIGH-VITAMIN YEAST
Made in Canada

Hon. R. J. Manion
WILL ADDRESS A
PUBLIC MEETING
ON
Tuesday, Feb. 20, at 2 P.M.
AT THE
**Chamber of Commerce
Auditorium**

PERSONAL ITEMS and SOCIAL HAPPENINGS

Clubs and Societies

Duncan W.A.

The United Church W.A. met at the home of Mrs. M. A. Hutchison on Friday afternoon, Mrs. T. C. Robson, president, in the chair. Devotional exercises were led by Mrs. Harry Clark, assisted by Mrs. Robert Mann. A tribute was paid to the memory of Lord Tweeddale, and silent prayer offered for Lady Tweeddale and family. Reports were received from the various circles, visiting committee and Red Cross convener. Mrs. E. W. Lee presented the financial report. Mrs. C. B. Maina was appointed W.A. representative on the church hall committee, and Mrs. Clark and Mrs. J. L. Maitland for the church building committee. Plans were completed for the "Casseroles" supper to be held on March 8, the supper convener to be Mrs. Clark and Mrs. Maina. Mrs. George Lee, a member who has been ill in St. Joseph's Hospital, Victoria, was reported better. The Martha Circle will arrange the church decorations for March. Mrs. Hutchison, assisted by Mrs. A. Chalmers and Miss Rose Hutchison, served refreshments.

Cheminus Circle

The regular meeting of the Mission Circle of the Cheminus Baptist Church was held at the home of Mrs. John Robinson. The meeting was opened by Mrs. Bristow. Plans were made for the St. Patrick's Day tea, to be held at the home of Mrs. E. M. Cook, on Thursday, March 14. Mrs. Wylie was appointed tea convener, and Miss M. Robinson and Miss W. Wylie, candy and home cooking stall convener. A letter of thanks was received from Miss Lockhart, Madras presidency, India, for a bale. The theme of the programme of the meeting was "The key of sacrificial service to open doors for India's rural millions." The devotional period was taken by Mrs. Patterson, and a short introduction was given by Mrs. Bristow. Mrs. Dafoe spoke on "A Walk Through a Village Street." Mrs. Perry gave a word text. At the close of the ceremony a birthday cake was presented to Mrs. J. R. Robinson. The next meeting is to be held at the home of Mrs. Bristow.

Golden Link Auxiliary

The Golden Link Auxiliary of First United Church met recently at the home of Rev. F. H. A. and Mrs. McLeod, with Miss Kate Lohman's circle in charge, and the president, Mrs. J. A. Skelton, in the chair. Rev. F. R. G. Dredge of Oak Bay United Church spoke on "Prayer." Mrs. Newcomb, matron of the United Church Home for Girls at Burnaby, spoke briefly. The members stood in silent tribute to the memory of Mrs. F. Calver. Two solos were sung by Miss Carol Menzies, who was accompanied on the piano by Miss Jessie Smith. Miss J. Ratray reported that the Red Cross Society needed shirts for soldier patients in the Jubilee Hospital. Material was distributed to the members to make into hospital shirts. Rev. H. A. McLeod commented on Mr. Dredge's address. Mrs. N. M. McKillop made the vote of thanks to the speaker and artists. Refreshments were served.

Daughters of England

Lodge Princess Alexandra, No. 18, Daughters of England, met on Thursday, Mrs. F. Howe presiding. Mrs. A. M. James, district deputy, was present. A standing tribute was paid to the memory of the late Governor-General. Special prayers were given for those on active service. An invitation from Pride of the Island Lodge, Sons of England, to see moving pictures, at 9 o'clock on Tuesday, February 27, in the S.O.E. Hall. Arrangements were made for a social evening to be held at the home of Mrs. Pretwell, the Armory, Bay Street, on Thursday, March 14, at 7:30 p.m. The annual dedication service will be held in the Lodge room on Thursday, April 18. Election for the office of district deputy will take place at the quarterly meeting on March 21. The next meeting of the lodge will be held on Thursday, March 7, at the close of the house-house will be played.

Qu-Alex Girls' Club

The regular meeting of the W.B.A. Qu-Alex Girls' Club was held on Friday evening at the home of Mrs. C. Yeamans, 616 Lampton Street. The president, Mrs. M. Thorstenson, was in the chair. Misses Cid-

dora Sylvester and Audrey Wilson were welcomed as guests. Arrangements for a concert and dance to be held in the near future were discussed. After the business session a social time was enjoyed. The "mystery box" was won by Mrs. Yeamans, and other prizes were won by Misses Edna Coates and Audrey Wilson. Misses Edna and Ruth Coates and Mrs. Thorstenson assisted their hostess when a buffet supper was served. Lovely daffodils were used in decorating the rooms. The next meeting will be held at the home of Miss Helen Atack, 1336 George Street, on Friday, March 15.

St. Matthias' Guild

Fulfilling a promise made before he started on his last trip, Mr. Herbert J. Pendergast has arranged to show his interesting and beautiful movies in technicolor at 8 o'clock next Friday evening in St. Matthias' Church Hall, Poul Bay, under the auspices of the Women's Guild. His selection of films for this travelogue will commence with his trip through the Panama Canal, Jamaica and tropical scenes, the Virgin Islands, Denmark, and Norway and Sweden. As this is the first time these films will be shown publicly in Victoria, the entertainment is anticipated with keen interest.

Pas-a-Pas Club

The Pas-a-Pas Club met recently at the home of the leader, Mrs. A. S. Christie, 1296 Richardson Street. The president, Miss Margaret Thomson, was in the chair. After the business, Mrs. Christie entertained the members. Bowls of hyacinths decorated the rooms. Refreshments were served, the hostess being assisted by Marjorie Brown, Maye Thomson, Vera Reid and May Warnock. The next meeting will be held on March 8, at the home of Mrs. E. Tucker, 2647 Mount Stephen Avenue. Mrs. M. McDougall will give a talk.

Bridge Club

Mrs. Arthur Armstrong was hostess recently to the Chislehurst Bridge Club at her home on Nicholson Street. Refreshments were served from a decorated table centred with a birthday cake, in honor of one of the members. Prizes were won by Mrs. A. Armstrong and Miss Betty Lansell. The next meeting will be held at the home of Miss Emma Mutch, Foster Street.

Typographical W.A.

The fourteenth annual banquet of the W.A. No. 65 to Typographical Union No. 201 was held recently at the home of Mrs. Chislehurst.

Married Quietly at St. Aidan's Church



—Photograph by Campbell.
GUNNER R. D. WARREN, R.C.A. AND MISS MRS. WARREN.
Who were married on Friday afternoon at St. Aidan's Church. The bride was formerly Miss Jean Frances Marchant.

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Is Helping Dry Canteen



MRS. E. W. HAMBER

Who has graciously consented to make the office of honorary president of the Three Services W.A., the recently-formed organization which is looking after the furnishing of the dry canteen, to be opened in the Duck Block, Broad Street, for the use of men of the three services. The premises, which are being cleaned and repainted, will include a large hall capable of seating 300 men, a six-bed dormitory, shower baths, kitchen and canteen, two sitting-rooms and a small library. Among the furnishings already presented, Miss Violet Wilson, the president, reported yesterday, were a billiard table, a gas stove and a radio. A tag day in aid of furnishing and equipment will be held on March 2.

cently at the home of Mrs. Chislehurst, Prior Street. Mrs. Goldwell, the new president, proposed the toast to the King. A lace cloth was presented to the retiring president, Mrs. J. Hough, and the retiring officers each received a silk dress hanger. Bridge and Chinese checkers were played, and prizes were won by Mrs. J. Hough, Mrs. W. Cross, Miss E. Chislehurst and Mrs. Drysdale.

St. Mark's W.A.

A business meeting of St. Mark's W.A. was held recently. Silent tribute was paid to the late Governor-General. Mrs. Catteridge was appointed to the office of Little Helper's secretary. A donation of money for a new book for the diocesan library was made. A programme has been arranged for the St. Patrick's concert, to be held on March 15, and arrangements were made for a daffodil tea and sale of work on April 12. Rev. O. L. Jull addressed the members.

Seamen's Institute

Through the courtesy of the visiting ships at Esquimalt, a concert will be given on Tuesday evening, February 27, at the Chamber of Commerce, beginning at 8 o'clock. The affair is being arranged in aid of the Connaught Seamen's Institute, and admission will be by ticket. The committee is looking forward to good support by the public, as much depends on their generosity to continue the work in the interests of the merchant marine.

Esquimalt Friendly Help

The annual meeting of the Esquimalt Friendly Help was held recently, with the president, Lady Barnard, in the chair. The officers were unanimously re-elected as follows: President, Lady Barnard; vice-president, Mrs. G. Sloman; treasurer, Mrs. A. A. Warder; secretary, Mrs. W. E. A. Barclay. The yearly financial statement showed receipts amounted to \$1,659.97, and disbursements, \$1,337.31.

R.C.A.S.C. Auxiliary

Wives and mothers of men serving in No. 11 detachment Royal Canadian Army Service Corps are invited to be present at a meeting to be held at the home of Mrs. Hugh Allan, 1068 Deal Street, on Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock. Plans will be made for future activities in connection with the work towards making comforts for the men, both at home and overseas.

Fidels Group

Mr. and Mrs. E. Plover, "Oakleigh" Quadra Street, were hosts to the Fidels Group of the W.A. of the Metropolitan United Church on Friday evening. Music and games were enjoyed. Mrs. Crozier Smith, in the absence of the president, Mrs. R. Heister, thanked Mr. and Mrs. Plover for the help of the guests.

Pythian Sisters

Island Temple No. 8 Pythian sisters and Far West Lodge No. 1, Knights of Pythias, held a Valentine dance in the K. of P. Hall on Thursday, attended by 130 members and friends. Refreshments were served and contests enjoyed. The proceeds were most satisfactory, and new candidates were welcomed.

St. Paul's W.A.

The sum of \$3 was voted by St. Paul's W.A. at its recent meeting, towards the delegates hospitably found, and \$1 towards the bulletin. The Red Cross sewing meetings will be discontinued until further notice.

St. Alban's Guild

The Ladies' Guild of St. Alban's Church will meet in the church

Meeting to Be Held by Auxiliary

The twenty-sixth annual meeting of the Victoria Presbytery of the Women's Missionary Society of the Presbyterian Church will be held in the Chinese and in St. Andrew's Churches on Tuesday and Wednesday. The meeting will open on Tuesday evening in the Chinese Church, Miss G. Scott, presiding, and the agenda will include reports of young women's work by Miss F. White and of the C.O.I.T. by Miss R. Rodger. The Gorge Group will give a musical number, and, after the affiliation and candle-lighting service, Mrs. F. W. Alcott, the president, will give an address. The Wednesday morning session will take place in St. Andrew's Church, starting at 10 o'clock. Committees will be appointed, greetings extended by the provincial president, reports read by the executive committee and departmental reports given. The president will bring greetings, after which luncheon will be served at the Y.W.C.A. at 12:30 o'clock.

The afternoon session will commence at 2 o'clock, when departmental reports will be continued and the Chinese work report given by Miss Scott. Miss Ruby Blythe will give an address and the new officers will be installed by Mrs. E. McQueen. At the evening session, Rev. P. McNabb will bring greetings from the Presbytery and Rev. Dr. A. S. Jamieson will give an address. Reports of musical numbers and prayer will be included in the agenda. Delegates from Up-Island branches will attend the local meetings.

RED CROSS

ROYAL OAK BRANCH

A public meeting will be held in the Royal Oak Women's Institute Hall on Monday, February 26, to elect a committee and formulate plans for Red Cross in the Elk Lake, Royal Oak, and Cortova Bay districts. Rev. Lambie will be in the chair, and the committee hopes that all those interested in assisting in the work of the Red Cross will make an effort to be present. Sir Richard Lake, honorary vice-president, and Brig-General J. G. Austin, president, will address the meeting.

PROCEEDS OF CONCERT

The honorary treasurer of the Red Cross local branch acknowledges, with thanks, receipt of \$27.73 from the St. Columba Women's Auxiliary, being part proceeds of concert given recently by members of the Royal Navy Concert Party.

HONOR MEMBER

The memory of the late Mrs. Gordon Smith was honored at a recent committee meeting of the local branch of the Red Cross Society, when those present stood in silent tribute and expressed deep sympathy with the bereaved husband, mother and relatives. Mrs. Smith, for over twenty-five years was a loyal, devoted and active worker in all branches of the Red Cross activity. Many tributes were paid to her outstanding service.

GORDON HEAD UNIT

Under the sponsorship of the Gordon Head unit of the Red Cross, a concert will be held in Gordon Head Hall on Friday, March 1, at 8 p.m. The programme will be given by the First United Church Choir and the Arion Male Voice Choir under the direction of W. C. Fyfe.

ARMY AND NAVY W.A.

The W.A. to the Army and Navy Veterans will hold a meeting on Tuesday at 8 p.m., at 717 Courtney Street.

PREVENTING UNUSUAL EXPORTS OF RUBBER

NEW YORK, Feb. 17 (AP)—Rubber dealers are making plans to co-operate with authorities in preventing unusual wartime shipments of the commodity out of the United States. The Rubber Trade Association of New York, Inc., has voted a policy of restricting re-exports of rubber to "normal" peacetime exports, normally around 400 and 500 tons a month, but which averaged about 1,000 tons the last three months. The increase gave rise to reports that shipments indirectly were going to Germany.

Celebrate Silver Wedding



—Photo by Mayes.
MR. AND MRS. C. W. REID
Who Celebrated the Twenty-Fifth Anniversary of Their Wedding at Their Home, 2659 Douglas Street, on Thursday.

... SUCCESS and Your EYESIGHT

They go hand in hand. Faulty vision is a handicap no man can afford. Strain, headaches and nervous troubles means loss of efficiency in work and play. Arm yourself against the competitive conditions of modern life.

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Plans Completed For Annual Dance

Final arrangements for the annual dance of the Y.M.C.A. Camera Club were made at the weekly meeting of the group on Friday night. The dance is to be held at the Oak Bay Theatre Hall on Thursday. A popular orchestra will be in attendance. Selden Calver's pictures, "Frog" and "Landscape," took first and second awards, respectively, and a portrait by John Noble placed third in the monthly competition. Final details of the programme for the next three months were completed.

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Make your selection at these reduced prices . . . Pay during the Summer months.
FOSTER'S FUR STORE
753 YATES STREET

Wedding to Be Held Here on March 21



—Photo by Campbell.

MISS H. E. WHEELER

Mr. and Mrs. Percy Wheeler, Hillside Avenue, announce the engagement of their youngest daughter, Helen Emily, to Mr. Frank Anderson, son of Mr. and Mrs. David Anderson, Fifth Street, the wedding to take place on March 21.

FOR ACHING TIRED FEET

Don't be a martyr to tired, aching feet! Soothe them with Zam-Buk's penetrating herbals. Every night bathe your feet in hot water. Dry carefully. Then gently massage Zam-Buk into ankles, insteps, soles and between the toes. You will be amazed how quickly you are relieved. Don't suffer foot-torture another day. Get Zam-Buk from your druggist at once and enjoy perfect foot comfort.

Use ZAM-BUK Nightly

Social Activities and Notes of Personal Interest

Social and Personal Popular Young Couple Wed Yesterday

Week-End Parties Given

Among those entertaining for Miss Ethel Bale and Mr. Ronald Noakes, who are to be married next Saturday, were Miss Dorothy Cameron, who, with Mr. Victor Gilbert, had a delightful party at her home on Foul Bay Road. The evening was spent playing a variety of amusing games and a buffet supper was served later. Mrs. J. Murray Cameron presided at the supper table, for which plum blossoms in two shades of pink in a cut-glass bowl, lighted by pink tapers in silver candelabra, formed a charming centerpiece. Plum blossom and hyacinths were effectively used in decorating the living-room also. Prior to Miss Cameron's and Mr. Gilbert's party, Mr. and Mrs. H. A. Wood were hosts at a desert party for twelve at their home on Moss Street. This afternoon, Mr. and Mrs. T. L. Sturges are entertaining at an after-five party at their home on Dublin Road. Lovely Spring blooms are being used in the reception rooms, while the table will be centred with white freesias in a Wedgwood bowl. Lighted white candles in Wedgwood holders will complete the graceful arrangement. Twenty guests will be present.

Miscellaneous Shower

A miscellaneous shower was held on Thursday evening in honor of Miss Olive English, whose marriage to Mr. Phil Moran will take place shortly. The gifts were concealed in a gaily decorated Valentine basket. The bride-to-be and her mother were presented with coronas of carnations. The evening was spent in games and singing. Refreshments were served by Miss Violet Harrison, assisted by Doreen and Joyce English. The invited guests were: Mesdames T. H. English, J. Webster, S. Phillips, J. McWilliam, R. A. English, Gorton, Sr., Robertson, Reid, F. W. Harrison, Stacey, J. Warnock, G. Gorton, C. Belcher, B. E. Harrison, T. English and Misses Olive English, Owen Dewar, Muriel Gorton, Melba Mills, Florence Robertson, June Dewar, Pye, Blanche Mannix, Ethel Savage, Nonie Mannix, Violet Harrison, Mary Harknett, Vera Burnett, Joyce Stacey, Dorothy Warnock, Doreen English and Joyce English.

Empress Supper Dance

Among the dancers at the Empress Hotel weekly supper dance last evening were Mr. G. R. Laird with a party of twelve; Mr. J. H. Wilson and a party of twelve; Mr. J. R. Nicholson with ten; Dr. J. C. Cull with ten; Mr. D. J. Angus with eight; Mr. H. Saville with six; Mrs. C. Smith with six, and Mr. J. H. Todd with six. In addition to the larger parties there were many tables reserved for four and two guests, among whom were a number from out of town. The music

featured by the orchestra included "Make Love With a Guitar," "Garden Serenade," "Apple Blossoms and Chapel Bells" and "Sweet Georgia Brown."

Valentine Party

Mrs. Dickie Bradshaw entertained recently at a Valentine party at the home of her mother, Mrs. F. J. Wood, Old Esquimalt Road, when the guests were of the newly-formed Grass Widows' Club, an organization of wives of soldiers on active service of the P.P.C.L.I. Court whist was played, prizes being won by Mrs. Watson and Mrs. G. Hendy. The supper table was decorated in a Valentine motif and the centerpiece was a silver basket of red and white carnations, silver candlesticks and red candles. Those invited were Mesdames Watson, Hendy, Kenshaw, H. Hipwood, P. Terlesky, J. Rennie, H. Kelly, G. Bell and Miss Isobel Eastick.

Birthday Party

On the occasion of her seventy-fifth birthday, Miss Margaret Irvine entertained a number of friends and relatives at her home, Cedar Hill Road, recently. She was the recipient of many gifts, including a bouquet of chrysanthemums from the W.M.S. of St. Aidan's Church, of which she is a charter member. The guests included Mesdames J. Fenerty, W. W. Moore, L. G. Scott, Creaden, W. Heal, J. Murray (Vancouver), Harker, H. Dawson, W. Tucker, P. Ridgley, W. A. Clark, C. Gray, C. F. Dawson, Misses J. C. Leine, Alice, King, Jess, Dawson, Marie Scott, Barbara Dawson and Master Gordon Scott and little Joanne Dawson.

Spring Blossom Tea

Guests numbering 300 attended the Spring Blossom tea at the Empress Hotel yesterday afternoon, including visiting hotelmen from the United States, who were delighted with the singing of Miss Winnifred Applegate, applauding her heartily. In response she sang several encores. Music and vocal numbers were appropriate to the occasion and there was an atmosphere of Spring in the floral arrangements. Great bowls of plum blossom, yellow tulips and daffodils centred the tables and were arranged about the lounge. The tea tables were covered with primrose yellow and pale green damask cloths.

Surprise Party

A delightful surprise party was given Miss Jean Dawson at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Dawson, "Rose Bank," Mount Tolmie, recently. Games, contests and dancing were enjoyed. Supper was served from a table centred with a crystal bowl of white carnations and plum blossoms. The guests included Mr. and Mrs. Harold Baker, Mr. and Mrs. Horace Daw-



Captain and Mrs. Larry Henderson Photographed as They Passed Beneath the Crossed Swords of the Guard of Honor at St. Paul's Naval and Garrison Church, Esquimalt, Yesterday Afternoon After Their Wedding. The Bride Was Formerly Miss Elise Cobbett.

son, Misses Edna Raper, Muriel Mercer, Marjorie Griffiths, Esther Wells, Olsen Griffiths, Barbara Dawson, Messrs. Gilbert Brown, Sandy Wotherpoon, Keith Sedgeman, Bob Thomson, Eddie Brown, Bill Lewis and Ray Restall.

Visiting His Parents

Mr. Bernard Fagan is visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Matthew Fagan, Atkins Road, Langford. Mr. Fagan left several years ago for England. He has produced songs in England and compositions for Bobby Martin's international orchestra. After a successful year in Holland, France and Belgium, the orchestra of which he was the agent has been playing for four months at Montreal. After a month's vacation here, Mr. Fagan plans to visit Hollywood.

Witty Kitty



The girl chum says it's no wonder a girl has a hard time keeping anything up her sleeve what with the evening clothes designed these days.

Just Arrived!
NEWEST SPRING \$12.95 to \$29
LUCIEN MOUNET
1114 BROAD STREET G 3042

From Duncan
Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Bird, of Duncan, are spending the week-end in Victoria visiting Mr. Bird's brother-in-law and sister, Mr. and Mrs. R. D. McCullough. They arranged a party at the supper dance at the Empress Hotel last evening.

Visiting Here

Dr. J. H. Macdonald, of Edmonton, who has just returned from a holiday in the Hawaiian Islands, is visiting his son-in-law and daughter, Dr. and Mrs. Andrew Turnbull, 1220 Transit Road, Oak Bay, before returning to his home.

Gifts to Bride

Prior to her wedding last night, Miss Elise Cobbett was presented by her associates at the Palm Dairies Limited with an electric waffle iron and an ice-cream cake.

Here From Seattle

Mr. and Mrs. William Hausman came over from Seattle on Friday and are spending a few days at the Empress Hotel while visiting here.

P.-T.A. Activities

MARGARET JENKINS
Margaret Jenkins P.-T.A. Association school-age study group will meet on Wednesday evening at the home of Mrs. W. W. MacDonald, 581 St. Charles Street. The topic for discussion will be "Fear and Elation in Children" led by Mrs. Pottinger.

SIR JAMES DOUGLAS
The pre-school study group will meet on Wednesday at 8 p.m. at the home of Mrs. W. O. Thorpe, 116 Cambridge Street. The subject will be "Obedience" and will be read by Mrs. A. E. Frisby.

MARGARET JENKINS
The monthly meeting of the Margaret Jenkins Parent-Teacher Association will be held in the Auditorium of the school on Tuesday at 8 p.m. Following a brief business meeting, Dr. Olga Jardine will give a talk on "Nutrition." The Girls' Glee Club, under the direction of Miss Fraser, will give musical selections. A special Valentine tea was held in the school on Friday afternoon. A number of parents and

friends were received by the president, Mrs. Pottinger. The guests were entertained with folk dances and action songs by the Primary grades, under the direction of Miss Field and Miss Haverstock. Miss Unwin, the general convener, arranged the decorative scheme and was assisted by the executive in serving tea.

At the Hotels

BEVERLEY
J. Williamson, Youbou; Mr. and Mrs. Werryweather, Edmonton; Miss Victoria, Yorktown; L. Hodgkinson, Port Alberni; Mrs. J. D. Green, Edmonton; G. P. Lesard, Gordon Head; Mr. and Mrs. A. R. Timms, Vancouver; Robert G. Foster, Main Island; S. Irving, Otter Point; Miss Nelson, R. W. Fraser, Miss I. Peck, Youbou; Mr. and Mrs. Bell, Vancouver; C. S. Madill, Prince Rupert; C. P. Lawrence, Kamloops; Mrs. B. E. Gilroy, Sidney; Mrs. W. E. White, Courtenay; D. W. Wormold, Port Alberni; G. Cameron, Vancouver; W. N. Heslin, Mission City; J. Armstrong, Pender Island; G. O. Robinson, John Brown, Mrs. P. Browner, Vancouver.

Garrison Church Scene Of Interesting Wedding

Miss Elise Cobbett and Captain Larry Henderson Married Yesterday at Esquimalt—Couple Will Spend Honeymoon at Banff

Beautiful Spring sunshine graced the wedding of Helena Elise, elder daughter of Major and Mrs. Hugh Cobbett, Orchard Avenue, and Captain Lawrence Sinclair Henderson, youngest son of the late Mr. G. A. Henderson and Mrs. Henderson, Grafton Street, Esquimalt, which was solemnized in St. Paul's Naval and Garrison Church at 1 o'clock yesterday afternoon. The church was fragrant with flowers. Calla lilies were arranged on the altar and peach blossom, pussy willows and lilies banded the chancel rails and filled tall baskets at each side of the chancel steps. Rev. Arthur Bischoffberger performed the ceremony, and the organist was in attendance.

Owing to the absence of her father, the bride was given in marriage by Major W. R. Stone, and looked lovely in a princess frock of pale pink beige flecked crepe worn with a nut-brown fitted coat and a tiny model beige felt hat trimmed with a veil and brown grain-ribbon. She carried an arm bouquet of bridal roses and freesias.

Miss Diana Cobbett was her sister's bridesmaid in a sea foam green crepe frock similar to that of the bride, worn with a coat in a deeper shade and a Queen Elizabeth model hat in the darker green shade. She carried an arm bouquet of crimson roses. Lieut. Charles

Fraser was best man, and the ushers were Captain John Rockingham and Captain Lewis Rounding. Victorian posies marked the guest pews. As the bridal couple left the church they passed between a guard of honor formed by brother officers of the bridegroom in the Canadian Scottish Regiment.

An informal reception was held at the home of the bride's mother, where plum blossom, calla lilies and pink snapdragons were charmingly arranged in the drawing-room. Mrs. Cobbett, in a becoming frock of black crepe with a shoulder yoke of gold-embroidered net and a small model hat of soft black straw with a roll brim trimmed with roses of straw, welcomed about fifty guests, assisted by Mrs. Henderson in a black ensemble with touches of silver and a white-crowned black hat. They wore shoulder bouquets of golden roses and gardenias, respectively. After the toasts, the bride cut the cake which centred the refreshment table in the dining-room, which was arranged with vases of Calla lilies.

Captain and Mrs. Henderson left by airplane for Vancouver during the afternoon, the bride wearing a fur coat over her wedding outfit as she drove away. After participating in the winter sports at Banff they will take up residence in the Georgian Apartments, Moss Street.

I.O.D.E. Activities

Bishop Cridge Chapter
The monthly and annual meeting of the Bishop Cridge Ministering Chapter will be held at the home of Mrs. E. E. Wootton, 1255 Victoria Avenue, on Tuesday at 2:30 p.m.

Dr. O. M. Jones Chapter
Dr. O. M. Jones Chapter will meet for knitting at the home of Mrs. E. Colgate, 38 Wellington Avenue, on Wednesday at 2 p.m.

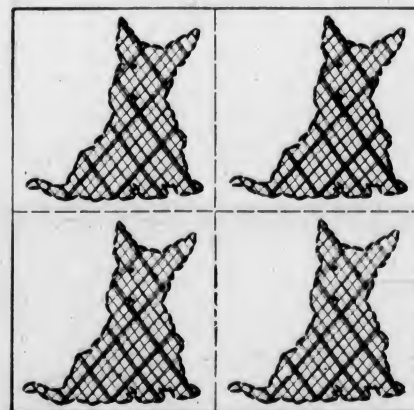
Municipal Chapter
The Municipal Chapter will meet on Thursday at the headquarters at 2 p.m.

Douglas Chapter
The Valentine tea, postponed on account of the death of Lord Tweedsmuir, will be held under the auspices of the Sir James and Lady Douglas Chapter on Wednesday afternoon at the home of Mrs. A. S. Christie, Richardson Street. A good programme has been arranged and there will be stalls of candy. The public is invited.

C.G.I.T. NOTES

VALENTINE PARTY
The Gorge Presbyterian C.G.I.T. entertained the James Bay C.G.I.T. at a Valentine party on Wednesday. Games and amusements were enjoyed and refreshments were served from a table decorated appropriately for St. Valentine's Day. Those present were: Misses M. Fleming, Elva Wheeler, president; Betty Carr, Babs Chambers, Ellen Crowther, Doreen Patterson, Nancy Robe, Joy Sprinkling, Joan Stewart

Today's Popular Design By Carol Aimes



DESIGN No. 722—SCOTTIE QUILT
A little Scotch in one's bedroom will never be frowned upon if it comes in the shape of this fetching applique quilt.
I think this is one of the quaintest designs I have seen in a long time, and I know you will have finished your quilt long before you have tired of it. The little Scottie would be quite attractive done in solid colors on a pale ground, but if you should make him from small scraps of cotton plaid, he would be a "braw lad" indeed.
The pattern includes cut-out of the design, instructions for appliqueing each block, and full directions for finishing the quilt.

PATTERN ORDER FORM
To be used when ordering patterns. Enclose 15c, coins preferred.
To: The Daily Colonist, Victoria, B.C.
Pattern Department.
Design No. 722
Name _____
Address _____
Patterns Available by Mail Only
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1400 GOVERNMENT ST. PHONE G 1111

JUST ARRIVED!
NEW SHIPMENT OF
TRILITES
AND SHADES
\$9.95
B.C. ELECTRIC
Look at Your Heels
Everyone Else Does
Expert Repairs on Any Type of Shoe
Free Collection and Delivery
Pantorium
DYE WORKS
FORT at QUADRA E 7155

Have Those Pictures Framed Now

We do excellent framing at reasonable charges and carry a large assortment of moulds and matts.

The Red Cross Workshop
564 B JOHNSON STREET (Just Below Government)

To Any Point on the Island SHIP BY TRUCK
We Operate on 15 SCHEDULED TRIPS DAILY
SPECIAL TRIPS BY ARRANGEMENT
Island Freight Service, Ltd.
514 Cormorant St. Phone G 8188

Why not a Fashionable FIGURE?
You too, can help retain an attractive figure, and help keep in radiant health by taking Bile Beans at bed-time. Bile Beans are purely vegetable. They tone up the system, cleanse the blood, and remove all food residues thus helping to keep your figure youthful. 50c box C. E. Farnham Limited, Toronto
BILE BEANS

JUST SAY "CHARGE IT!"
For Spring smartness and freshness choose from our selection of charming
Afternoon Frocks
JUST RECEIVED
\$8.95
Plume Shop, Ltd.
747 YATES STREET E 5621

ROYAL OAK
There were seven tables in play at the Valentine five hundred party in the Institute Hall on Wednesday evening, when prizes were won by Mrs. Langrish and Mr. E. R. Heal, Mrs. M. Phillips and Mr. H. Higgin. Refreshments were served at the close of the game by Miss Oldfield, Mrs. Huk and Mrs. Oliver.

FOR SPRING NEW, SMART STYLES OF VITALITY FOOTWEAR ARE HERE MUNDAY'S
1203 DOUGLAS STREET

New Waterproof Watch
For Only \$19.50
TERMS
For the Soldier, Sailor, Airman—for the man who roughs it!
ROSE'S
JEWELERS-OPTICIANS
1317 DOUGLAS STREET

Children Have Keener Taste
Because children have a keener sense of taste they often refuse ill-tasting medicines. This difficulty may be avoided by giving VINO-COD-OL, a palatable extract of Cod Liver, rich in Vitamin "D" and phosphorus. It is especially valuable as a tonic for children subject to coughs. 84c at all Cunningham Drug Stores and other drug stores.

HBC
Visit "The Bay's" BEAUTY SALON
Try Our NEW SPRING CUSTOM CURL CUT
The smartest hair-cut and hair-do to wear with all the new Spring hats. Moderately priced—combination hair-cut and coiffure by our experts. Consultation gratis.
Use your "Bay" charge account.
Beauty Salon, Mezzanine Floor at THE BAY

Anglican Young People

ST. JOHN'S
St. John's A.Y.P.A. will hold its regular meeting on Tuesday at 8 p.m. in the A.Y.P.A. room. Several members of the Victoria and District Local Council will be present and will conduct a quiz programme.

ST. MATTHIAS
St. Matthias' Branch visited the Cathedral Branch recently to hear a lecture on the Amsterdam Conference by Peggy Forrest. Tomorrow evening a debate will be held at St. Luke's Church, Cedar Hill, and on Wednesday the branch will visit St. Mary's Church to hear a lecture by Mr. Ben Drew.

LANGFORD-COLWOOD
A meeting of the Langford-Colwood branch of the Anglican Young People's Association will be held tomorrow evening in the Legion Hall, Langford.

Hudson's Bay Company
INCORPORATED 2nd MAY 1670
We Take Great Pleasure in Announcing That
Miss Jean Wilson
Special Representative of
Ogilvie Sisters
Famous Hair Treatment Specialists
Will Be in Our Toilettes Department
MONDAY and TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 19-20
You are cordially invited to call in or phone for an appointment with Miss Wilson, who will be glad to assist and advise you on the care of your hair.
Toilettes Department, Street Floor at THE BAY

Budson's Bay Company



BE INDIVIDUAL.
Make Your Own Clothes

JOIN "THE BAY'S"

SEWING SCHOOL

FEBRUARY 19 to MARCH 30

Enrollment Fee . . . \$1.00

An economical way to outfit yourself for Easter and the coming season to your own individual tastes. Make each garment just as distinctive as you wish. Purchase your materials and patterns in our Yard Goods Department, and join the Sewing School where machines, tables and fitting rooms are supplied, and you have the instruction and assistance of an experienced dressmaker!

WOOL DRESS AFGHALAINE

A wool fabric in correct weight for Spring dresses and light suits. Saxony yarns in plain and self checks, in a large range of colors; 54 inches wide. Yard . . . 1.79

WOOL GEORGETTE

Featherweight material with small self design shown in new shades that are ideal for lighter afternoon dresses, 54 inches wide. Yard . . . 2.50

PANAMA FABRIC

Woven from fine wool yarns with an even finish. New Spring shades for dresses, suits and skirts. 54 inches wide. Yard . . . 1.95

WOOL SUITINGS

Good weights for suits . . . grey-green mixtures also black and navy pin stripes. Yard . . . 2.95 and 3.50

Fabrics, Street Floor at THE BAY



THE BAY Shoe Clinic

We Again Offer This Remarkable Value!

NEW, HARD-WEARING CORD SOLES

That Keep Your Feet Dry!



An Umbrella Will Shed Water! Will Your Shoes?

For your health's sake you want your shoes to be waterproof. Have them resoled with these heavy 13 iron cord soles, now! All sizes. Phone E-7111, Shoe Clinic . . . have your shoes called for and delivered at no extra charge. Use your "Bay" Charge Account.

ONE WEEK SPECIAL!

Men's Work or Walking Shoes. Resoled, regular \$2.00. Special, pair . . . 1.69

1.49

1.29

Special Includes Rubber or Leather Heels and Minor Tips Resoled

SUEDIZING

Let us suede your shoes . . . An exclusive process with "The Bay" Shoe Clinic to make scuffed suede shoes look as good as new. Will not rub off. Regular \$10. Special for week . . . 39c

Shoe Clinic, Street Floor at THE BAY

According to Culbertson

A careful "counting out of the hand" is just as necessary to a defender as to a declarer. In point of fact, not only is it as necessary, but since it is usually a much easier process there is less excuse for a defender to go astray in this vital department.

Most of the "pseudo" coups executed by ill-declared depend for their success on a failure to count by one or both defenders. Today's hand is a good illustration of this point.

North, dealer. East-West vulnerable.

NORTH
▲ 10 9 6
♥ A 3 2
♦ A 10 6 5 2
♣ 7 3

WEST EAST
▲ K 3
♥ K 10 8
♦ K Q J 8 4
♣ A 10 4

SOUTH
▲ A Q J 8 7 3 2
♥ Q J 9
♦ 7
♣ A K 8

The bidding:
North East South West
Pass Pass 4 4 Double
Pass Pass Pass
South's spade pre-empt probably was the best bid after partner's pass, and against vulnerable opponents.

West opened the diamond king, dummy's ace won, and the ten of spades was led and finessed. West won with the king and led the queen of diamonds. Declarer ruffed, drew the remaining outstanding trump from West's hand (East discarding a low club), and then led the queen of hearts. West covering with the king and dummy's ace winning. On a heart return from

dummy declarer finessed the nine spot in his own hand, losing to West's ten.
At this point West worried himself into a very bad analysis. He feared that declarer had started out with four hearts headed by Q J 9 and that one of dummy's clubs could be discarded on the long heart. To prevent this he laid down the ace of clubs, hoping in spite of his partner's club deuce previously mentioned, that the king was held by East. After that, of course, declarer claimed the rest of the tricks and contract.

That West's analysis was completely superficial is provable by this one point: declarer had actually shown a seven card trump suit and only one diamond. If, as West "feared," declarer had also held four hearts, then he would have started with only one club and it would do no good to lay down the club ace—the contract could not be defeated! That being true, West might well "fear" a four card heart suit, but since he could do nothing about it should have actually played for a more favorable supposition.

TUESDAY'S HAND

North, dealer. Both sides vulnerable.

NORTH
▲ A K 10 6
♥ A J 7 4
♦ A 9
♣ A K J 5

WEST EAST
▲ Q 9 8 2
♥ K 10 6
♦ 8 3
♣ 8 4 2

SOUTH
▲ 3
♥ 5
♦ Q J 10 5 2
♣ A 10 7 6 3

Mr. Culbertson will discuss this hand in Tuesday's column.

STUDENTS GIVE ONE-ACT PLAYS

Victoria College Players' Club Presents Varied Bill To Large Audience

Three cleverly staged and well-acted plays were presented by students of Victoria College before a large audience in the auditorium of the Central Junior High School last night. Each of one act, the plays were widely differing in character, and provided an opportunity for the students to display the progress they have made in dramatics.

The first, "Get Out of Your Cage," by Mary Peterson, was directed by Mary Peterson. The scene was the staff room of an English girls' school, and the theme was the sacrifice that teachers must make in following their calling. The cast in this play comprised Mary Wickson, Nanette Stephens, Margaret Reid, Constance Sullivan, Felicity Grant, and Yvonne Lowden.

"The Sentence" was the title of the second play, written by F. Howell, and directed by Colin Lucas. Staged in the kitchen of a Welsh cottage, it was the story with a moral that was effectively brought out as the curtain fell. Lucy Burton, Alicia Bean and Lorne Rowbottom were the players.

FAIRCE AS FINALE

"When Peacocks Sing," by T. M. Watson, was an amusing farce to wind up the programme. The play was directed by Donald Nelson, with a cast consisting of Lloyd McKenzie, Agnes Hope, Barbara Prickard, Barney Hammond and Mary Drury.

Others who took part in the presentation of the plays were Alvin Nard, stage manager; Lawrence Proud, business manager; N. Engelhardt, W. Priker, B. Kjekstad, D. Anstey, J. MacPherson, S. Thompson, G. Low and T. Harry, stage crew; Jean Mitchell, Gerald Cross, Jill Cavenish and Margaret Graylin, properties; Joyce Scurrah, Mary Orme and Josephine Brown, costumes; Elizabeth Ellwood and Brenda Smith, make-up; Margaret Prentice, June Macdonald and Owen Gibbs, prompters; J. Asselstine, E. Foster, J. Lanigan and C. Norman, ushers.

What Today Means

"AQUARIUS"

If February 18 is your birthday, the best hours for you on this date are from 11 a.m. to 1 p.m.; from 3 to 5 p.m. and from 9 to 11 p.m. The danger periods are from 9 to 11 a.m.; from 7 to 9 p.m., and from 11 p.m. until midnight.

Any display of a lack of dignity will be a mistake on this day, especially if it is caused by indulging in some form of buffoonery. An unbridled tongue will cause many a person to fall into disfavor. Conditions will tend to make the average person resent any display of vulgarity or coarseness of language. There will prevail a strong desire for influences conducive to an existing atmosphere of refinement, and anything tending to interfere with this impulse is apt to arouse a strong feeling of resentment. This is a good day to make resolutions which you should endeavor to live up to, and the indications are that they will be easy to keep. A surplus of pride and prejudice can be productive of a great deal of unhappiness, so keep yourself free from their pernicious domination. Married and engaged couples, and those dreaming of a matrimonial future with a mate of their own choosing should endeavor to do the little things they know will be appreciated. Avoid doing anything that they have reason to believe will be displeasing to the one whom they profess to love.

If you are a woman and February 18 is your birthday, in your eagerness to serve others you may not sufficiently consider yourself. While ambition may be one of your admirable traits, unless you keep it curbed it is apt also to turn out to be a dangerous one. In planning your future activities, always deal with facts and not with the theories which well-meaning friends may advance for you. You are a person who may find many people ready to tell you what you should be able to do, but who are unable—or unwilling—to give you the means of doing what they advocate. Through a therapeutic, educational, musical, literary, or artistic line, your financial returns may be large and your reputation made. You and the man you marry will probably have a high regard for your matrimonial obligations and consequently your happiness will be assured.

The child born on February 18 is your natal day, an adventurous nature may lead to your taking many speculative chances. Your day-dreaming may bring profitable results. As a dramatist, artist, actor, singer, radio specialist, photographer, politician, lawyer, doctor, scientist, educator, or sales representative your life should be a series of successful achievements.

MONDAY, FEBRUARY 19 "PISCES"

If February 19 is your birthday, the best hours for you on this date are from 9:15 to 11:15 a.m.; from 1:15 to 3:15 p.m., and from 7:15 to 9:15 p.m. The danger periods are from 7:15 to 9:15 a.m.; from 8:15 to 7:15 p.m., and from 9:15 to 11:15 p.m.

If February 19 is your birth anniversary, you were born under the Zodiacal sign Pisces. You should



Fashion Facts in

Accessories

So important this year . . . the smaller things . . . yet they form the color note of your outfit . . . Give you needed contrast and brightening! As worthy of your immediate attention as the icing on your birthday cake.

Exquisitely Feminine . . . These Triple Sheer

BLOUSES

Beautifully tailored in frilly feminine and dressy styles. Dainty shades that give interest to new hats to your ensemble. Sizes 34 to 44. Each . . . \$2.98

Frills, Froths and Furbelows on this Latest

NECKWEAR

Laces, sheers, pinettes, georgettes . . . as gay and fresh as a spring garden. Some with V necks, Peter Pan collars . . . the newest lapels in eggshell, white or pink. Each . . . \$1.00

Inspired by New York . . . The New

POCKET BELTS

Gleaming rayon. Bengaline belts with deep, "hold everything" detachable pockets. Shades—white, marine—blue, dove, pink, turquoise, and white. Prices . . . \$1.50 and \$1.50

Just Arrived . . . Flower

NEW SCARVES

Gay garden-like prints in new sheers and tailored whites. Priced at, each . . . \$1.00

Nature's Shades Are Beauty

HOSIERY

Perfect fitting hosiery in shades that fit perfectly into the color combinations of your Spring ensemble! Neutrelle, Plunage, Rachelle, Humish, Golden Girl are but a few of the interesting colors. Pair . . . \$1.15, \$1.25 and \$1.35

"Kaiser" Novelty Fabric

GLOVES

Intriguing styles for your Spring ensemble, and perfect fitting such as Lerneal Green, Capri Pink, Petal Blue, Turfman and Beige as well as staple colors. Pair . . . \$1.00

Street Floor at THE BAY

For Your Street Wear This Spring . . . Blue Spectator

PUMPS

Flattering in their neat efficiency, and so suitable to wear with the new suit styles. Interesting combinations of natural and elasticized gabardine. Wear them for comfort while they flatter your feet. Pair . . . \$7.45

Fashion Floor at THE BAY

Spring, 1940, Brings NATURAL FASHIONS

... That Are Graciously Feminine and Becoming!

Spring . . . the time when fashion life begins anew; the time when we seek out new clothes and accessories that emphasize our best features . . . new clothes we'll delight in wearing throughout the Spring season.

This year fashions are simple, natural, feminine and so easy to wear! "The Bay's" Fashion and Accessory Departments have an extensive array of what's new and right for present and later wear. We invite you to see these sparkling new coats, dresses, suits, millinery and accessories, that will make you distinctive and well dressed throughout the season.

COATS . . .

Boxy and Fitted Vie for Top Honors This Spring

Whether your preference favors the softly fitted dress-maker coat, or the flared and boxy types, the new coats are practical and wearable. Each will have its devotees this Spring.

Shirtings—braided—embroidered—clever novelty fastenings make them distinctively new and different. They're fashioned from dressy crepes and rougher weaves, with navy and black leading the color parade. Sizes 12 to 40. Prices

19.75 to 39.50

SUITS . . .

Well Fitted, Softly Tailored—With Pretty Detail

Longer jacket suits . . . a concession to femininity with the softness of their smooth tailoring and neat fit . . . You'll want a suit as one of your first buys this Spring.

Cut from fine woolens of superlative quality, in plain shades of blue, black or grey, or with natty pin stripes, with such precision to make you look as trim and slim as a reed. Make an early choice this year for an early Easter. Prices

19.75 and 25.00

DRESSES . . .

Have New Grace and Beauty . . . Many Feature Jackets

Your jacket may stop at the waistline . . . and be as fitted as an officer's . . . or boxy as a bell boy's! Your jacket may be longer or brief and cutaway!

Whatever dress you choose from our new showing, plain or dressmaker . . . with or without a jacket . . . it will be of unmistakable new-season smartness. Prints or creases, jeweled, buttoned or flower trimmed, your dress will be the mainstay of your wardrobe, all Spring! Prices

8.95 to 25.00

MILLINERY . . .

New Hats to Set Off the New Silhouette

This season's hats with brims and crowns that fit and feel right on your head, and go well with casual coats and sports wear.

Look for draped crowns, a swirling veil, flowers growing round your brow and ribbons everywhere, if you wish out of the prettiest hats for dressy occasions. They're all here in a grand array, really to head you smartly into Spring! Prices

2.95 to 5.95

Fashion Floor at THE BAY

STORE HOURS

Daily 9 A.M. to 5:30 P.M.
Wednesday
9 A.M. to 1 P.M.



TEN HOMES TO BE BUILT IN SUBURBS

Building Permits for Last Week in Oak Bay and Saanich Total \$24,050

Building permits issued in the three suburban municipalities during the past week totaled \$24,050, with Oak Bay heading the list by two permits of a total value of

\$13,650, both for dwellings. Saanich issued six permits for homes valued at \$10,400, and further permits for alterations bringing the week's total to \$12,125. No permits were issued in Esquimalt during the week.

E. W. Hetherington was issued a permit in Oak Bay for a nine-roomed home to cost \$7,500, to be erected at 3550 Beach Drive. The other house in Oak Bay will be located at 2793 Somers Drive, and will consist of six rooms. It will be built by William Sutton.

In Saanich, J. Witter will build on

Browning Street a four-roomed house to cost \$1,200. A five-roomed home to cost \$2,800 will be erected by Thomas Gwelt at the corner of Saanich and Easter Roads. Mr. and Mrs. J. Robson will build a three-roomed home to cost \$1,100 on Aldridge Street. On Davin Street a four-roomed house is to be erected by Mrs. B. E. Graffm. A four-roomed house costing \$1,600 will be built by W. Russell on Bellvue Avenue. Another home will be built on Richmond Road, to contain four rooms, and costing \$1,800.

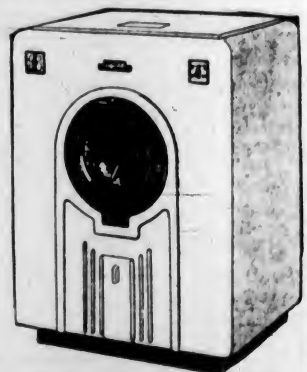
Budson's Bay Company

INCORPORATED 27th MAY 1970.

The "BENDIX" HOME LAUNDRY

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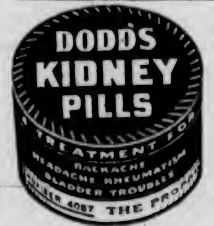
It Washes . . . Rinses and Damp-Dries Automatically
Convenient Terms May Be Arranged



This Is All You Do:

- 1—Put dry soiled clothes into the cylinder and shut the door.
- 2—Set the automatic time and water controls, add the soap and bling.
- 3—Take out the clean, sweet clothes . . . damp-dry, ready for the line.

Major Electrical Appliances, Third Floor at THE BAY



ROCK GARDEN SOCIETY TO MEET TOMORROW

The Rock Garden Society will hold its second meeting of the year tomorrow night at 8 o'clock at the Oakbay Beach Hotel. The main item of the evening's programme will be a talk on "Heathers" by Norman Rant and Michael Jamison, and will be illustrated by specimens and slides.

Meeting to Hear Mayor McGavin

A general meeting of the Civilian Protection Committee, Victoria Metropolitan District, will be held in the Chamber of Commerce Auditorium, on Monday, at 8 p.m. Mayor Andrew McGavin and other speakers will be heard on various phases of the work of the organization. Dr. Richard Felton will be in the chair. It is important that all uniformed members, St. John Ambulance, Red Cross, fire and police departments, and all wardens attend. Admission will be only on presentation of identity cards by wardens, and to others in uniform.

Society and Women's Affairs

To Address Women of Mainland

Mrs. Alfred Watt, who has been visiting here for the past two and a half months, is leaving today for Vancouver to begin a series of addresses to Women's Institutes throughout the southern part of British Columbia.

During her stay on Vancouver Island Mrs. Watt has spoken to a number of women's organizations. She said she was particularly gratified at the response made to a suggestion which she made when speaking at the reception of Island Women's Institute representatives given in her honor at Government House shortly after her return from England, namely, that each of the institutes in British Columbia should try to link up with specific institutes in England. Mrs. V. S. McLachlan, provincial superintendent of the organization, said, had reported to her that this had met with fine co-operative support. Another suggestion concerning conservation of resources had also been taken up by some of the Island institutes.

In her talks to the women of the Mainland Mrs. Watt intends to tell

of the part the countrywomen will take in the war, and in this connection the activities of women in France and England, with whom she is constantly in touch through correspondence with Miss Hilda Chamberlain, sister of Prime Minister Neville Chamberlain; Lady Worsley-Taylor, vice-president of the Women's Institutes for England; Lady Reading, head of the women's war services; and prominent Frenchwomen. She is also carrying messages from the Dominion and Provincial Governments.

On Vancouver Island she has been much impressed by the bulb and seed growing, the cultivation of lavender and early flowers, and other small horticultural lines in which women are engaged. She says she has enjoyed hearing of the pleasure derived by some of her friends in Toronto, Montreal and other Eastern Canadian cities to whom she has sent boxes of snowdrops and other early Spring blooms from Victoria.

Mrs. Watt has been the guest of Mrs. J. S. H. Mateon, Dunsmuir Road.

TO ADDRESS P.T.A.

Mrs. Paul McCullough will be the guest speaker at the regular meeting of the Gordon Head P.T.A. in the Gordon Head School on Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock. She will speak on "P.T.A. Work in Other Countries."

Married at Port Alberni Valentine



—Photo by Clegg, Port Alberni.

MR. AND MRS. NORMAN A. HEDLEY
Who were married on Monday at All Saints' Church, Port Alberni, photographed with their attendants, left, Mr. Warren Savage, Duncan, and the bridesmaid, right, was Miss Denise Thompson, Victoria. The bride was formerly Miss Phyllis Elizabeth O'Neill, daughter of the late Mr. and Mrs. J. O'Neill, Vancouver, who were pioneer residents of Port Alberni. The groom is the only son of Mr. and Mrs. T. E. M. Hedley, Port Alberni. The bridal couple will make their home in Duncan.

Valentine Tea Given By League

Approximately \$100 was realized from the Valentine tea held yesterday at the home of Mrs. Walter C. Nichol, Rockland Avenue, by the Queen Alexandra Solarium Junior League in aid of the Solarium. Mrs. Nichol, wearing a corsage bouquet of gardenias presented by the league, was assisted by the president, Mrs. R. D. McCullough, in receiving the guests.

Rose-colored tulips decorated the reception room and the drawing-room was beautiful with tall vases of plum blossom. The tea table was centred with an onyx bowl filled with rose-colored tulips. This stood on a mirror base and green candles glowed in silver candelabra. Mrs. J. D. Hunter and Mrs. Curtis Sampson presided at the tea and coffee urns. Members of the Junior League assisted in serving.

A group of solos by Keith Little and Elaine Basanta, accompanied on the piano by Mrs. Ian McCullough, delighted the guests. Miss Vivian Pennock, the general convenor, was assisted in the arrangements by Misses Helen Eve, Helen Parker, Sue Mackenzie and Mrs. J. M. McCannell.

Weddings

WARREN-MARCHANT

A quiet wedding took place at St. John's United Church on Monday afternoon, at 2 o'clock, when Miss Jean Frances Marchant was united in marriage to Gunner R. D. Warren, R.C.A. Rev. T. Griffiths officiated. The bride wore a navy blue suit with powder blue accessories and a corsage bouquet of pink and white carnations and fern. She was given in marriage by her mother, Mrs. E. Marchant, who wore a black seal coat and hat with more accessories. The matron of honor was the bride's sister, Mrs. C. W. Pineo, who wore a powder blue dress and muskrat coat with brown accessories. The best man was Sapper L. J. Wilson, R.C.E. A reception was held at the home of the bride's sister, Mrs. J. Law, 1520 Burton Street. Mr. and Mrs. Warren will make their home in Victoria.

SPAVEN-BISSETT

A pretty wedding was solemnized in St. John's Church at 8:30 o'clock last evening, Rev. Canon Chadwick officiating, when the principals were Elita McEllan, elder daughter of the late Mr. John Duncan Bissett, Aberdeen, Scotland, and Mrs. Bissett, 3229 Quadra Street, and Gunner Robert Wright Spaven, R.C.A. youngest son of Mr. and Mrs. William Spaven, 1023 Pandora Avenue. Vases of plum blossom and daffodils adorned the altar, and during the service the bride couple stood between baskets of blossom, pussy willows and daffodils. Rosebuds tied with white tulle marked the guest pews.

Given in marriage by her brother, Mr. Duncan Bissett, the bride looked radiant in her quaint gown of hyacinth blue net trimmed with rose velvet bows on the ruffled skirt, and tiny veiled hat of rose flowers and rose elbow-length mittens. She carried a shower bouquet of roses and carnations with satin streamers, and wore a beautiful old gold bracelet, the gift of the bridegroom's mother.

The bride was attended by a maid, Miss Ann Bissett, in a lilac and silver net gown, and a doll hat.

Otter Point Men Are Entertained By Pro-Rec Girls

Performing before a packed house at the Otter Point station of the 2nd Battalion Canadian Scottish Regiment, the Provincial Recreation Centres' Pro-Rec Girls, a specially trained group of women gymnasts under the personal direction of Instructress Joan Horsfield, gave the second of their entertainments for the troops.

Each number received loud and sincere applause and the programme was followed by a short movie show operated by Mr. Colby.

Included in the programme were the following numbers: Fundamental gymnastics, Spanish dancing, long solos and community singing, tap dancing, sailors' waltz and ballet waltz, acrobatics, a d. n. tumbling. Taking part in the show were: Helen Cook, Jean Drummond, Muriel Ross, Mary Casson, Jean Howell, Frances Borden, Phyllis Orchard, Rosalie Hope, Irene Brockington, Dorothy Pollock, Peggy Walton, Doris Pecknold, Mayne Greenwood, Judy Hibberd, Eileen Keating, Helen Clague, Barbara Miles and Miss Finn.

Mrs. M. Bartlett was the accompanist, Mr. A. C. Batchelor, of the Auxiliary Services sports and entertainment committee, who is responsible for arranging the events for the troops, was introduced.

After a rousing sing-song led by Beatie Hope, a vote of thanks was expressed by Capt. W. H. Gibson and Sgt. S. James. A short dance and refreshments concluded the evening.

WINNERS OF PRIZES

Winners of the prizes at the bridge party held on Friday evening at the home of Miss Agnew by L'Alliance Francaise in aid of the French Red Cross were Mrs. A. S. Parkes, Mrs. Kaye Lamb, Mrs. Beedham, Mr. E. Saunders, Mr. Hall and Colonel Latta. The cake was won by Mrs. E. J. McFeely.

A Wedding at St. Andrew's



—Photo by Rex Walker.

CORPORAL AND MRS. ALBERT J. WILSON

Who were married on Thursday, February 15, by Rev. J. L. W. McLean at St. Andrew's Church, Victoria, was formerly Miss Mary C. Timms, only child of Mrs. T. Timms, Victoria, and the late

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Do not tolerate blurring vision of eye discomfort.

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DOUGLAS STREET AT VIEW

Hours: 9 to 12
1 to 5
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THE INDIAN CRAFT
1239 Broad St. Phone E 2423
INDIAN WOOLLENS - BASKETS
TOTEM POLES, ETC.

Mrs. G. V. Ferguson Named President Of Junior League

NEW YORK, Feb. 17 (AP).—Nomination of Mrs. George V. Ferguson, of Winnipeg, as the next president of the association of the Junior Leagues of America, was announced at the conclusion of the February board meeting of the association here today.

Her formal election will take place in May in Seattle at the association's conference when Mrs. Helen Walton Leavy, of Pittsburgh, Penn., will vacate the post.

This is to be the first time that the association, which has 150 leagues in Canada, the United States and Mexico, has stepped outside United States borders for its president.

Mrs. Ferguson is the wife of the managing editor of The Winnipeg Free Press.

John Buchan Subject Of Talk to Students

Speaking before the Normal School Literary Society on Friday afternoon, Dr. Henrietta Anderson, of the school staff, sketched an intimate picture of the late Lord Tweedsmuir, author, soldier and statesman, using biographical references and quotations from John Buchan's works. Miss Barbara Hodgson gave an interesting review of the week's news, setting a precedent by being the first woman student to review the news this year. Clyde Kennedy, president, announced the appointment of John Lidsone as press representative. Miss Mildred Duncan, pianist, played Chamur's "Autumn" and the Adagio from Beethoven's "Sonata Pathétique." Miss Joyce Maudment, soloist, sang two Scottish songs, "Flow Gently, Sweet Afton," and "Robin Adair." The piano accompanist was Miss Betty Muncy.

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In Printing As in Salesmanship

First Impressions Count

Your letterhead or folder is generally your first contact with your prospect. Let it speak in the tones of quality you wish to convey.

CHOOSE YOUR PRINTING AS YOU WOULD YOUR SALESMAN

You would not let an ill-dressed, slovenly representative call on your customers. . . . yet your printing is often neglected. Let us talk over your requirements, we have the equipment and the knowledge to fill your needs.

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There is a decided change from the big expensive-to-operate car to the 40-miles-per-gallon Hillman. People now realize that they can save hundreds of dollars on the purchase price. They can save on annual depreciation, on operating cost, on parts and service. And, by the way, continuance of parts are positively guaranteed during wartime.

A de luxe 4-door sedan
delivered at Victoria

\$995

Jameson Motors, Ltd.
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Assure yourself of an attractive appearance with a flattering PERMANENT. The change will amaze you, and delight your friends. Call today!

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Your Health and Your Weight

EXERCISE EXCHANGES CHEAP FOR VALUABLE TISSUE
By JAS. W. BARTON, M.D.

I am a great believer in exercise to prevent gain in weight because exercise builds muscle to replace fat lost. This increase in muscle, which means increase in strength, gives the individual a feeling of buoyancy, causing him to take more exercise which builds muscle and removes fat.

However, most health writers, including myself, know that most fat individuals dislike exercise even more than they dislike cutting down on their food. The result is that reducing diets are the first thought when fat must be removed. Overweight would sooner forego the inviting foods than have to exercise or work their overweight bodies.

You ask an overweight man or woman what caused the steady increase in fat on their bodies and they will tell you frankly that it was not because they ate more food than most of them put on the excess fat.

What caused the fat increase? In an investigation of 350 cases of obesity (overweight), Dr. James A. Green, State University of Iowa, tells us in *Annals of Internal Medicine* that two-thirds of this number began to increase in weight because they became less active, took less exercise. A history of increasing the food intake was obtained in only about three per cent. A long illness or convalescence produced this inactivity in sixty-four of the sixty-seven per cent.

In women with irregular menstruation or at the menopause, overweight occurred in half their number.

While there are cases of overweight due to gland disturbances—thyroid, pituitary, ovary or sex glands—nine of every ten cases of overweight can be traced to not getting enough exercise for the food eaten, due to illness in many cases, and to laziness or disinclination to play or exercise in many more.

If overweight could just get it firmly in their heads that fat, except the covering of fat necessary to health, is poor or waste tissue as compared to muscle tissue, they would gradually get rid of this poor tissue which interferes with the working processes of the body, endangers health, and spoils their personal appearance.

"Fat is a cheaper form of tissue than muscle, requiring a less abundant blood supply, and its presence should be considered as evidence of poor nutrition."

There are, of course, cases where work or exercise cannot be taken safely, owing to heart or blood vessel conditions. Such cases must rely on reducing the food intake

in order to rid themselves of excess fat. It would be unwise for the overweight to go in at first for strenuous exercise after carrying fat for months and years. If his heart is meant to carry around and exercise a body of 150 pounds and he weighs thirty to fifty pounds more, every time he moves his body about the heart is required to do this much extra work. To this must be added the fact that the overweight has not taken regular exercise for a long time.

The safe and simplest way to go about getting rid of this poor or cheap tissue is to be examined by the family physician who will test the working ability of the heart by having the individual do a special exercise or definite amount of work—climbing a stairway, jogging a few steps—recording the increase in the heart rate caused by the exercise and recording also the amount of time the heart requires to get back to its normal rate—two or more minutes—depending upon the amount of exercise taken. The exercise may be just a half-mile walk and two or three minutes exercise of the abdominal muscles—bending exercises—twice daily. This can be gradually increased until a two or three mile walk and ten minutes home exercise is taken twice daily.

Gymnasium exercise, while not as inviting as the outdoors, are really more valuable because they can be taken regularly, whereas outdoor exercise is controlled by the weather. Remember, lack of exercise is the beginning of two of every three cases of overweight. Remember also that exercise gives you valuable tissue—muscle—and is the only method of strengthening heart and lungs needed to enjoy health and fight disease.

Remember, lack of exercise is the beginning of two of every three cases of overweight.

Remember also that exercise gives you valuable tissue—muscle—and is the only method of strengthening heart and lungs needed to enjoy health and fight disease.

SEEK LOWER RENT ON OLD BUILDING

In a letter to the City Council, the Victoria Branch of the Navy League of Canada suggested that the former Union Club building at Douglas and Courtney Streets be provided as club quarters for sailors at a monthly rental of \$75, following a year rent free.

It was also suggested that a ten-year lease with an option to vacate the premises on one year's notice be given.

Earlier in the month, the City Council agreed that the building could be turned over for use as a club at \$120 per month, following six months rent free.

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and **SPARKLE**



Take ENO to put sparkle
into your life

When your lazy liver wakes up... when your sluggish system becomes regular... when the cause of indigestion and headaches is removed... that's when you're glad, mighty glad, that you started taking ENO's "Fruit Salt" regularly.

There's a vast difference between fine and drastic purgatives. ENO is truly pleasant tasting! ENO's gentle laxative action is achieved WITHOUT harsh, bitter mineral salts such as epsom and calomel; WITHOUT sugar; WITHOUT depressants or irritants of any kind. THAT'S WHY you can enjoy a sparkling glass of ENO first thing every morning... or any time when you feel sluggish... without upsetting your system.

YOU'LL LIKE **ENO'S "FRUIT SALT"**

PORT ALBERNI PIONEER DIES

A. E. Waterhouse, Lumber
City's First Mayor, Succumbs to Long Illness

Arthur Edward Waterhouse, pioneer and first mayor of Port Alberni, taking office when the city was incorporated in March, 1912, died in Victoria yesterday morning after a long illness.

Owner of the "Somass Hotel" and the department store of Waterhouse & Greene, Mr. Waterhouse was a prominent figure in the business and public life of Port Alberni until ten years ago, when ill-health forced him to come to Victoria to enter the Jubilee Hospital. There he remained for some years, and afterwards became a patient in a private nursing home, where his death occurred.

Born in Lincolnshire, England, on September 2, 1869, Mr. Waterhouse came to Canada in the early nineties of the last century, settling first in Nanaimo, where he remained for about a year before going to Port Alberni, then a settlement of only two or three houses, and known as "New Alberni." He was responsible for the building of the Port Alberni wharf.

ENTERS BUSINESS

Close to the wharf, Mr. Waterhouse opened a general store in the rapidly growing little town, doing considerable business with the West Coast mines, Alberni Consolidated and China Creek, then being opened up.

Early in the present century he took over a small hotel building, and rebuilt and expanded it into the present new Somass Hotel. Mr. Waterhouse owned the block on which the hotel was situated, and on it opened the forerunner of the present department store, taking into partnership the late Charles Greene. In time, Mr. Waterhouse became one of the biggest property owners of the northern part of the Island.

At the outbreak of the last war, when explosives were being manufactured on James Island, Waterhouse & Greene opened a second store there. Mr. Greene died about eighteen years ago, but his name has been retained in the title of the Port Alberni department store.

At the close of the last war Mr. Waterhouse married Mrs. Beale, but there were no children of the marriage.

Besides his wife he is survived by a stepdaughter, Mrs. Esther Gillespie of Vancouver, who will arrive here today. Funeral arrangements will be announced later.

MEETINGS LISTED FOR Y.P. GROUPS

Horace Birkholder, United Church
Religious Secretary, to Give
Series of Addresses

The next two weeks will be banner weeks for the young people's groups of the United Church and their friends. Horace Birkholder, secretary of religious education for the United Church in British Columbia and Alberta, will speak at the following meetings:

Monday, at Victoria West United Church.
Tuesday, at First United Church, with Oak Bay Y.P. as guests, when the subject will be "The Nature of Religion and the Meaning of Life."

Wednesday, at the Phoenix club, supper at Esquimalt United Church.

Little Stories for Bedtime

A Loving Mate But Poor Housekeeper
By THORNTON W. BURGESS

"It's time for my dust bath," said Mourner the Dove to Peter Rabbit as the latter sat thinking over what Mourner had just told him about eating gravel as an aid to digestion. "There is a dusty spot over in the Long Lane where I take a dust bath every day," continued Mourner.

"If you don't mind," said Peter, "I'll go with you." Mourner said he didn't mind, so Peter followed him over to the dusty place in the Long Lane. There Mourner was joined by Mrs. Mourner, who was dressed very much like him save that she did not have as beautiful a neck. While they thoroughly dusted themselves they chatted with Peter.

"I see you on the ground so much that I've often wondered if you build your nest on the ground," said Peter.

"No," replied Mourner. "Mrs. Dove builds in a tree, but usually not far from the ground. Now if you'll excuse us we must get back home."

Peter shook his head. "No," said he. "I haven't. What is it like?" Kitty the Catbird laughed. "It's about the poorest apology for a nest I know of," said he. "It is made of little sticks and mighty few of them. How it holds together is more than I can understand. I guess it is a good thing that Mrs. Dove doesn't lay more than two eggs, and it's a wonder to me that those two stay in the nest. Listen! There's Mourner's voice now. For one so happy he certainly does have the mournful sounding voice. To hear him you'd think he was sorrowful instead of happy. It always makes me feel sad to hear him."

"That's true," replied Peter, "but I like to hear him just the same. Hello! Who's that?"

Next Story—"An Undesired Bad Name."

Spencer Foods

Monday Values—Cash and Carry

Eggs A Large, 21¢ Pure Lard, 2 lbs. 15¢ Cottage Cheese, lb. 10¢

SPENCER'S FIRST-GRADE BUTTER
Fresh Made—Sold Fresh—Tastes Fresh

Pride, 3 lbs. \$1.00 Springfield, lb. 33¢; 3 lbs. 97¢
Small Wiensers, lb. 20¢ Bologna, 1/2 lb. 7¢ Chateau Cheese, 1/2 lb. 16¢

Meats—As Cut in Case

Small Hearts 9¢ Oxford Sausage
Ox Hearts 9¢ Sausage Meat
Boiling Beef 9¢ Beef Brains

Stew Beef, 2 lbs. 23¢ Minced Steak, lb. 12¢ Pork Liver, lb. 11¢

Kidney Suet, 2 lbs. 7¢ Steak Kidney, lb. 13¢ Pork Kidneys, lb. 15¢

Dressed Rabbit, each 28¢ Pork Steaks, lb. 20¢ Shoulder Steaks, lb. 14¢

Service Meats—Delivered

PHONE SERVICE FROM 8 A.M.
Centre Plate Beef, lb. 11¢ Centre Shanks, lb. 12¢

Livers—Beef, lb. 20¢ Lamb, lb. 25¢ Calf, lb. 45¢
Steaks—Round, lb. 25¢ T-Bone, lb. 28¢ Sirloin, lb. 30¢
Little Pig Sausage, lb. 19¢ Spare Ribs, lb. 18¢

DAVID SPENCER LIMITED

SYNOD OF B.C. TO MEET HERE

Anglican Diocese to Hold
Annual Meeting at Memorial
Hall, Feb. 20-22

Between 100 and 150 delegates, clerical and lay, are expected to attend the thirty-ninth session of the Synod of the Diocese of British Columbia, to be held in the Memorial Hall, February 20-22.

As in past years, there will be a special service on the eve of the Synod, at 8 p.m. on Tuesday, which will be attended by the delegates, and to which are invited the people of the parishes in and around Victoria, in addition to the general public.

The hymn "Thy Hand, O God, Has Guided" (Cruger) will be sung as the procession of clergy, with the canons of the Cathedral, the dean and the bishop, makes his way from the vestry to the stalls and sanctuary.

As befits the present time of anxiety and stress, a service of intercession will follow, together with an address by the dean, the special hymns being: "City of God, How Broad and Fair" (tune, "Richmond"); "O Spirit of the Living God" (Wareham); "One to Every Man and Nation" (the Welsh tune, "Hydrodol"); and "Come, Thou Holy Spirit, Come" (Veni Sancte Spiritus). At the conclusion, the procession will return to the vestry during the singing of "Praise to the Holiest in the Height" ("Geronimus").

A choral eucharist in the Cathedral at 9 a.m. on Wednesday will be followed by the first meeting of the Synod members at 10:15 in the Memorial Hall, lunch in the hall at 1 p.m. and the afternoon meeting at 2:30 p.m.; while, on Thursday, there will be Holy Communion at 8 a.m., matins at 9:30 a.m., the third meeting at 10 a.m., lunch in the hall at 1 p.m. and the concluding meeting at 2:30 p.m., the session being expected to be brought to a close that day.

LEGION'S FUND RISES STEADILY

At Half-Way Stage Total Is
\$7,750—Hon. C. S. Leary
Urges Support

At the halfway stage of the local Canadian Legion drive for \$10,000, Victoria's quota of the \$500,000 Dominion-wide war services fund campaign now being conducted across the country, the sum of \$7,750 had been subscribed, according to the records at campaign headquarters, 642 Johnson Street, when the books closed late yesterday afternoon.

Contributions continue to flow steadily into the campaign office, over \$500 being received yesterday, and with one more week to go the local objective should be attained, Legion officials said.

URGES PUBLIC SUPPORT
Further support was given the war services appeal by the release of a message to the general public issued yesterday by Captain the Hon. C. S. Leary, Minister of Public Works, in which he says:

"As a veteran of the last Great War and a member of the Legion, I know something of and can appreciate the good work that the Canadian Legion has already performed, and know they are the most competent and sympathetic association to undertake this far-reaching measure of educational and personal services in the eventual rehabilitation of our younger comrades now on active service."

"They know, through bitter experience, the many problems that

Get the
Spirit of Spring

With Fresh New
FASHIONS!

"In the Spring"—

NEW MILLINERY!

Turn Winter into Spring with a tiny sailor; just the sort of light, lovely little hat to top off your fur coat now, when you feel the need of something new and gay. Shown in straw or felt in white, pastel shades, or blues and black.

\$2.95 to \$5.95

Spring Flower
Colors... for

NEW COATS

An Offering of
Unusual Value at... \$17.50

Expert tailoring, big fur collars and heavenly colors, like a Spring rainbow, make these coats the pride of our Mantle Department. Just the sort of smart little coat you want to slip on when the breezes blow from the Strait. Very chic and fresh for any occasion with built-up shoulders, boxy backs and bell sleeves. Colors are mist blue, Alice blue, turquoise, beige, salmon, grey and chamois, trimmed with soft cloud grey and fawn furs.



A SWAN WAIST FIRST

Then Your New Suit

Your New Silhouette, Perfect
in a
HIGH-WAISTED, FRONT-
LACE

CORSET, \$4.50

Wait till you see yourself with this willowy new hip-to-bosom waistline. It's grace and chic easily obtained in a comfortable front-lace garment of fine peach brocade, boned especially well (though not excessively) and finished with smooth zipper fastener.



New Spring
Hosiery Shades

Featured in Kayser, Orient,
Supersilk and Corticelli

SILK
HOSIERY

Experts tell us it's the little things like well-chad legs and feet that give a person that

"well-groomed" look—so when planning your Spring wardrobe remember to choose hosiery in the right shade to complete your outfit. Lovely soft tones in crepe, medium chiffon, sheer chiffon, semiservice and service weights in the above makes. Prices from

89¢ to \$1.65

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will arise after the war is won and our comrades demobilized into civil life.

"The Canadian Legion is sponsoring, and the members of the Legion are themselves generously contributing to, this splendid movement and ask for your added financial support."

"We cannot all don uniforms, but we will show our fighting men that we can and will do our full share in their interests while we enjoy

home comforts which will not be their privilege until the war is over.

"Allow me to add my appeal for your continuing support to the Legion's effort to put Victoria's full quota of ten thousand dollars well over the top during the coming week."

Canadian Legion officials handling the drive in Victoria are as follows:
Campaign committee: Chairman, A. B. H. Okell, vice-chairman, R.

ON MONDAY FEBRUARY 12, THE CANADIAN LEGION WAR SERVICES

Commenced a drive across Canada for the purpose of raising \$500,000 to finance the important task of providing educational, personal, entertainment, recreation and other services of our fighting forces. This undertaking has the approval and active co-operation of the Dominion Government.

We Solicit Your Aid and Co-operation
Canadian Legion War Services, Inc.

SPENCER'S REMNANTS DANCE

Chamber of Commerce
Tuesday, February 20
Dancing 9 P.M. to 1 A.M.
Radio Given Away Free
Len Acres' Orchestra
Admission, 50c, including
Refreshments
Tickets on Sale at Drug
Department

C. Farrow, treasurer, C. A. Gill; secretary, J. T. Gawthrop. Chairman of sub-committees: A. G. P. Gadsden, military; J. Whitcomb, naval; W. C. Pyle, air force; P. H. Winn, business; Colonel J. S. Latta, public services. Chairman of special committee, J. H. Frank.

She: "Am I the first girl you ever kissed?"
He: "Now that you mention it, you do look familiar."

GARCIA AND ARMSTRONG WILL BATTLE THURSDAY

40,000 Expected To Witness Bout In Southern Ring

Gilmore Stadium in Los Angeles Will Be Scene of Important Fight This Week—Garcia Says He Will Knock Out Welterweight Champion—Big Weight Advantage to Filipino

LOS ANGELES, Feb. 17 (AP)—Cecilio Garcia, claimant of the world's middleweight championship, not only believes he will defeat Welterweight Champion Henry Armstrong in their ten-round battle on Thursday night, but that he will knock the little brown bomber out.

The Filipino ascribes his loss by a decision to the fact that he was weakened in making the 147-pound welterweight limit.

Garcia, who speaks with an accent but who is no dummy in repartee, repeated his version of the brilliant fifteen-round encounter as he wound up another training session today.

"You remember the bout was postponed from September to November when Armstrong supposedly injured his back. He didn't hurt it so bad he couldn't go bowling two nights later, but, anyhow, I was in perfect condition for the first date.

Will Swim Here Saturday



PICTURED above are five of Coach Ray Daughters' Washington Athletic Club mermals, who will compete in the international swimming gala Saturday evening at the Crystal Garden pool. Pitted against the invading American stars will be the pick of Victoria's swimmers, and followers of the aquatic pastime.

West's Reach Final Of Cup-Tie Series By Beating Rangers

Greenshirts Advance to Last Round of McGavin Cup Football Competition by 5-3 Victory—Esquimalt and City to Clash Today

Victoria West football team moved into the final round of the McGavin Cup series, yesterday afternoon, at the Athletic Park, by eliminating the Rangers in the semi by a 5-3 score before a small turnout of the faithful. The greenshirts will now clash with the survivors of the afternoon's match at Bullen Park between Esquimalt and Victoria City for the silverware donated a few seasons ago by the city's chief magistrate.

The Rangers, up from the intermediate league this season, fought hard but they lacked scoring punch in the danger zone. They turned in a creditable performance at that, and gave Goalie Joe Travis plenty of work during the ninety minutes.

The Wests took the lead in the early minutes when Fred Williams headed the ball past Saunders after Alex Dallimore had crossed beautifully from his left wing. Richardson had tough luck during the Rangers' attack, his drive hitting the upright with terrific force. It wasn't long before the greenshirts were two goals ahead when Dallimore fired a fast first timer to the far top corner of the net, well out of the goalie's reach.

TWO PENALTIES

A penalty for pushing Richardson off the ball against Jack O'Neil gave the Rangers their first goal, McCallum scoring from the spot. Just previous Richardson, narrowly missed with a header. Another penalty was whistled against the Wests several minutes later when Roy O'Neil handled a drive headed for the goal. Richardson's shot got away from Goalie Travis and crossed the line to the score of two.

A few minutes before the half ended, Johnny Munroe beat Saunders to the ball after Chuck Restell had kicked strongly to the penalty area. Munroe fired in fast and curved the ball out of the goalie's reach to the corner of the net. It was 3-2 for the Wests at the change over.

In the final half, Cooper replaced Duncan on the West line-up and Bowfield substituted for Stokes for the Rangers. Not long after the period got under way Tonkin went out for Munroe, who injured his leg in the first session. Richardson headed over during one of the Rangers' strong attacks. Then Tonkin stretched the Wests' lead with a high drive which caught the top corner just under the bar.

RANGERS SCORE

The Rangers kept on trying and a foul was called against Travis for too many steps. The Wests' defence was caught flat footed on the play as one of the Rangers players slipped the ball over to Fuller, who scored.

PRACTICAL THEORY

Socialist Father: "What do you mean by playing 'truant'?" What makes you stay away from school?" Son: "Class hatred, father."

AMHERST

Favorites in Canada—East to West!

AMHERST OLD RYE (7 Years Old)	16 oz. \$1.70	25 oz. \$2.05	40 oz. \$4.05
AMHERST ALTO RYE (5 Years Old)	13 oz. \$1.25	25 oz. \$2.35	40 oz. \$3.55
AMHERST CRYSTAL DRY GIN	12 oz. \$1.20	25 oz. \$2.30	40 oz. \$3.40

AMHERST DISTILLERS LIMITED, Amherstburg, Ontario

FENSKE WINS BAXTER MILE IN NEW YORK

Beats Strong Field, Including Cunningham, in Madison Square Garden

NEW YORK, Feb. 17 (AP)—Chuck Fenske, the 1940 mile-running sensation, won his winning streak to five straight tonight in capturing the twenty-seventh running of the New York A.C.'s Baxter Mile in 4:07.4, before a crowd of 15,000 at Madison Square Garden.

Larry O'Connor, of Toronto, just mazed in the sixty-yard hurdles (final) when he bowed to Allan Tolmich, of Detroit. But the Detroit had to set a new indoor record of :07.1 to shade the Canadian sprinter and former British Empire Games star.

The time was one-tenth of a second better than in 1938 and equalled by O'Connor in last year's games.

Putting on a killing sprint for the last three-quarters of a lap, the bespectacled University of Wisconsin graduate student, collapsed, fouled and was won by three yards.

The time squallied the fastest ever recorded indoors for a competitive race, turned in by Glenn Cunningham in the 1938 Knights of Columbus Games and matched by Fenske two years ago in the Milwaukee meet, when he beat Cunningham by three yards.

WORST DEFEAT

Tonight Glenn suffered his worst defeat of his poorest season. Beaten five times up to this race, once by Gene Venke and four times by Fenske, he could do no better than fourth as Venke shaded him for third place. They were clocked in identical time, 4:08.8, while Zampieri, who had gone into the lead with two laps to go, was timed in 4:07.9.

This was the second time this winter that four milers finished under 4:09. The Milrose was the other.

Greg Rice, former Notre Dame captain, earned his score with Don Lach for the season at three-all by winning the two-mile run in 9:04.2. Lach, for once, didn't even figure in the closing sprint, in which Rice opened up a five-yard margin on Tommy Deckard.

Long John Woodruff won his second straight half-mile race, of the mile to take the Mat Halpin 880 in 1:52.8, equal to the meet and Garden records.

INDIAN BROOM IS FINISHED

Major Austin Taylor Announces That Famous Horse Now Retired

VANCOUVER, Feb. 17 (AP)—Major Austin Taylor, Vancouver financier whose racehorses have made a name for themselves throughout North America, said today his famous Indian Broom is being retired as a saddle pony.

The Broom set a still unbroken world record for the mile and one-eighth at Tanforan in 1936, covering the distance in 1:17.5, after a few weeks later ran third in the Kentucky Derby.

He's at the stage now, or was in his last few engagements, where he liked to run with the leaders for a while regardless of pace, and then drop back for no apparent reason. Taylor said. "If he was in a mile race and the winner finished in 1:40, The Broom would trail in 1:40.3-5."

VALUE OF EDUCATION

FRANK: "Have you got enough money for a cup of coffee?"

FRESHMAN: "Oh I'll manage somehow, thank you."

Godoy's Style Baffles the Champion



Baffling Heavyweight Champion Joe Louis, the challenger from Chile, Arturo Godoy, won the plaudits of the crowd which witnessed the New York fight, by his unusual ring tactics. During the match Arturo actually kissed the Brown Bomber, as his antics prevented Joe from getting set for a kill. Going into a deep crouch and keeping close to the champion, who could not land his blows with their usual telling effect, the South American went the entire route of fifteen rounds, Louis getting a split decision to retain his title.

"RED SPOT" Super-Speed Elements give maximum heat—with a rush. You can boil a quart of water in a few minutes and use less power.

MOFFAT Electric Ranges

have RED SPOT Elements as standard equipment on all models.

KENT'S, LTD.
641 YATES STREET
PHONE E 6013

Pep Kelly Scoring Star in Toronto's Hockey Victory 3-1

Drives Home Two Goals Within Ten Seconds in Second Period to Give Leafs Much-Needed Triumph Over Canadiens—Hornor Starts Fight—Three Games Set This Evening

HOW THEY STAND

Team	W	L	T	GF	GA	PTS
Rangers	21	7	1	115	64	43
Toronto	24	4	4	138	74	52
Boston	18	14	5	99	81	41
Chicago	16	16	2	76	87	34
Detroit	12	20	4	64	88	30
Americans	11	21	7	75	114	24
Canadiens	9	23	4	69	111	22

Next Games

Tonight—Toronto at Canadiens, Chicago at Americans; Rangers at Detroit.

TORONTO, Feb. 17 (AP)—A one-man scoring spree by Regis (Pep) Kelly, of Toronto, broke up a losing National Hockey League battle tonight and gave the Maple Leafs a 3-1 victory over Montreal's puckless Canadiens.

The triumph netted Toronto two much-needed points as they attempted to stave off the rush of the Chicago Black Hawks toward the third round of the league standings. The loss prevented the Canadiens from jumping from the cellar into a sixth-place tie with New York's ice Americans.

Kelly rapped in two quick goals late in the second period to break a 1-1 tie and take the fire out of a game that threatened to develop into a riot at times. The midge right-winger scored twice within ten seconds and Canadiens never rallied from this reverse.

Residual (Red) Hornor all but went berserk in the first period when he took on Ray Gelfin and rookie Rhys Thompson in a punishment duel that netted him major and misconduct penalties. Gelfin drew a minor and a misconduct, and Thompson got a misconduct for taunting Hornor while the redhead held sway in the penalty box.

The rival defencemen, rookie Wally Stanowski, of Toronto, and veteran Doug Young, of Canadiens, shared starring honors with the midge Kelly. The customers numbered 11,035.

LINE-UPS

Montreal—Cude; Buswell, Young, Demers; Blake, Poirier, Suba; Thompson, Drouin, Lorrain, Trudel; Gelfin, Mantha, Goupile, Mondou, Sands.

Toronto—Broda; Kampman, Hornor, N. Metz; Drillon, Davidson, Suba; Chamberlain, Kelly, Marker, Church, Heron, Stanowski, Langelle, Chisholm, Goldup.

Officials—Teddy Graham and Hal Day.

SUMMARY

First Period—1. Toronto, Heron (Chamberlain, Chisholm), 16:25. Penalties, Blake, Kampman, Gelfin (2, minor and misconduct), Thompson (misconduct).

Second Period—2. Canadiens, Gelfin (Sands-Young), 15:09; 3. Toronto, Kelly (Chamberlain, Church, Heron, Stanowski, Kelly, Chamberlain-Heron), 17:25. Penalties: Hornor (2), Drouin.

Third Period—No scoring. Penalties: Kampman, Mantha.

IF THE heat was run in 1362-5 he would finish in 137.

Taylor said he would not run the seven-year-old in any claiming races because The Broom is not for sale and someone might file a claim.

Major Austin Taylor will spend his remaining years on the A.C.T. Stock Farm at nearby Langley Prairie.

EARLY BIRD

"Willie," asked teacher, "what comes before six?"

And was Willie piped up with: "The milkman!"

Chalcedon Is Out Of \$50,000 Race

MIAMI, Feb. 17 (AP)—Chalcedon, the "horse" of 1939, today was declared out of the March 2 running of the \$50,000 Widener Challenge Cup at Hialeah Park by his owner, W. L. Brann.

Brann said the four-year-old colt had been training well at Columbus, S.C., but he did not think he was ready for such a hard race.

MUSIC EXAMINATIONS TO BE HELD IN JUNE

The Trinity College of Music will send examiners from London to conduct the examinations in practical work here, arriving in Victoria in the latter part of June. Written examinations will be held in over

twenty countries of the world, several hundreds of centres being included. Victoria among them. These will be held on June 2. Applicants for examination in all branches of music and elocution by the Trinity College of Music should file their names on or before March 10. Application forms, syllabus and full particulars may be obtained from the local secretary, Mary McCoy Jameson, 1001 Foyle Bay Road.

TOO COSTLY

He had passed all the tests and was being recruited sergeant, giving particulars.

"Married or single?" he was asked.

"Married."

"Any children?"

"Eleven."

"Sorry, chum. Too expensive. We could get a couple of generals for that money."

British Consols Cigarettes

IF YOU ROLL YOUR OWN YOU'LL ENJOY BRITISH CONSOLS CIGARETTE TOBACCO

A REAL SERVICE!

Arrangements have been completed by Mr. W. A. McAdam, Acting Agent-General for British Columbia in London, England, for the assembling and forwarding of parcels of Soldiers' Comforts to the value of \$1, \$2, \$3 or \$5, to the British Columbia Contingents of His Majesty's Overseas Forces.

For particulars apply to the

BRITISH COLUMBIA GOVERNMENT TRAVEL BUREAU

DEPARTMENT OF TRADE AND INDUSTRY, Parliament Buildings, Victoria, B.C.

BOWLING

ARCADE ALLEYS

CITY SENIOR TENPIN LEAGUE

Purdy, 487; 2. P. 487; 3. P. 487; 4. P. 487; 5. P. 487; 6. P. 487; 7. P. 487; 8. P. 487; 9. P. 487; 10. P. 487.

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NOW! SHOWING ALL WEEK!
HOORAY! IT'S HERE! RECORD CROWDS LINE UP TO GREET THIS
HAPPY ENTERTAINMENT! GLORIOUS IN MUSIC!
GLORIOUS IN SONG!

MUSING, amazing, astounding adventures
with the laughable, lovable, lyrical folk
of Lilliput! There's Gabby, Sneak, Snop
and Snitch, and all the famous characters!

GULLIVER'S TRAVELS

EXTRA!
"THE FIRST DAYS"
The story of London in the
First Days of the Present
World War

"UNUSUAL OCCUPATIONS"
All in Color

PETE SMITH SPECIAL
"ROMANCE OF THE POTATO"
NEWS

CAPITOL
Daily 12-1 • Phone G 6811

ATLAS
STARTS MONDAY! FOR 2
DAYS
11 Miles Yes! Spellbound! Gay, Spiraling,
Comical, and Marvellous!

**LORETTA • DAVID
YOUNG • NIVEN**

**"ETERNALLY
YOURS"**

HUGH HERBERT • BILLIE BURKE
C. AUBREY SMITH • ZASU PITTS

AND A ROOTIN', TOOTIN'
TENDERFOOT SETS OUT TO TAKE
THE WEST!

**"Henry Goes
Arizona"**
FRANK MORGAN • VIRGINIA
WEIDLER

TWO HITS! MONDAY ONLY!
• EVERY MAN FOR HIMSELF IN THIS
THRILL ENTERTAINMENT

The 'Dead End' Kids
WITH THE
Little Tough Guys
At 12:00, 2:00, 4:00, 6:00, 8:00, 10:15, 12:15

'Call a Messenger'
EXTRA!
—EDGAR KENNEDY COMEDY
NEWS

SCOOPE!
Action! Thrills!
• SEE THE MAN WHO WENT
THE DISTANCE WITH JOE
LOUIS

Joe Louis
Vs.
Arturo Godoy
Fight Pictures
At 1:15, 3:30, 5:45, 7:55, 10:15, 12:15
EVERY SEAT A KINGSIDE!

DOMINION • 20c DAILY 12-1

MON., TUES., WED. **CADET** PHONE G 2322

"I AM THE LAW"
EDWARD G. ROBINSON • JOHN REAL • WENDY BARRIE

PLUS
"SPIRIT OF CULVER"
JACKIE COOPER • FREDDIE BARTHOLOMEW
Starts at 6:30 P.M.
COMING THURSDAY — "NINOTCHKA"

PHONE E-2943

THE GREAT FUN
FLYING DEUCES
HEARTY LAUGHS

Love, Romance
DEATH OF A CHAMPION
WHAT PRICE SAFETY?
—MONTY BELL—
—MONTY BELL—
—MONTY BELL—

PERSONAL APPEARANCE

CAPTAIN DOBBSIE
OF "SHIP OF JOY" FAME — RADIO STATION KOMO, SEATTLE
MASTER OF CEREMONIES

"Kiwanis Kapers of 1940"
A REVUE - MUSIC - COMEDY - DANCING
ROYAL VICTORIA THEATRE
THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 22 - 8:30 P.M.
Tickets From Any Kiwanian or at 1453 Douglas Street

**PASS EXAMINATIONS
FOR CIVIL SERVICE**

The Canada Gazette announces
the following have passed civil
service examinations:

Clerk, grade 1, Victoria and Esquimalt, supplementary to eligible
list established December 15, 1939—
Cotton, William Alfred; McIntosh,
David Livingston; Fox, Thomas
George; Charles, Taylor, Donald
Beverly; Vincent, Charles; Neil,
Phillips, John Philip; Allen, Fred-
erick Thomas; Trace, Jack Rich-
dale; Little, Alan Edward; Eddie,
James William; Osman, Archibald
Henry; Craig, Kenneth Major;
Barracough, Henry Newton; Green-
smith, Norman William; McEwen,
Alex Robert; Hodgson, Geoffrey;
Vain, Harold Gurney; Jack, Casilio
Armand; Galileo, Lyle; Albert
Daniel; DeGlorio, Andre Gae-
tano; Hodgson, Maurice; Jamieson,
William Malcolm; Niven, Robert
Steele; White, Joseph Lewis; Jones,
David Thomas; Carr, Edwin John;

Harbinson, Eric Jesse; Duckworth,
Benjamin; Wright, William Lionel;
Zala, Arthur Ernest; Comerford,
Christopher Patrick; Lindsay, Robert
Ernest; Wickens, Percy Frank;
"Hill, Rowlands F. O.A.S.; "Wodell,
John Herbert; "Kirtin, Harry
James.

"Indicates candidate lacks re-
sidence in locality for past year.
Office boys, Victoria, government
offices: Sawyer, Charles Gordon;
Moore, Boyd Howard; Robinson,
James Arthur; Roberts, John Ed-
mund Henry; Robinson, Donald
Arthur; Henry, Vincent; Jones,
James Eric; Taylor, Roy Edward;
Wickens, David Noel; Wheeler,
Bertram James; Wilson, Leslie
Harvey.

Even in these days economy can
be overdone. If you doubt it, listen
to Rev. E. Stevens, vicar of Ashford
Middlesex. Here's his appeal from
the pulpit the other Sunday:
"I have no objection to buttons
being put in the offertory plate, but
please do not take them off the
hassocks."

Husband to friends: "Do you
know that my wife has the hardest
part in the whole play?"
Wife: "Why? Tom, what do you
mean—you know I don't say a
word."
Husband: "I know—that's why it's
hard."

Plays and Players

"Call a Messenger" on The Screen at Dominion

"The Dead End Kids" appear again in a new feature, "Call a Messenger," now showing at the Dominion Theatre.

In addition to these youngsters, who have won such acclaim, the picture stars Robert Armstrong and Anne Nagel. Sharing honors with the "Kids" are "The Little Tough Guys" in a new dramatic comedy of

WALTER WANGER'S COMEDY AT ATLAS

"Eternally Yours" is Fast-Moving
Film With Loretta Young and
David Niven

Walter Wanger's comedy romance, "Eternally Yours," which will open tomorrow at the Atlas Theatre, is a most welcome addition to film fare. It is fast-moving, sparkling modern-day comedy, brilliantly directed, smartly mounted and played by a cast of outstanding stars and players.

Loretta Young and David Niven are the starring duo, and both of these top-notch actors turn in grand performances. The supporting cast is enhanced by such well-known performers as Billie Burke, Hugh Herbert, Zasu Pitts, Broderick Crawford and Ralph Graves. The direction was by Tay Garnett, who has brought to the production smoothness, swiftness, drama and suspense.

"CLIVE OF INDIA" COMING TO PLAZA

Ronald Colman Plays Title Role of
Great English Hero—To
Open Tomorrow

"Clive of India," Darryl F. Zanuck's first million-dollar production for 20th Century Pictures, comes to the Plaza Theatre tomorrow with Ronald Colman starred in the title role.

The story, which traces the life of Robert Clive from a twenty-five-dollar-a-year clerk in the East India Company to the conqueror of a nation, stresses the private life of one of England's heroes and the part his lovely wife played in his triumphs and defeats. "Clive of India" is released through United Artists.

CADET TO SHOW "I AM THE LAW"

Edward G. Robinson Depicts Fight-
ing Prosecutor in Anti-
Gangland Story

Painted against the stark background of a big city and replete with fresh dramatic turns which make it a great original amongst the more familiar types of anti-gangland films, Columbia's "I Am the Law," which will open tomorrow at the Cadet Theatre, with Edward G. Robinson convincingly acting as its dynamic, gang-busting, fighting prosecutor. Robinson's performance is superb.

Otto Kruger is peerless as the glove-smooth czar of the racketeers. The story concerns the idealistic aim of a law professor to rid the city of murderous gangsters.

Barbara O'Neil is seen as a competent helper of her professional husband in his campaign, while Wendy Barrie is a beautiful but vicious feminine adjunct to Kruger.

C.C.F. MEETINGS

Mrs. Grace McInnis and the C.C.F. candidate for the Victoria Federal riding, Kenneth McAllister, will address a campaign meeting in the James Bay C.C.F. Hall, 27 Boyd Street, on Wednesday, at 8 p.m.

On Friday a rally of C.C.F. members, campaign workers and friends will be held in the English Bakery Hall, 724 Fort Street. Speakers will include Mrs. McInnis and Mr. McAllister.

LIVELY SHOW IS ARRANGED BY CLUB

The committee in charge of the programme for "Kiwanis Kapers" has completed its duties and feels that this year's offering will be quite up to the standard set by previous performances.

The club is fortunate in having been able to again engage Captain Dobbsie, popular American radio entertainer, as master of ceremonies, and under his direction a snappy show will be run off.

Newcomers to Victoria are two C.B.C. artists, Bob and Fred, who will present several minutes of fast-moving comedy and song. Several colorful dance numbers will be offered by local dance studios, these items being always well received by "Kapers" audiences.

Comedy tumbling and a near-professional hand balancing act, a roller-skating number and several popular musical ensembles serve to round out an attractive evening's entertainment.

Tickets are selling rapidly and the indications point to the Royal Victoria Theatre being well filled next Thursday evening when the Kiwanis Club presents their annual show in aid of their charitable objectives fund.

Even in these days economy can be overdone. If you doubt it, listen to Rev. E. Stevens, vicar of Ashford Middlesex. Here's his appeal from the pulpit the other Sunday:
"I have no objection to buttons being put in the offertory plate, but please do not take them off the hassocks."

Husband to friends: "Do you know that my wife has the hardest part in the whole play?"
Wife: "Why? Tom, what do you mean—you know I don't say a word."
Husband: "I know—that's why it's hard."

Tiny Members of Royalty



King Little of Lilliput and His Royal Visitor, King Bombo of Blefuscu in a Scene From "Gulliver's Travels," the Technicolor Cartoon Which Is Currently Featured at the Capitol Theatre.

"Gulliver's Travels" Is Filmed in Technicolor

After two years of work by some two hundred artists and the expenditure of more money than it is good taste to mention, "Gulliver's Travels," Max Fleischer's full-length animated cartoon in Technicolor reaches the screen. It is currently featured at the Capitol Theatre.

"Gulliver" is the first picture of this kind to be produced since Walt Disney's "Snow White" of two seasons ago and the first ever to issue from Paramount studios.

"Gulliver's Travels" comes from Jonathan Swift's immortal classic of the same name, which, since its first appearance two centuries ago, has been read by countless millions of children and adults alike and been translated into virtually every language on earth.

As translated on to celluloid by Fleischer, the Swift story deviates from the original only in the slightest degree. Like the book it plots the amazing adventures of the English seaman whom an ocean storm shipwrecked on a far-away island of miniature people, tiny buildings and minuscule vegetation. All the main characters in the picture—with one notable exception—are the unique, lovable creatures Dean Swift drew and the situations come directly from his unforgettable tale.

PRINTING GROUP NAMES OFFICERS

Donald McDiarmid Named Presi-
dent of Government Club—D.
Spencer Guest Speaker

At the annual meeting of the Government Printing Crafts and Social Club held recently, Donald McDiarmid was elected president. Other officers chosen were Miss Lillian Parfitt, secretary-treasurer; Mrs. J. Nelson and R. Foster, bindery representatives; Nick Robertson, composing room; H. Adams and S. Vivian, proofreaders; Miss Margaret Mathews, office and honorary president; Charles F. Banfield, King's Printer.

The guest speaker was David Spencer, manager of the Vancouver Bindery, Ltd., who spoke on "Old Books and Bookbinders." In his address, Mr. Spencer gave an interesting account of early bindings which were done by the monks in the fourth century and traced the growth from Arabia to Italy, France, Germany and England. He stated that the reign of Henry VIII was known as the golden era of book-binding.

Mr. Spencer illustrated his talk with some old, precious bindings showing the skill and beauty of hand-binding. In comparing the modern binding to the old, he stated that while workmanship in the craft had advanced yet the design has become mass-minded.

"This is," he said, "a copy book era, and while beautiful leather of all kinds are coming into force combined with tools and equipment of all kinds, yet this age gives too few men time to create—bookbinding should be a creative art."

Mr. Banfield moved the vote of thanks to the speaker. During the evening, Jack Dempster, accordion player, delighted the audience with several solos and J. J. Matthews, baritone, accompanied by Steve Russell, contributed a group of solos.

To Appear in Kapers Show

FRED USHER AND BOB Mc GILL

Talented radio artists, who will appear on the "Kiwanis Kapers of 1940" programme at the Royal Victoria Theatre, Thursday, February 22, "Bob and Fred," as they are professionally known, are now attached to the Royal Canadian Engineers at Victoria. Before enlisting they were heard on their own programme over radio station CKCK at Regina, Sas.

SIGNS OF THE TIMES

Sir—The most wonderful and miraculous occurrences are taking place before our eyes today, and let the enemies of this Commonwealth ponder this fact. The hand of Almighty God is at work defending us; let those who would doubt the security of this Christian Commonwealth weigh their words; let us speak boldly of God before the world a world that would belittle such thoughts.

The serious weather conditions in Europe is causing great anxiety to the German High Command. The

GET ONE COLD AFTER ANOTHER?

Take Scott's Emulsion! It's the tonic many doctors recommend to help the body build resistance to common colds. It's the better—more palatable—way to take cod liver oil. Even children love it! And, Scott's Emulsion is a very economical way to obtain the important vitamins A and D.

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RECOGNIZED

"The blue-jacket gazed proudly at the engagement ring he had placed on her finger three days before.
"Did your girl friends admire it?" he inquired.
"They did more than that," she replied. "Two of them recognized it!"



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SEVEN RULES THAT SHOULD BE OBSERVED

Applicants for Loans Under
National Housing Act
Must Study These

If you intend to build under the National Housing Act, there are seven things to do in order to obtain a loan:

1. Select a lot.
2. Have plans prepared.
3. Fill in the Memorandum Specification Form supplied by the Housing Administration.
4. Have in cash or land, or both, an amount equal to at least 20 per cent of the total cost of land and building. (If the total cost is under \$2,500 you need only have 10 per cent.)
5. Get lenders from several builders for the proposed home.
6. Make arrangements to have the construction supervised in your own interests.
7. Be prepared to show that the total cost of the house you propose to erect is in proportion to your income.

If you do not already own a lot it is advisable to get an option only on it until you are assured that it is on which a loan can be obtained. It should not be looked upon as a hardship that there is any restriction in regard to location. The finest house in a poorly selected district will depreciate so rapidly as to be unsaleable in a few years. Build in a protected and zoned area if possible.

PLANS ESSENTIAL

Plans which show the construction and layout on a proper scale (preferably 1/4" to foot) are essential if you wish to obtain a competitive price from the builder. Design also is dependent upon a careful scale drawing, without which proportion of detail is impossible. Plans must be drawn to comply with the Housing Administration's "Minimum Standards of Construction," folder No. N. H. 21.

No more useful document than the Memorandum Specifications has been prepared by the Housing Administration. It enables the owner to be sure that he has covered every point necessary to ensure sound construction. It contains a fund of information and advice on sound building methods. Such specifications prevent many disputes between owner and builder, and in event of any disagreement form the basis of adjustment.

It is essential that the owner has his share of the money in cash or land before the application is approved. No mortgage money will be advanced until the owner's share has been expended.

Neither the Lending Institution nor the Government is a party to the contract between you and the builder, and nothing contained in any literature or contract between you and the Lending Institution in any way creates the impression that they are looking after the construction of your house as an inspector for the owner. In fact, the necessity of employing a reputable builder of experience is emphasized and it is also advised that an architect is retained to protect the owner's interest.

It is a sound rule that the total cost of your home should not exceed two and a half times your annual income, and that your total monthly payments should not exceed 20 per cent of your monthly income.

QUESTIONS

What is the rate of interest? Five per cent per annum.

Over what period is the loan amortized? Any period from ten to twenty years.

How often do payments have to be made? Monthly.

The payments are so arranged that the totals of the principal and interest remain constant during the repayment period. The principal

payments increasing as the interest payments decrease.

What is the monthly payment on a twenty-year loan? It amounts to \$6.54 for every \$1,000 borrowed.

PROPER PLAN IS ESSENTIAL

Design and Construction
Should Be Supervised
By Expert

There are several important points that should be thoroughly considered by those contemplating building a house.

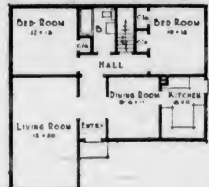
Due to public reaction against the poorly designed, jerry built houses of a few years ago, more and more small houses are being designed and supervised by qualified architects. It should be born in mind that the smaller the house, the more difficult it is to plan it well. Here the architect's services are really a necessity.

The public is beginning to think as well as feel about houses. Not so long ago the prospective home owner was more interested in the appeal of colorful walls, gleaming metal and amazing new work-saving devices than in the less romantic business of looking behind the walls, under the floors and beneath the roof. Today, the public is not so emotional. Instead of being interested in how the house will look in twenty years than how it looks the day it is finished. And there is only one way to know about these

Even a dream-house must have a good foundation, good walls, floor and roof—built to definite standards—if the house is to last.

The men who finance houses do not get emotional about atmosphere and color in a house. They are more interested in how the house will look in twenty years than how it looks the day it is finished. And there is only one way to know about these

Bungalow Plan Features Kitchen



WHILE the exterior of this little English cottage is nicely composed and has considerable charm and merit, the kitchen is the spot that will no doubt catch the eye of the fortunate woman that may enjoy its many convenient features.

The sketch plainly shows the compact arrangement and convenient floor plan and a good idea can be had from the illustration of the exterior of just how cozy the house seems and how nicely the white claspboard walls and the roof is

thrown into prominence by using a darker color, such as a dark purple, for strong contrast, or dark green or brown for a more conservative scheme.

Steel casements should be used for all the windows. The front door should be a heavy affair, on hand-wrought hardware, and all interior woodwork would feel at home if darkly stained and waxed. A one-car garage, recreation room, laundry and furnace room may be contained in the basement.

things, and that is to know what is behind the show and glitter.

The qualified architect today is the owner's representative. He knows how to combine an attractive exterior, good planning and new labor-saving ideas. His supervision of construction is the best insurance the prospective home-owner can afford. The comparatively small fee charged by the architect is saved many times over by insuring good construction and reducing depreciation by the use of proper materials and correct design.

CONVERTING PANTRY
TO BREAKFAST NOOK

When the old-fashioned kitchen is being remodelled and an entire new unit installed, the large pantry closet that was always found in such a room is often unnecessary with the new arrangement. A breakfast nook can easily be built in this place.

Benches can be built in on either side and upholstered, with a table supported by only one leg at the end. A mirror on the back wall to give the appearance of depth will greatly enhance the nook.

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ADEQUATE WIRING

A complete chart and advice on wiring in your home is available by phoning G 7121, Electrical Service Bureau. In addition, if you are planning to remodel your present home or building a new one, our adviser, Mr. J. R. Brown, will, on request, lay out complete wiring plans for you. These services are absolutely free.

KITCHEN PLANNING

This bureau will plan a new kitchen for your new home, or suggest ways of modernizing the old to save steps, offer suggestions as to color schemes, conveniences, and so on. It is a free service. Phone G 7121, Kitchen Planning Service; Mr. J. R. Brown will give you full particulars.

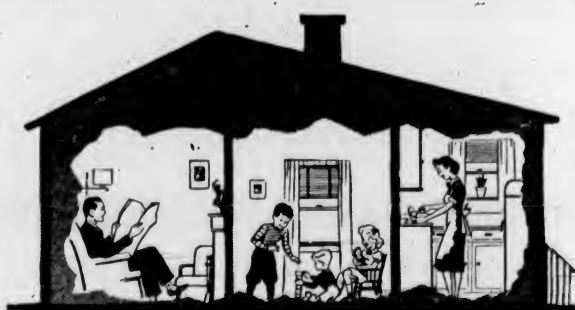
ELECTRIC RANGE WIRING

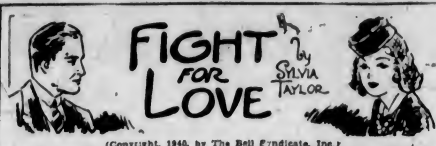
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CHAPTER LIX

The day the divorce was granted Star went to see Mamie, who had not as yet been informed of her daughter's plans. Star realized gratefully. She was wearing a clean dress and her hair was neatly combed. Mrs. Brady had done a great deal for Mamie's appearance, and Mamie had begun to take more interest in how she looked, and was keeping herself better groomed.

Deciding to break her news immediately, Star said, "I've something to tell you, mother."

"And I've something to tell you," Mamie interrupted. She picked up the evening paper and showed Star a picture of Mrs. Milton Wood.

"This is that woman who used to come to see the man in number eleven," Mamie said excitedly. "Mrs. Brady said all the time she was some society dame."

Utterly unprepared for this, Star managed to say, "She doesn't look like the same old me. You see, mother, I know Mrs. Wood. I worked for her husband while Mrs. Lambert was away."

"You did?" Mamie exclaimed impressed. "Well, how was I to know it? You didn't tell me anything about it. You are always so cagey about your affairs."

"I'm trying to tell you now," Star explained. "Mr. Wood and I are going to be married in Thursday."

Mamie's eyes opened wide. "You're marrying this Milton Wood? Why, Star Bright, then you must have known who she was all the time."

Star had never lied to her mother before but if Mamie knew the truth she would tell Milton, and the girl had taken a solemn vow that never again should he be hurt by any mention of Jennifer's conduct.

"Mrs. Wood is not the woman I passed on the stairs," she declared. "This picture does have some resemblance but they are not the same. I've seen Mrs. Wood too many times."

That settled it. Mamie's face fell at having her bit of gossip blasted but immediately lighted up at the prospect of her daughter marrying the wealthy Mr. Wood.

"Well, Star, I don't know how you do it but I've got to give you credit. I suppose you'll live in his big house and have everything."

"No. We're going to live in an apartment and build a house of our own next year."

Mamie beamed. "Everything certainly happens at once. Mrs. Brady is moving away, too. Going to Seattle. Have you told your future husband about me?"

"Milton has been very kind," Star said. "He is going to give you the same amount I've been paying, so you won't have to move."

"But I don't want to stay here any more after Mrs. Brady leaves. Why can't I come to live with you? You'll have a big place with servants so I won't be any trouble."

"That's impossible," Star began.

but Mamie blurted, "You're ashamed of me! You've always been ashamed of me! After all I've done for you!"

A shadow crossed the girl's face but there was no hint of weakening in her reply.

"I'm sorry to disappoint you, mother, but Milton and I prefer to live alone."

"It's what I might expect," muttered Mamie. "But I'm not going to stay in this place by myself."

"I told you long ago I thought you'd be happier in a boarding house," Star reminded her. "You'd have more money for other things if you didn't keep this apartment."

"Will he give me the same amount no matter where I live?"

"Yes, I'm sure he will. He's very generous, but you are not to ask for any more. And if you ever tell him about the resemblance between that woman and his wife, I'll have him stop helping you altogether."

"Why, Star," Mamie said with mock meekness. "You don't think I'd do anything like that?"

"I was to be sure of it," Star replied firmly.

(To Be Continued)

That Body of Yours
JAMES W. BARTON, M.D.

X-RAY OF CHEST BEFORE JOINING THE ARMY

When we were examining for the last war and the recruit was of average weight or near average weight for his build and no tuberculosis could be detected by the usual methods—striking the chest with the fingers to learn the sound, or listening with the stethoscope to get breathing sounds—the recruit was considered to have sound lungs.

Among the recruits that were accepted were some who had had tuberculosis but were apparently healed. Some were able to undergo the preliminary training and actually gain weight; others broke down even during the preliminary training and others after the stress and strain of war. These cases have been a source of much distress to the patients themselves and a great expense to the government.

An editorial in the Canadian Medical Journal states that "there is no need to extol the value of the X-ray in the physical examination of the lungs. To those who spend any time in the tuberculosis institutions it is only too evident that by the routine methods of 'sounding' and 'listening' by means of the stethoscope, one is apt to miss much."

In other words no matter what other methods are used, the examination of the chest for military purposes should be carried out by the X-ray.

What would be gained? An enormous sum of money would be saved the country by preventing the entrance into the army of those whose unfitness is not detected by the ordinary or routine methods. The X-ray should become an "ordinary" method.

If, then, the army is considering the use of the X-rays as an "ordinary" method of examination of the lungs, what about the rest of us? When there is a tired feeling, loss of weight, persistent cough with or without an afternoon rise in temperature, it would be good sense to stop taking cough medicines and tonics and ask your physician about an X-ray examination of the chest. It is not expensive to one regularly employed and is free in most communities to those who are not employed.

The X-ray examination will remove doubt, will show up early tuberculosis, and give every chance for a "cure."

What is a university? Is it as a great thinker once said, only a collection of books?

Most definitions do not matter; but that imported to James A. Garfield struck our innate flare for metaphor and became classic.

As the story has it, Garfield, speaking to a Williams College alumni gathering in New York City in 1872, said:

"My definition of a university is Mark Hopkins at one end of a log and a student at the other."

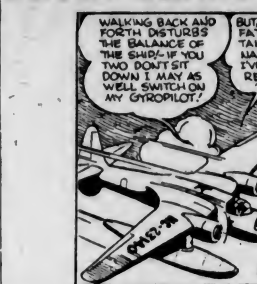
This is the traditional explanation of the well-known line which, however, does not appear in Garfield's address as recorded.

The words are probably a modification of Garfield's statement, in the course of a discussion of what colleges needed in the way of physical equipment, that a log cabin, with a teacher like Mark Hopkins, was a university.

Mark Hopkins, Garfield's "prexy," was endowed with the capacity of inspiring his students to an extraordinary degree, professor of moral philosophy and rhetoric, he was one of America's greatest educators.

(Reprinted by Bell Syndicate)

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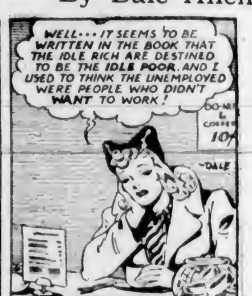
By Russell Keaton



By Bud Fisher



By Dale Allen



By Edgar Bergen



By J. Millar Watt



By Chic Young



LIFE'S LIKE THAT - By Fred Neher



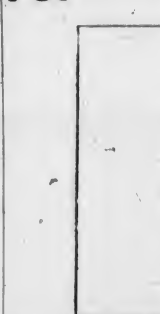
The Skipper Can Read Smoke Signals Just Like an Indian



POPEYE



POP



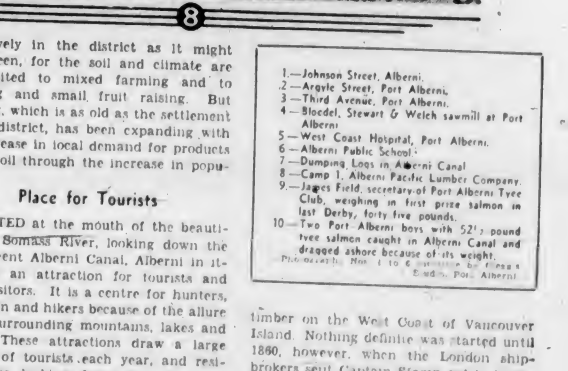
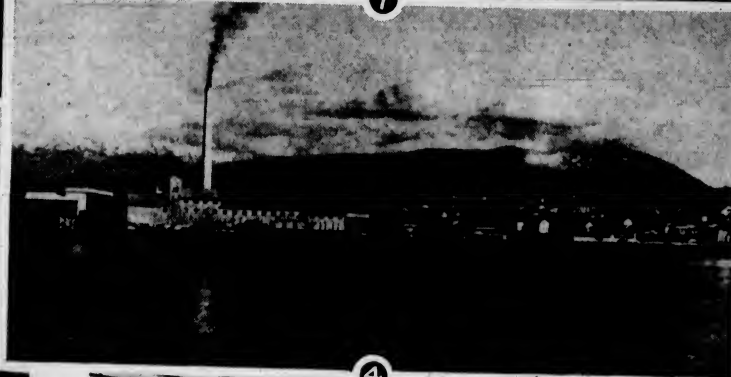
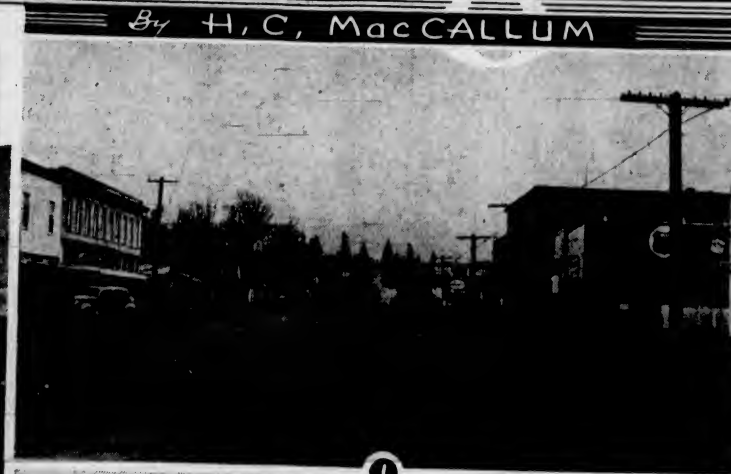
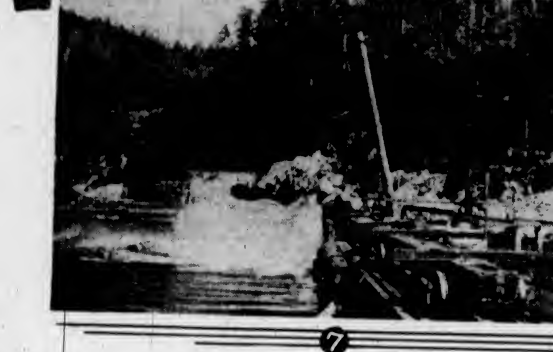
BLONDIE



SAANICH REALTY COMPANY
2500 QUADRA

The Thriving Albernis

By H. C. MacCALLUM



UNDER the shadow of towering, snow-capped Mount Arrowsmith, the twin cities of Alberni and Port Alberni have been experiencing phenomenal growth during the last few years. Both are thriving, active communities which have doubled their population since the bottom of the depression. Alberni from 700 odd to 1,600 and Port Alberni from 2,300 to 4,000, making it the third largest city on Vancouver Island. The end of their growth is not in sight, for the industries upon which the cities depend are expanding steadily and there is reason to believe that new operations will replace those whose life is somewhat limited by the extent of the raw materials at their command.

At present housing accommodation is at a premium in both cities; unoccupied liveable dwellings do not exist. New homes are being built steadily, mostly small but comfortable and of a permanent nature. Both towns in the past have seen the erection of makeshift abodes intended as temporary homes while there was work to be obtained in the district, but these were the buildings of pioneer days when the future was uncertain and obscure. The working man of today—both towns—are pre-eminently the homes of workers—are no longer content with temporary quarters; they are anchoring themselves where there is a future for them and their families and where their children may enjoy the advantages of good schools and organized recreation and entertainment. They take pride in their homes and gardens. This has resulted in the development in both towns of pretty and picturesque residential streets lined with neat gardens and comfortable homes.

Only two miles apart, the corporate limits of Alberni and Port Alberni meet, but they are separate municipal entities which some day probably will be merged. There is keen rivalry between the two towns, but this has not prevented joint action on matters of mutual concern. For example, the high school, modern in every respect, is situated at Port Alberni, but serves both cities by joint arrangement. The West Coast Hospital at Port Alberni is another institution which serves the district rather than a single community and all interests are represented on its board of directors. It has eighty-nine beds and a staff of fifty-five, including twenty-five nurses. It offers a broad plan of hospital insurance to which the various industries subscribe and which includes in its membership the majority of the wage earners in the district and their families. The soundness of the plan has been abundantly proved, for the hospital is well equipped in all its departments and is in a strong financial position, while most institutions of the kind in the province are crippled by deficits and lack of capital for expansion and improvements.

Revival in Alberni
ALBERNI, generally referred to as the Old Town in conversation concerning the Alberni district, is much more alive than the term might indicate. While in the course of the years it has not enjoyed the rate of growth experienced by "The Port," it has experienced a marked revival in recent years and is far from being just another village where nothing happens and nothing changes. As mentioned, its population has doubled since 1931, when the last Dominion census was taken. It has more than 500

water connections, which means more than 500 homes and business buildings. Fifty building permits were issued last year and these showed a total increase of \$66,000 over the value of permits issued in 1938. A fine brick postoffice building is under construction on Johnson Street, the main thoroughfare both for the city and for highway traffic between the Alberni district and the East Coast of Vancouver Island. An \$18,000 theatre is nearing completion, and just outside the city limits a fine new Indian school is being built at a cost of \$165,000. The City Hall, a neat, white stucco building, was completed two years ago, and the public school, completed in 1936, which now has seven teachers and 250 pupils, is one of the finest of its size on Vancouver Island. A city of wide and well-kept streets,

with modern stores and business blocks kept in a first-class state of repair, further improvement is expected immediately; as the city's chief development programme calls for the construction of a number of cement sidewalks in the business section. Outside the city, the Government is reported to be planning early improvement of the Sproat Lake road, which leads into a paradise for hunters, fishermen, hikers and tourists generally, as well as to important logging and sawmill operations. Alberni is largely dependent upon the lumber industry. Many of its residents are employed in logging camps in the Sproat Lake and Great Central Lake districts to the north of the city or in the sawmills at both lakes, or in Port Alberni. Agriculture has not been developed as

extensively in the district as it might have been, for the soil and climate are well suited to mixed farming and to dairying and small fruit raising. But farming, which is as old as the settlement of the district, has been expanding with the increase in local demand for products of the soil through the increase in population.

Place for Tourists

LOCATED at the mouth of the beautiful Somass River, looking down the magnificent Alberni Canal, Alberni in itself has an attraction for tourists and other visitors. It is a centre for hunters, fishermen and hikers because of the allure of the surrounding mountains, lakes and rivers. These attractions draw a large number of tourists each year, and residents are looking forward to the day when there is a highway connection with Comox Lake, thirty miles north, which would lead through a beautiful mountain country and provide a loop route through the rich Comox Valley to link with the Island Highway at Courtenay.

Another highway connection that has been advocated for years would link the Alberni district with Long Beach, where there are miles of fine sands facing onto the Pacific Ocean. At present Long Beach can be reached only by boat, but with a road connection a vast ocean park resort could be developed that would be unique among the many fine tourist attractions of Vancouver Island.

The first development in the Alberni district was started in 1855, when Messrs. Anderson, Anderson & Co., shipbuilders, of London, became interested in reports that there were vast areas of splendid

- 1—Johnson Street, Alberni.
- 2—Argyle Street, Port Alberni.
- 3—Third Avenue, Port Alberni.
- 4—Blodell, Stewart & Welch sawmill at Port Alberni.
- 5—West Coast Hospital, Port Alberni.
- 6—Alberni Public School.
- 7—Dumping Loops in Alberni Canal.
- 8—Camp 1, Alberni Pacific Lumber Company.
- 9—Jagers Field, secretary of Port Alberni Tye Club, weighing in first prize salmon in last Derby, forty five pounds.
- 10—Two Port Alberni boys with 52½ pound tree salmon caught in Alberni Canal and dragged ashore because of its weight.

timber on the West Coast of Vancouver Island. Nothing definite was started until 1860, however, when the London shipbuilders sent Captain Stamp out to investigate and act if the situation warranted. Captain Stamp chose the head of the Alberni Canal, an inlet of great depth, averaging about one and one-half miles in width and reaching from Barkley Sound on the Pacific into the heart of Vancouver Island, as the most suitable place to erect a sawmill. The Andersons received a grant of 1,600 acres of land and timber at the head of the canal and in the same year the Government sent Gilbert M. Sproat with two ships, Meg Merrilies and Woodpecker, to take over the land from the Indians. Several years later the sawmills were built.

Early Settlement

SUCH was the beginning of Port Alberni. For many years it remained a small sawmill and West Coast shipping centre. About 1886 settlers began to take up land (Continued on Page 2)

Return to Romance

By Margaret E. Sangster

WHEN Elizabeth Calvert, idly thumbing through the paper, saw Dan's picture peering up at her from the obituary page she felt no sense of shock. It was so long since she had seen Dan—so infinitely long since she had loved him. And yet, despite the momentary lack of emotion, there must have been something strained and unexpected in her face. For her husband, glancing at her across the margin of his own newspaper, asked, "What's the matter, Bet? Is something wrong? What's biting you?"

"Why," she answered, "an old friend of mine is dead—that's all."

"Is it anybody I know?"

"No, Russell. Dan went out of my life long before you and I were engaged."

"Oh," said Russell. He laughed. "Then I don't have to be jealous, do I? The guy must have been pretty important."

Elizabeth passed the paper over to her husband. She didn't want to pass it over, but she knew that the gesture was necessary.

"He was important, rather," she said. "He designed scenery for the movies, but when I knew him it used to be stage sets. His name was Dan Blodgett." ("His name was Dan Blodgett," echoed suddenly in her ears.)

"I believe I've heard the name," Russell said slowly. "My word, he got a whole column."

"Yes," agreed Elizabeth, "a whole column." She leaned over and removed the thick traces of oatmeal from the chin of her younger child. "Can't you be more careful, Teddy?" she asked a trifle impatiently. "Can't you get your spoon into your mouth?"

"Teddy's a slob," remarked Mary-Ann, the senior child.

"Never use that horrid word again, Mary-Ann," Elizabeth admonished crossly. "Teddy's only a baby."

"He must have made a lot of money," Russell said, reading busily down the column. "Maybe you should have married him, Bet. Think—now you would have been a wealthy widow!" He chuckled. "You're so fair—you'd make a pretty widow."

"You're not funny, Russell. Besides, Dan never asked me to marry him."

Russell was reading on down the page. "Ah," he said, "no wonder he didn't ask you—he's twenty years older than you are. That's quite a gap."

"Twenty years," said Elizabeth slowly, "is appalling—between the ages of thirty-two and fifty-two. But when I was eighteen and Dan was thirty-eight, the twenty years were just so much glamour. Mary-Ann!" Elizabeth scolded, "Isn't it time you were getting ready for school?"

"I am ready," retorted Mary-Ann.

"Then hadn't you better start?" asked Elizabeth. All at once her voice rose sharply. "Teddy, for heaven's sake!"

Teddy—his mouth full of oatmeal—was blowing a bubble. At the tone of his mother's voice he drew in his breath and the bubble exploded.

Russell laughed. "That's a nice mess," he said.

Elizabeth was already wielding the napkin. She thought as Teddy muffled protests. "This is marriage. This is life and love and security. Oh, this is life!"

IT was eleven o'clock before the house was in order. Even though Elizabeth kept an adequate servant, there were the meals to be ordered and the laundry to put away—oh, a score of things!

As her fingers methodically sorted and smoothed and piled a needle, Elizabeth's mind was traveling back across the years to that winter when she had been an art student in New York and Dan had lectured at the League. Stage designing was an exciting business and Dan Blodgett was an exciting person.

Dan had noticed her first when they collided on the steps of the League. He had said, "Forgive me—I am an oaf."

"Why," Elizabeth told herself, "that's Dan Blodgett. Isn't it wonderful!"

He had laughed aloud and delightedly when Elizabeth stammered, "Yes, Mr. Blodgett."

That had been the beginning of it all. Elizabeth thought, "I was mad about him. I used to walk back and forth in front of his house just in the hope of seeing him and sometimes he'd see me, and then he'd call me in and we'd have tea and doughnuts."

Dan's house had been the parlor floor in an old brownstone mansion on Washington Square North. Elizabeth, boarding through the week in a staid Murray Hill apartment with friends of her mother's (she went home to suburbia for the weekends), wouldn't have dared admit that she was frequenting the workshop of an artist who was both middle-aged and male.

Dan Blodgett was very amusing, very gay and withal very tender. He joked at Elizabeth, he picked her small ideals to bits and helped her put them together again. He took her to the theatre, and several times he took her backstage to meet beautiful leading ladies. And once when she was having tea with him in his studio he sent her away early and—in the passageway going out—she met a lovely redheaded creature going in.

Dan Blodgett . . . Up at the League people had a way of laughing and saying, "He's a hellion. He doesn't give a hoot for anybody's reputation—or his own! Marriage? Oh, he'll never marry—he's as changeable as a chameleon."

Elizabeth used to dream that she would be the one to alter Dan's point of view. At Village studio parties very young



The door was flung open and a furious little voice spoke from the threshold: "Mike! Whatever are you doing?"

people talked of freedom and sex and art—art with a capital A. Elizabeth was invited to a good many of the parties and with a guilty thrill often heard her own voice discussing subjects that would have been taboo in a studio party and ignoring the glad shouts that greeted him, whisked Elizabeth away from the eager group that surrounded her.

When she asked, in the shelter of a taxi, "Why didn't you stay awhile, Dan—they're such nice people?" Dan growled, "You're a complete baby idiot—you wouldn't know a nice person if you saw one."

Elizabeth had felt a little hurt. "But they're all in my class at the League," she told Dan. We speak the same language."

Dan murmured, "You have learned the patten, haven't you?"

There in the cab he put his arm around Elizabeth. Tight. "I could teach you to speak a new language," he said huskily. Elizabeth's heart almost stopped beating. "Why don't you?" she breathed. "Oh, Dan, why don't you?"

Dan had laughed. "Because, as I said before, you're such an infant," he told her.

WHEN it was mid-February he sent her a corsage of gardenias. He thought it was Valentine's Day, although it was only the thirteenth. Elizabeth wore the corsage that night when he took her to the theatre to see a play upon which he had worked. Every once in a while she would touch the waxen petals of the gardenias and smile up at Dan through misty lashes. And Dan staring down at her during an intermission, said, "Betty—," he called her Betty, "you ought to get married very young and have a couple of kids and make some good man happy."

Elizabeth felt as if he had slapped her. "I couldn't marry anybody unless I loved him," she managed. "I mean really I loved him. There's a boy who lives next door to me in Hillside—well, he's not a boy exactly, he's twenty-five—but I couldn't marry him."

Dan turned serious. "You better had," he advised Elizabeth. "You'll never make an artist—not in New York. But if you settle down in a small town everybody will say how artistic you are, and you'll have a swell time."

Elizabeth told him in a small voice, "I don't want a swell time. I just want to stay in New York and go places with you and come to your studio whenever you'll let me."

Dan growled, "Shut up, for heaven's sake. The curtain's going up."

To this day Elizabeth couldn't remember what had happened during the third act. She only remembered the little after-theatre supper which followed it. As they

sat on opposite sides of a small table, he spoke.

"Betty," he remarked, "I meant what I said a while ago. You don't belong here."

Taking her courage in both hands, Elizabeth made answer: "I belong wherever you are, Dan."

Dan leaned toward her.

"You're so cussed sweet," he said thickly. "You and I—it would be fun to go places and do things together—really together."

"He hesitated. "But you're a dear, innocent kid and I know myself. I'd walk out of it intact and you'd carry a scar."

Elizabeth had said, "I don't get you, Dan."

"Don't try to. But some time when you're an old lady say a prayer for me. Oh, Lord—it would have been so darned easy."

He took her home directly after the supper and when he left her he kissed her fleetingly.

"Sweet kid," he said and strode off down the street.

The next day Dan Blodgett didn't appear at the League, and although Elizabeth practically picketed the sidewalk in front of his house, there was no beckoning hand. It was the same the next day and the next. After a week Elizabeth found the courage to go to see the janitor.

"Mr. Blodgett's gone on a big toot," he told her. "He may not be back for a month or two."

"Oh," said Elizabeth. Just that.

She didn't ask any more questions and she never saw Dan Blodgett again—except once more. That was in the middle of March, and she glimpsed him riding along the avenue in a hansom cab, with a very golden lady who wore mink.

As the hansom drove past the corner where Elizabeth stood transfixed, Dan glanced her way and then, quite suddenly, he smiled. It was the loose-lipped smile of the very intoxicated. Then as the hansom careened into the distance, Elizabeth saw his arm go around the lovely lady in the mink coat and draw her close.

Soon after that Elizabeth stopped going to the League, which made her mother very happy. Three years later—it took her three whole years—she married the boy next door who was Russell.

FINALLY the house was immaculate and it wasn't noon. "Oh," Elizabeth heard herself saying aloud, "this house is on my nerves!"

The maid came in.

"Did you call, Mrs. Calvert?"

"Yes, Nellie," she fibbed. "I'm going to town. We need some towels. Will you keep your eye on Teddy?"

Nellie answered: "Sure I will, Mrs. Calvert. Teddy's no trick to watch when he's asleep."

Washington Square never changes very

much. Elizabeth walked down a street and stopped in front of a familiar brownstone house. She was returning—returning to romance—for the last time.

Dan was dead, but the high stoop, the long French windows, were as they had been in memory. Elizabeth half expected to see the curtains drawn swiftly back; to see a beckoning finger.

"When you're an old woman," Dan had said to her on the evening of their farewell, "say a prayer for me!" Elizabeth said the prayer now. As she was whispering, "Be gay and at peace, wherever you are," the miracle happened. The wide curtains were drawn back and a finger did beckon.

Almost as if she were jerked by some invisible magnet, Elizabeth mounted the brownstone steps, waited for the click of the buzzer and opened the door. She smiled and went softly down a hall and paused in front of the second door. As she paused that door swung open and Elizabeth stared perplexedly at a young man with tousled hair and ruddy brown eyes and a mouth that was formed into a word of greeting and ejaculated instead, "Well, I'll be damned!"

"This is a mistake," Elizabeth said. "I'm so sorry. You see, I was expecting somebody else."

(She had been expecting somebody else—almost.)

The young man countered, "But I've lived here for three years."

"I don't doubt it," Elizabeth replied. She started to turn.

"Come inside anyway," said the young man. "You must be frozen, standing in the street."

It was a mad crazy thing to do. But Elizabeth had a keen desire to enter the apartment.

"I was chilly," she said simply and stepped inside.

The room in its essentials was Dan's room. Elizabeth recognized the faded wall paper.

"Pardon the disorder," the young man said. "I haven't tidied things today. I started going over scores the minute I got up."

Only then was Elizabeth conscious of the grand piano that stood in the corner of the room.

"Then you're a composer?" she questioned and the young man told her, "Yes—after a manner of speaking I am. Was the person you expected to see also a composer?"

Elizabeth murmured, "No, my friend was an artist."

"Like most artists," said the young man, "he had good taste." His eyes roved over Elizabeth.

"It was your veil," he said, "that threw me off. I didn't see your features distinctly, and you and Doris are about the same build." He laughed: "By the way my name is Michael Holden."

Under the circumstances no introductions were necessary, and yet Elizabeth volunteered, "And mine is Elizabeth Calvert."

"Sit down, won't you, Miss Calvert?"

invited Michael Holden. Elizabeth corrected him with a "Mrs." "Oh," he said, "so you're married?"

"I see," he said. And then, "This friend of yours? I wonder," he chuckled, "if anybody is using my address?"

She couldn't say, "My friend is dead and I haven't been in this room for fourteen years," so she said nothing.

"Unlike most women," her host told her, "you know the value of the unspoken word. I think you're swell! Have you a luncheon date?"

Elizabeth admitted that the hour was free and Michael said:

"I was half expecting a kid named Doris Burke—but she's unimportant and she probably won't show up, anyway. Can you make an omelet?"

Elizabeth said that she could.

Luncheon took a prodigious while to eat. As they sat in front of the fire Elizabeth learned in some vague way that Michael was about her own age and that he lived in a catch-as-catch-can manner. He received a monthly check from an Olympian, who he referred to as Aunt Kate. The check came in handy. Some day he was going to write an opera.

"Do you," she asked as she sipped her tea, "always take in stray ladies who look cold?"

"I never take in a lady who looks cold," Michael grinned engagingly, "not in the—vital sense!"

The young man reached across and touched her hand.

"Have you taken a run-out powder on the old man?" he queried. "Or are you visiting in town? If you're visiting in town I could make your visit amusing."

Elizabeth replied, "I'm sure you could, but I'm Cinderella—I depart when the clock strikes. What time is it, anyway?"

Michael consulted a watch and said, "It's two-thirty," and Elizabeth told him, "My train leaves at three-forty-five."

"But that gives us so little time," protested Michael. The fingers that had touched Elizabeth's hand tightened around it. "It'll take you at least fifteen minutes to get to the station so we only have an hour."

"I could wash all the dishes in the house in an hour."

"I wasn't thinking of dishes," said the young man. He stood up quickly and Elizabeth knew that he was going to take her into his arms.

As she said, "Michael Holden, don't be foolish!" she could feel the fourteen years swarming back. But his arms were around her and he was saying, "Married ladies don't come barging into strange men's apartments unless they expect to be kissed!" and she was struggling and thinking bitterly: "I asked for this!"

And then the door was flung open and a furious little voice spoke from the threshold: "Mike! Whatever are you doing?"

ELIZABETH, being dropped, whirled toward the door. She saw a thin tense body topped by a small angry face with eyes that were too big for it. She saw a velvet beret set upon a mass of auburn curls. She saw a shabby serge coat that looked ready to burst at the elbows. One impression flashed through her mind.

"Why, she looks scarcely older than Mary-Ann!" and she started to say, "I'm sorry," but fell back before the tragedy in the girl's glance.

"Yes, you're sorry," mocked the girl. "I know how sorry you are. All the time you were standing in front of this house, I was on the corner. When you went inside, I—," her voice shook—"I sat on a park bench. I wanted to see how long you'd stay."

It was Michael who interposed. "But, Doris," he said, "you must be frozen, sitting on a park bench."

"Don't pull that line," she said. "I've been almost frozen five times this week, sitting on park benches watching your windows."

"You mustn't blame Michael," Elizabeth said. "I came here uninvited, sort of expecting to find someone else. I mean—I mean I used to come here ages ago. Michael and I have never met before."

"You've made a good start."

Michael spoke. "I was expecting you, Doris—honest I was. When you didn't show up and Elizabeth walked in, I asked her if she could make an omelet." He laughed easily. "And when she said yes, it was like a gift from heaven."

"That's the trouble with you, Mike," Doris said, "you always take what the gods offer. You never consider consequences."

"Why should I?" he queried.

The girl's head was drooping. "I'm all at sea," she said finally. "I'd have done better if I'd gone home. I shouldn't have got fresh when they wrote me last month. I don't belong here."

Michael laughed. "That's your problem, Doris," he said.

"I'm in the way," Elizabeth said abruptly. She was lifting her fur jacket from the chair and was wriggling into it. Automatically she put on her hat, picked up her gloves and purse.

"I'm going," she said. "I'll leave you two to settle things. Thank you for the luncheon, Michael."

She gained the door of the apartment and opened it. Out on the street she walked nearly a block before she drew up short.

"Why," she reasoned, with a clarity that was blinding, "I'm the red-headed woman who passed me in the hall that afternoon when Dan sent me home early. I'm the

woman in mink who rode down the avenue with him. I'm a composite picture of all the women that I hated when I was her age."

It was curious. Elizabeth was seeing herself with the eyes of eighteen. She was—Doris.

"Doris needs me," Elizabeth decided. "I'll wait."

DORIS wasn't long. Elizabeth saw the girl come out, run blindly as if she were enveloped in fog.

When Doris was abreast of her, Elizabeth spoke softly.

"Oh, please," she said, "please stop. I want to talk to you."

The girl stopped. She was panting. Recognition leaped into her eyes, recognition and hatred.

"You must be over thirty," she said almost without preface. "After all, I really love him. If he were only the marrying kind, I—"

"He isn't, I know."

"Well, if he were—" the girl panted, "if I were there always, women like you wouldn't stand a chance."

"I don't stand a chance anyway," Elizabeth said. "I wish you would believe me. This was just a crazy adventure. I'm married and I have two children."

"Then you ought to be about ready to kill yourself for shame. Isn't one man enough for you?"

To her utter astonishment Elizabeth found the question almost too easy to answer. She was at last realizing something that she had never permitted herself to realize since she had seen romance ride away from her, down the avenue.

"Yes, one man is quite enough. Oh, my dear, don't!" for the girl in the beret was shaking violently, as if from a chill. Elizabeth surveyed the girl with anxious eyes, but her question was irrelevant. "Are you," she asked, "a painter?"

The girl gulped. "No, I study violin. I'll never be very good, though."

Elizabeth, starting at the girl, felt a veritable procession of emotions.

"This child is undernourished and she's all set for a nervous breakdown," she said in her heart. "She's obsessed by Michael."

Obsessed by Michael! Elizabeth knew what this pathetic violin student was going through.

"Poor child," breathed Elizabeth and saw not the girl in the velvet beret, but herself, standing on Fifth Avenue on a March afternoon, with tears upon her cheeks. She went over in rapid review the grim hours she had spent waiting fourteen years ago. What if Dan had always been there, had invariably called her in? What if Dan had let her stay? What if she hadn't married Russell after three agonized years? Why, Mary-Ann wouldn't have been born. And Teddy wouldn't be sleeping in his crib, like a cherub. The Dutch Colonial house would be a Hollywood apartment through which she roamed—a blonde fretting widow. Or—the thought struck her between the eyes—Dan might have gone to Hollywood alone and she—brutally scared—might still be waiting for heaven knows what! With a queer inarticulate exclamation, Elizabeth wheeled sharply. She halted a taxi, pushed the sobbing girl toward it.

"Where are you taking me?" moaned the girl and Elizabeth said gently, "To the Grand Central first. Here, use my handkerchief."

RUSSELL called at six. "Will you do me a favor?" he asked Elizabeth. "I'm bringing a man home for dinner. Can you rustle up something extra special for dessert? And dig up a girl at short notice? He's an awfully nice chap, but he's new in town and he's lonesome and I want to give him a break."

Elizabeth said, "There's a girl visiting us right now. Her name is Doris Burke, and she plays the violin. How's that for service?"

"Is she pretty?"

"Yes."

"Then it's all right," chuckled Russell, "and don't worry about the violin. I'm not sure that Kerwin—the name is Todd Kerwin—is up to music. He's like me."

Like me! As she carefully placed the receiver on the hook, Elizabeth told herself that Russell had given the strange young man a pretty good recommendation, at that. If this Kerwin chap were lonesome he'd be ripe for a nice girl. And maybe it didn't take everybody three years to get over something that couldn't possibly happen.

With a firm step Elizabeth crossed the upstairs hall and entered the nursery. Doris Burke was making a castle out of Teddy's blocks and Teddy was crouching rapturously.

"You know," the girl said, "you've been grand to me, Mrs. Calvert. You should have slapped me for bawling you out. After you explained I felt like a nitwit. You see, she faltered, "I was raised in a regular home, but being away a couple of years, I'd forgotten a few things."

Elizabeth sat down on the floor. She said, "If Michael Holden had followed you, and begged you to come back—well, you wouldn't be here."

"No," answered the girl honestly, "I wouldn't. Sometimes I think he's the only man in the world, but sometimes I wonder what's the use—"

Elizabeth digested the oddly little speech in silence. It might mean anything or nothing, only time would tell. After a moment she said:

"My husband just phoned to say we'll have company for dinner tonight. He's bringing a friend home from the office. I've got a dress that I think will fit you—it's ashes of roses taffeta. Come into my room and try it on. If it's too long we'll have just about time to take a tuck in it."

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Gutenberg: the Man and His Invention

Chequered Fortunes of the Father of Printing

BY DR. VICTOR SCHOLDERER, in The Times, London

EVERY invention which has deeply influenced human life, such as the invention of printing in Europe, has gone through several stages. In the beginning it has been experimental, with the status of a scientific toy, which "works" quite satisfactorily under laboratory conditions, but is too slow or too costly (two ways of putting the same thing) to be taken into the daily use of life. From this potential stage it passes into actuality when it has been sufficiently speeded up (or simplified or cheapened) to become a business proposition. Only then does it attain to real power and become what the invention of printing may justly claim to have been—a revolutionary force.

It is easy to see that the problem of producing texts by mechanical means is brought little nearer to solution by merely cutting a letter, or a group of letters, in relief, inking them, and taking an impression of them upon paper. That is a very simple matter, which may serve for a day's amusement, but has no practical message for the book trade. The wooden types which are still often supposed to have been forerunners of cast metal type were, if they ever existed, nothing to the purpose. They are put out of court by the fact that a skilled workman can produce, in the course of a day's labor, perhaps a couple of dozen of them, whereas even a short article like the present calls for the employment of thousands of characters simultaneously. Such methods do well enough for Chinese script, with its very numerous and sizable ideograms, each recurring but once in a while. The Western alphabetic script, with its perpetual repetitions of no more than twenty-six fairly small elements, sets the inventor to a totally different and much subtler problem. The blockbook, likewise, in which the unit is an entire page of letterpress carved upon a single block of wood, leads only to a dead end. It was tried in the period immediately preceding the invention of movable metal type and found wanting, except for unvarying and fairly short texts such as elementary school books and the like. For general purposes the time required to produce the blocks and their cumbersome bulk when finished are out of all relation to the use likely to be made of them.

The Principal Figure

THESE few cautionary sentences may help to define more clearly the achievement of the principal figure of this year's fifth centenary, the man who devised the means of "producing in a day as many pages as a man could write in a year" and in less than two decades deprived the copyists of their immemorial occupation forever. That he was Johann Gutenberg, few doubt today. But while his claim passes generally unchallenged, his career remains tantalizingly obscure. He himself never attached his name to any piece of printing. Of some thirty records connected with him, only four have any bearing on his typography and all four stop well short of the point where they might be really informative. Many years of his life remain a complete blank to us. In the following account, therefore, conjecture must often take the place of fact.

Gutenberg, whose full patronymic was Gensfleisch zum Gutenberg, belonged to the family of Gensfleisch, one of the patrician clans of Mainz. That city was well reputed for the number and skill of its workers in fine metals and many members of the clan, including Johann's father, Fricke, were associated with the archiepiscopal mint, then one of the most considerable in Germany. Gutenberg had therefore an early familiarity with the goldsmith's craft, a fact which has an

important bearing on his history. The exact date of his birth is unknown, but probably lies between 1394 and 1399. The civil quarrels which continually agitated Mainz drove his father into temporary exile, and he himself quitted the city in 1428, when the guilds succeeded in ousting the patricians from their privileges. Settling at Strasburg, farther up the Rhine, he preferred to remain there when an amnesty gave him a chance of returning home in 1430.

Domestic Troubles

IN 1436, Gutenberg was sued for breach of promise of marriage, and again for slander. As he continued to the end of his life in single blessedness it is clear that the lady was unsuccessful in forcing

trace of any actual printing which he may have done up to this time.

We may suppose that Gutenberg would not have persisted so far in his efforts if his training as a metal worker had not given him the firm conviction that only the use of metal could resolve the problem of typography; a carpenter, however useful in furnishing him with a suitable press and other subsidiaries, was nothing to his main purpose. If the Formen were really type, as contemporary usage of the word suggests, he was already by this time fully aware that not the page, nor the line, nor even the single word, but the smallest possible unit, the letter, must be the basis of his new process. It was to challenge the copyists successfully. Doubtless it was not easy in the first instance to secure that

Gutenberg had advanced toward the critical stage of his invention at this time. We only know that the lawsuit at Strasburg was decided in his favor and that his financial position was apparently still sound in 1439; a stock of nearly 2,000 litres of wine in his cellar even suggests a certain affluence. But three years later Gutenberg was beginning to get into difficulties, and he seems to have left Strasburg in the course of 1444. The next four years constitute a blank in his records, variously filled up by conjecture. Some have supposed that he made a first attempt at printing a church service book at Basle; others have sent him as far afield as Avignon, where a goldsmith of Prague, named Procopius Waldfogel, was also experimenting with printing, and Stras-

burg names familiar from the lawsuit recur at this time. But this is guesswork, and we do not reach firm ground again until October, 1448. Gutenberg is now back in Mainz once more, and, somewhat significantly, is negotiating a loan of 150 florins through another member of the family. From this time onward at least he was working continuously at Mainz, and his efforts were beginning to bear fruit. We possess fragments of a considerable number of calendars, of editions of the elementary grammar of Donatus, which are printed with one and the same large and not very elegant type, in various stages of development, and must have been executed during these years. The intensive study devoted to them has shown that the earliest, and thus the earliest surviving piece of Western printing with movable type, is a poem in German on the Last Judgment; we have of it only a part of one leaf, measuring about three and one-half inches by five inches. It has been dated as early as 1445, whether correctly or not. Another fragment is of an astronomical calendar calculated for the year 1448, but possibly printed rather later. But from these more or less experimental productions we must pass on to an undertaking on a very different scale, our information as to which is again derived from the records of a lawsuit.

In Fairness to Fust

FUST won his case in November, 1455, and Gutenberg, hopelessly insolvent, was compelled to hand over to him the equipment of the printing office. German bibliographers, who are prone to judge in terms of heroism and villainy, have with one accord branded Fust as an unscrupulous usurer who pounced on Gutenberg at the very moment when that unworried genius had consummated his great achievement, and was about to gather the fruits of his toil. But our judgment of Fust's action must depend upon the stage to which the Bible had advanced when he resolved upon it, and here the evidence unfortunately fails us: All we can say is that the book was on sale at least some weeks before August 24, 1456, on which day Heinrich Cremer, a cleric of Mainz, recorded in his copy that he finished rubricating and binding it. It is not unreasonable to suppose that as long as Fust could be sure that Gutenberg was getting on regularly with his job, he would have the good sense not to interfere with him, since there was every chance of the profits materializing in due course. For all we know, the truth may be as Dr. A. W. Pollard has suggested, that Gutenberg, like so many inventors, was an unbusinesslike person and was sold up by Fust because the latter began to be seriously concerned about his money and despaired of ever getting his partner to finish the task in hand. Gutenberg had now been occupying himself with typographical problems for quite twenty years, and making all allowances for the difficulties and misadventures of a pioneer, the fact that two decades of effort had produced nothing more impressive than a trickle of school books, calendars and pamphlets does suggest somewhat dilatory ways.

On this estimate of the situation interest shifts to Peter Schoeffer, the technical assistant of Gutenberg, and one of Fust's witnesses in the lawsuit. Schoeffer was originally a copyist, but developed an extraordinary aptitude for typesetting, and it is generally held that his chance came in 1454, when the new art gave its first open challenge to the scribes. A Papal indulgence for the purpose of financing a crusade against the Turks, who had taken Constantinople in the previous year, was being circulated in Germany, and at Mainz a contract for printing it in quantity was secured by the new press. Gutenberg's large letter was useless

for such work, and the admirable small types cut for the occasion are by most authorities ascribed to the skill of Schoeffer. He it was, then, as we suppose, who took over the work of the Bible where Gutenberg relinquished it, and carried it swiftly to its conclusion, probably in the early months of 1456. In the following year, Schoeffer surpassed himself in the printing of the famous Psalter, the first explicitly dated book of Western typography and still one of the most splendid, and he went on, as Fust's partner until the latter's death in 1466, and then alone until his own death in 1502, to produce a long series of editions of sterling excellence.

On Gutenberg's obscurity now once more descends. His sole remaining asset appears to have been his original large type, and with this he is conjectured to have printed a second Bible, known as the thirty-six-line Bible, possibly at Bamberg, but certainly not at Mainz, where competition with Fust and Schoeffer was for the moment out of the question. He must, however, have returned thither a few years later, if he is correctly credited with one further book—the edition of a vast Latin dictionary and encyclopaedia, the "Catholicon" of Joannes Balbus, printed at Mainz in 1460, and proclaiming itself as produced "under the guidance of the Most High, at whose nod the tongues of infants become eloquent and who often reveals to the simple what he hides from the wise." These striking phrases are generally taken to have been dictated by the proud humility of the inventor himself. If so, the book supports the evidence of the Indulgences of 1454 that Gutenberg may never have been as apt as Schoeffer at the finer points of typesetting, since its type, though the smallest hitherto produced, is otherwise poor and cannot for a moment compare with the admirable, though somewhat larger, font for general purposes introduced by Fust and Schoeffer in the previous year.

His Latter End

IT is pleasant to think that after so much failure and disappointment, Gutenberg's last years were peaceful. On January 17, 1465, the Archbishop of Mainz granted him the mediaeval equivalent of a civil list pension by enrolling him among his "courtiers," with enjoyment of various grants in kind and relief from dues and taxes. In this honorable position, Gutenberg continued until his death, which appears to have taken place on February 3, 1468. A few weeks later, one Dr. Konrad Humery acknowledged the receipt of certain printing gear, his own property, from Gutenberg's effects. We may guess that this was the material, or some of it, used in printing the "Catholicon," and then laid aside; if so, Dr. Humery was probably Gutenberg's financial backer in that venture, which must have required a good deal of capital. Gutenberg was about seventy years of age when he died.

There is no authentic portrait of Gutenberg. The usual pictures of him, which go back to an engraving of 1584, represent an elderly man with a furrowed cap in the Muscovite fashion, a forked beard, and an expression of puzzlement seemingly induced by the entire uselessness for typographical purposes of the die engraved with letters of the alphabet which he holds in his left hand. Gutenberg, however, must have been clean shaven. Neither as a member of a patrician family nor as one of the archiepiscopal household would it have been proper for him to wear a beard.

King Commands Army

THE King of Italy now enjoys an international reputation as a numismatist and the recently published eighteenth volume of his "Corpus Nummorum Italicorum," his great work on the coins of Italy, which has occupied the greater part of his leisure since 1910, is a lovely book. The whole set is, indeed, beautifully produced. The name of the distinguished author is modestly omitted from the title page, however.

King Victor Emmanuel has sent five copies of his new volume to England, one for the King's library at Windsor Castle, one for the library of the British Museum, another for the Bodleian at Oxford, a further volume for the Royal Numismatic Society and the fifth for Lord Rennell, former British Ambassador in Rome, whose scholarship made many a discussion on classical themes with the Italian monarch a joy to both of them.

Legal Officer Promoted

THE new Lieutenant-Governor of Malta, Sir Edward St. John Jackson, was the first legal secretary of the island to be appointed Lieutenant-Governor and the choice is generally considered a good one. Sir Edward is a Roman Catholic, which should be an asset, and as legal secretary since 1937 has advised the Governor on points at issue in the light of English law, the law of Malta being a mixture of the Code Napoleon and Roman law. A legal mind will also be valuable in view of Malta's new constitution, dating only from February last.

What does the alphabet write?—Letters. Why do you laugh up your sleeve?—Because your funny bone is there.

The Thriving Alberni

(Continued From Page 1)

In the fertile valley to the north of the settlement and the town of Alberni was founded. Development was slow but fairly steady in the years that followed. The decision of the Canadian Pacific Railway to build a line across the Island stimulated expansion and by 1910 the railway had been built into Port Alberni. The rate of development in Alberni district was greatly increased and further impetus came with the opening of the Panama Canal in 1915, which permitted shipment of lumber in large volume to the eastern coast of the United States and brought the British market within Port Alberni's trading range.

Incorporated in March, 1912, a few months before the incorporation of Alberni, Port Alberni, as a city, embarked into a programme of steady and well-planned development. A pioneer business man of the district, A. E. Waterhouse, the first mayor. Under his leadership, provision was made for the grading and construction of streets and sidewalks, for a municipal lighting plant and for a municipal water system, deriving its supply from China Creek, about thirteen miles away. Recreation grounds and park sites were set aside, and fire fighting equipment was installed. Thus the city of 1,200 persons began its organized development.

A Modern City

TODAY Port Alberni is a city of broad streets, the main thoroughfares lined with modern stores and shops, the residential districts occupied by comfortable, well-kept homes with pleasant gardens. As the city is built on a hill stretching south from the headwaters of the canal,

most of the homes have a good view of the harbor, the mouth of Somass River and the forest-clad hills and mountains to the north. Southeast of the city Mount Arrowmith rises majestically to a great snow-capped peak.

There has been marked expansion of the business section in the last few years. In keeping with this development the streets have been hard surfaced and cement sidewalks laid. Building permits issued in 1939 were valued at \$143,699 and in 1938 at \$141,711. In addition to sidewalk and street improvements, last year one of the major civic projects was the replacement of a large section of the water pipeline, built nearly thirty years ago. This involved the expenditure of \$64,000 and it assures the city of an adequate supply for many years to come.

It is estimated that the annual payroll in Port Alberni exceeds \$2,500,000. This is derived largely from the lumber industry, there being two big sawmills, among the largest in British Columbia, and two shingle mills, in the city and three smaller sawmills in the outside district. These mills employ more than 2,000 men in the plants and in the woods. In recent years these mills have been working to capacity practically continuously. Last year they shipped 296,800,367 board feet of lumber and 5,817,482 board feet of logs to the markets of the world. To handle this volume 239 ships loaded at Port Alberni, making the port the third busiest in British Columbia. In 1938, 231 ships loaded in the harbor.

This lumber business provides almost steady employment for from 100 to 125 longshoremen, an important factor in the city's payroll.

Since the outbreak of the war, shipping

has been somewhat uncertain, and stocks have been piling up in large quantities. So far, except for one of the smaller mills in the outside district which lacks storage facilities, the mills have been operating continuously, but continued lack of cargo space will eventually force curtailment of production. Operators are confident, however, that the shipping problem will be clarified before it becomes necessary to reduce the output, for which there is a heavy demand.

Product of Future

WHILE supplies of timber are being drawn from huge timber tracts on both sides of the canal, the industry, being a wasting one, cannot continue indefinitely and, unfortunately, there is no adequate programme of reforestation. Residents are confident that the great forests of the West Coast will continue to provide logs for many years to come. Before any real pinch is felt it is believed that other manufactures of forest products will have been established. For some years there has been talk of a big pulp mill to be established in the district. When this will be no one appears to know, but the survey of the site has been completed, application has been made for the necessary water and power rights and large tracts of suitable timber are held under lease. It is believed when there is construction in the present market for hemlock that the pulp mill will quickly become a reality.

Another industry of importance to Port Alberni is fishing. Approximately forty fishermen and their families live in the city. These men sell nearly \$500,000 worth of fresh fish, principally salmon and lesser quantities of cod and halibut to the Port-Alberni buyer. Packed in ice the fish is marketed in Vancouver, Victoria and other Canadian cities as far east as Montreal.

The residents of the Alberni district are

greatly interested in sports. Many fine athletes have been developed, and the residents generally are generous in their support of organized athletics. These, in their season, include golf, trap and skeet shooting, skiing, basketball, baseball, boxing, tennis, bowling and fishing. The golf club at Port Alberni has a nine-hole course which is so popular that it became necessary to limit the membership to 116. The Arrowsmith Ski Club has an excellent ski run of more than two miles in King Solomon Basin, on Mineral Mountain, and is to be the host, shortly, to the Vancouver Island Ski Championships.

Outdoor Pastimes

WELL equipped with a fine recreational park, complete with grandstand, baseball diamond, football pitch, bowling greens and other facilities for organized outdoor sports, Port Alberni lacks a suitable building for indoor sports such as basketball, badminton and boxing. Plans have been prepared for a civic arena to cost between \$35,000 and \$40,000, and a campaign is now being organized to bring a long-cherished dream to reality. The committee, which is representative of the entire community, is confident that a fine new building will be completed before the next winter sports season comes around.

Salmon fishing on Alberni Canal has been a popular pastime for many years for a large number of persons. Last year, the Port Alberni Tye Club was organized with eighty members. An annual Tye Derby was inaugurated and this promises to become widely known and to draw a large number of visiting fishermen. The Derby is staged over a period of five weeks, concluding with a Derby Day late in September. Already the club has succeeded in obtaining wide publicity for the event. The first Derby was quite successful, but the executive is confident that this year's event will draw some hundreds of entries during the season and scores of competitors on the final day.

A Hill-Top in Misty Weather

By Robert Connell

IN the darkness the other evening I heard the music of the frogs, that annual presage of Spring. Our Vancouver Island "nightingales" have not the shrillness of voice of their prairie relatives; do you remember how they almost deafened you as you passed a slough filled with the water of the winter snow? Contrary to the once ideal conduct of little boys, frogs are heard rather than seen. Yet I recall a wonderful soundless night of them in Mount Rainier Forest Reserve on a September evening some years ago. It was twilight when Richard Layritz and I prepared to camp for the night in the woods by the Nisqually torrent, and as we looked over the ground we saw all around us, in and out among the redwood oaks' trefol leaves, thousands of little brown frogs. How far they extended beyond the limits of our sight in the gloaming it was, of course, impossible to say, perhaps for miles, for it seemed to be a great migration that was going on. Nothing stopped them; they hopped and hopped as if driven by some irresistible force, all moving away from the river.

Spring Is at Hand

THIS, by the way, only to emphasize the fact that the frogs like our weather and with most of us agree that Spring is at least just round the corner, and in consequence they sing in their cheerful, if somewhat monotonous, manner. But before I leave these very interesting animals I would like to express my wonder at the comparative rarity of tadpoles here, or rather the rarity of seeing them. The little black fish-like creatures are familiar objects in ditches and ponds in Great Britain, but I never saw them even there in the immense profusion of California. When the rivers and creeks have dried up only scattered pools in a desert of gravel mark their beds, and it is in these that the tadpoles are found in vast moving masses of black. Small boys delight in paddling with their bare feet among the tiny creatures. I first learned what metamorphosis is from the explanation someone gave me as a boy of the change from egg to tadpole with external fringe-like gills and a tail. Then the first gills disappear, and an internal pair develop which also vanish with the development of lungs. Meanwhile first the hind limbs and then the front ones make their appearance, and the tail is absorbed. Thus the frog as we know it, four-footed, amphibious, tailless. But meanwhile another great and less spectacular change has taken place. The food of the tadpole is vegetable, that of the mature frog insects, worms, etc. So the tadpole's intestinal apparatus has to go by the board, and by the same living process that has made the other revolutionary changes a new one is built up out of the old, straight where the other was spiral, short and wide where the other was long and slender. Such are the more obvious features that mark the metamorphosis of a frog from egg to adult.

Real Frog Weather

UP on Mount Tolmie the other afternoon it was real frog weather, mild and moist. The heavy rain of night and forenoon had given way to a general dull cloudiness. The hills of Sooke were invisible and, of course, the Washington mountains. The sea was indistinguishable from the sky in color, and the headlands from Cadboro Bay to Esquimalt seemed to project into empty space. Even objects across the valley were indistinct; the ridges of the city were swallowed up in dull, dark blue-grey. It was, in fact, a day of poor visibility and I found it often necessary to look more than once at an object to be certain of its identity. Of this, however, I could not complain when I stood under the fifty-foot cliff that rises on the right not many yards from the climbing road. It is a little obscured by shrubs and is scarcely noticeable from a moving car. It is a huge shoulder of diorite separated from Mount Tolmie by slope and hollow of drift. Its west side is marked by two walls separated by a narrowing, sloping terrace. The upper wall is the loftier and is not only precipitous but actually slightly overhangs. Between this wall and the terrace runs a crack and on both sides, above and below, are the marks left by the ice just as on and about the summit of Mount Tolmie. The plastic ice cap crowded along the vertical faces and over-rode the more horizontal ones, gouging or merely smoothing as the nature of the rock permitted.

The tough old diorites have retained on their surfaces in a remarkable degree these tokens of their former glacial submergence, remarkable because in so many places where rocks have been long exposed to the action of the atmosphere the ice markings have been wholly or almost wholly removed. On this shoulder the west side of the vertical crack above the terrace has disappeared and evidently did so during if not before the glaciation, for the ice marks cover all the surfaces, both the upper wall—the inner side of the crack—and the terrace—the stump of the worn-away portion. This huge shoulder is much as it was on its liberation from the ice and its elevation above the post-glacial sea.

Nature's Water System

AT this season and throughout the rainy weather of Winter the lower west side of the rock in particular is the favored home of a rich assemblage of the lower groups of plants. Dense mats of various mosses and of moss-like liverworts grow downwards, completely covering the rock surface and forming a very interesting water system. On bare rock water follows whatever slope of the surface there may be and even cuts its way back into the level parts when it meets with a steeper fall, as I pointed out recently in connection with the Cattle Hills. Here, however, the rock is clothed with a coat as much as an inch thick, consisting of



— Mt. Tolmie from the Irvine Homestead —

minute green branches and branchlets with their various types of leaflets and of a dark fibrous mass below, made up of decayed generations and of the rootlets of the living. Some of the water soaks through this cover, but when it is thoroughly wet the fresh supplies of moisture from the streaming skies can be seen running down on the outside, finding its living channels of green in the foliage of the tiny plants. Thus, though not a drop of rain is falling, you can see tiny crystal rivulets moving down the moss or the moss-like liverwort or the selaginella and gathering drop after drop at the lower tip to fall away to a lower level and a new start, just as a river drops over a ledge of rock and finds continuity of movement again a hundred feet or more below.

Under Forest's Roof

WE are thus furnished on this rock wall with a fruitful example of what happens when the rainfall of a district falls on hillsides plentifully covered with vegetation. The vegetation may consist of forest, shrubbery, turf and low herbage, or, as here, mosses, liverworts and lichens, or, if it is under the forest roof, it may be made up of dead and decaying needles and cones. Whatever it is, provided there is a real protective covering of the soil, the rainfall is absorbed as if by a sponge and upon saturation being reached the surplus passes off with comparative ease. Even on rocky ground the value of a cover is great, for although a certain amount of eating away of rock is done by lowly plants, yet it is hardly comparable with the effects of expansion and contraction and of the freezing of water in the resulting cracks. When by excessive logging and especially by fire the natural living coat of the land is removed and the soil laid bare, the rainfall is speedily

collected into little rills that unite to form streams and thus muster power sufficient to cut their way deep down into the loose, unprotected soil. Gulches, that is to say, deep-sided, steep-bottomed, narrow valleys, are characteristic of hilly areas stripped of forest or of grass, and with them land-slips or mud-slips often occur. Most of us are no doubt familiar with pictures of landscapes in various countries from China to the Eastern States showing the disastrous erosion of the land brought about by the sacrifice of the natural cover, usually of forest. Up in the hills of Sooke you may come across gulches that have been cut in the loose deposits by water as their V-shape in cross-section shows, yet you will look in vain for any trace of a stream there today; all the water is slowly absorbed even on the gully's steep sides, for even they are thickly covered with vegetation. Such gulches were cut in an earlier period of our Island's history. The land, raw and naked, emerged from the ice age, a welter of scoured rocks and glacial debris and was slowly shaped into some semblance of what we see now in any area that has experienced the force of our logging operations. Over and above the deeper valleys cut in the clays, sands and gravels, the smaller streams heading high up in the hills cut gullies in the loose materials and thus gave us the dry gullies of today. I tramped over much of the old logged-off area behind Jordan River a good many years ago when the new vegetation was almost wholly confined to fireweed and blackberries, and what struck me most was the manner in which during the few years since logging and fire had done their best the flow of water from the slopes had cut back into the soil and produced innumerable fresh exposures and small tributary gullies.

Few Wild Flowers

LEAVING our Giant's Shoulder I took a ramble over the rocks on the east side of Mount Tolmie in the hope of finding one or two precocious wild flowers. I must admit disappointment so far as the Spring flowers are concerned, and I am inclined to blame it on the fires that have blasted the plant life on this slope of the hill which ought, with reasonable care, to be the most beautiful. At present it grows little more than broken bottles and other garbage. But if I was unsuccessful in seasonal flowers I did find two hardy perennials with some blossom, plants that had lived through the Winter and remained fitfully flowering. One was that very common weed which gardeners as such are agreed in execrating when they discover it, as they invariably do in their well-tended lawns. The cat's-ear is so-called, I suppose, because of its somewhat hairy leaves, some writers say the "shape," but I fail to recognize the remotest resemblance there. One species of cat's-ear has smooth leaves, however, and so even my derivation fails. Perhaps the solution is that of a writer on British plant names who says that the name was originally applied to the spotted cat's-ear whose leaf markings suggested the likeness to Tabby. I am more interested in the botanical name, which is Hypochaeris radicata, literally the long-rooted hypochaeris. Now the generic name "hypochaeris" is made up of two Greek words meaning "under a pig," and in France it is called "porcèle," in Germany "saukraut" or pig plant, in Holland "biggenkruud," with the same meaning. And it is said that pigs are extremely fond of the roots, hence the association of them with its continental familiar names. So not only is the "cat's-ear" interesting to a botanist because of its great staying power due to an uncommonly long root and to its ability to produce seeds right through a mild Winter like ours, but it is of some interest to the raiser of hogs. Perhaps when next we see the rooters at work on a piece of waste land we may discover that their energetic persistency of pursuit is due to the presence of the to them agreeable cat's-ear.

The Yarrow Blooms

THE other plant I found in flower is the just-as-common yarrow. Although it is a native genus it is difficult indeed to say of any particular plant whether it is or is not of alien origin, for it seems a good deal more than likely that some yarrow has come here with other widespread composites. However, here is our yarrow blooming rather moistly among the bare rocks, its white a little pinkish, as so often happens. But if the flowers look as if they had imbibed too much rain, the leaves are in tip-top form. The beautiful division and sub-division of the yarrow's leaves has earned it from botanists the specific name of "millefolium," thousand-leaved, exaggerated but picturesque. Its generic name is Achillea, because tradi-

tion has it that the great Achilles was the first to make use of the yarrow's healing powers. But, of course, the tradition may be younger than the plant's healing reputation and the connection with Achilles an afterthought. Certainly the yarrow has a well-established healing reputation, especially in stopping bleeding either from the nose or from cuts. It was sometimes called "carpenter's plant" or "soldier's woundwort" or "knight's milfoil" because of its benefits in healing wounds. It was also used for headache, and entered into the composition of a useful salve. A tea made from the leaves was taken to cheer the spirits and drive away melancholy. A preparation of it was applied to cure baldness. I have put all this in the past tense, but actually yarrow is in steady demand yet. At least a little book on certain medicinal and poisonous plants published in 1918 says that it is "regularly cultivated for medicinal purposes," that Great Britain used annually from ten to twenty tons of it, most of which before 1914 came from Germany, and that the price had then risen from \$5 to \$8 a ton. So the yarrow, with its pleasant aromatic smell and its pretty cluster of white, or sometimes pinkish flower heads, is an interesting as well as a welcome member of our flora. I came across it once blooming merrily on the summit of Mount Coker on the rim of Mount Arrowsmith. As one writer has said, "If yarrow were a rare plant it would be regarded with favor." I think one reason I have a peculiar fondness for yarrow lies in its common name. My earliest recollections in the field of what I may call literature proper are connected with that well-known and ever-beautiful ballad of the Scottish Borders, "The Braes of Yarrow." So far as I know there is no connection whatever between the plant name and the place name, but the hardy and ubiquitous plant always brings back the ballad:

The boy took out his milk-white steed,
Unheeded of my dule and sorrow,
But e'er he to the foal of the night
He lay a corpse on the Braes of Yarrow.
Much I rejoiced that wae-fu, wae-fu day,
I sang, my voice the woods returning,
But long ere night the spear was flown
That slew my love and left me mourning.

Out among the sheets and dykes of the light-colored Colquitz gneiss there lie little pools of water through whose crystal faces you see the seedlings bright green below. In one of these I found a rather strange specimen, a piece of coralline seaweed, one of those pale limy ones that look more like some colonial animal than a plant. Here it lay in the fresh water, more than a mile from the nearest sea, its home, at Cadboro Bay. Some sea bird, a passing gull or a crow, must have dropped it here on the hillside after feeding by the bay. It illustrates how land plants are sometimes conveyed, usually as seeds, far greater distances from their parent.

A Drastic Penalty for Helen's Unethical Camouflage

A Helen and Warren Story

"DEAR, when you make a gift, is it wrong—Well, to fix it up?" bellowed Helen. "To make it seem more valuable?"

"Hold on, 17-25-34-39—" An address up pen stroke and Warren's impatient "Now what?"

"Oh, I shouldn't ask! You'll say it's unethical—but I can't see why."

"Eh? What the Dickens you up to?"

"This sampler—look at it now. Then when I've finished—"

"Finished what?" he scowled. "One of your faking stunts?"

"Not faking! Improving! For Marlon's wedding present. She's always admired my samplers. And I promised her one—on Adam and Eve one."

"Huh, if you're passing that on," cynically, "must be something wrong with it!"

"No, no," flushing. "But dated 1865—samplers weren't made so late. This must've been copied from an early one. So much like my 1787 Adam and Eve."

"Is, eh? What's this blank stub?" again engrossed in the cheque book. "Never mind, I'll find the canceled cheque."

Still Helen studying the sampler. Finely embroidered in colored silk—Adam and Eve under a serpent-twined tree. With the funeral verse.

The Wise the Foolish and the Brave
Must fill the cold and silent Grave.

The before-1800 long 's! Yet signed "Wrought by Sarah Heath 1865!"

With that late date, she would never have bought it in a shop. But brought to her by a pathetic old lady she had wanted to help.

Now ideal for this wedding present. Really fine except for the date and too-bright colors. But when aged by her ingenious technique—

Setting on the couch with the sampler and her sewing box. Taking out the smallest scissors.

"Great guns, won't you ever learn to keep a cheque book?" growled Warren. "Here's a stub only half filled out. To the Animal League—and no amount."

"Oh, that was five dollars. Didn't I put it down?"

"No, you didn't! And you've made

out some of these cheques—invitation to raise 'em."

"Why, I always put a line after the amount."

"But leave too much space before. That's where the raising's done! This one for nine dollars—in both places space to make it ninety-nine!"

"Yes, that is careless. Hereafter I'll start very close," drawing over the floor lamp.

"Never enough ink in this darn stand," trying to fill his pen. "Where's that pint bottle? Bottom of the bookcase?"

As he strode across the library, the thin Bokhara slid on the polished floor.

"Great guns, way these rugs skid!" he exploded. "Break your neck!"

"Oh, do be careful! Waxed this morning—I had the boy up with the machine."

"Needn't have made it so blamed slippery." Then as he passed the couch, "Going to improve that sampler, eh? What's the idea of ripping it?"

"Only taking out the date! snipping a thread."

"The date?" The ink bottle poised. "See here, you're not putting in a phoney? That's forgery!"

"Of course not! I'm just leaving it out."

"So they won't know how late it is, eh? Now you can't get away with that. Leave marks, won't it?"

"Why, a lot of samplers have the dates picked out. When the women got older—not to give away their age. This might be one of those."

"Might—but isn't it disgustingly filling the inkstand. 'I'll say it's unethical!'"

"But dear, I'm giving—not selling it. And not changing the date. I could make it 1805—take the top off that old-fashioned '65. But I'm taking it all out!"

"One of your negative frauds! Long as it's not an out-and-out lie, you think anything goes. But your intention to deceive!"

"Oh, you make the slightest thing seem almost criminal! I can't see what harm it does. It'll give Marlon more pleasure to think it's early."

"Huh, if you're out to give her pleasure—cough up a really old one! But when it comes to your antiques—too darn tight to part with anything decent."

"That's not fair!" flamingly. "You know I'm always giving something."

"Yes, cripples you camouflage!" he shrugged. "Even for that charity bazaar—doctored up that old needlework picture."

"Yet it brought more than almost anything else!"

"Just proves needlework collectors are pretty gullible! Lucky you don't go in for books. Old Brandt's library went for a song at auction. Hardly a book without a phoney title page or facsimile leaves."

"But I'm not selling my things at auction or any other way."

"No, but you don't want the reputation that none of your stuff's right."

"Dear, most of it is right. Just some few things—"

Broodingly staring at the sampler—now minus the '1' and part of the '8. Should she have left the date? Was it really dishonest?

No, no, just Warren's exaggerated standards. Why shouldn't she fix up her antiques? Only for her own pleasure or to give away.

Defiantly picking out the rest of the date. Careful not to cut the linen.

"Who the Dickens is this?" Warren showing a baffling stub. "Why write so blamed small? Need a magnifying glass!"

"Oh, Mrs. Pettit—for remodeling my Vienna hat."

"Huh, if you'd cross your 's,' might be more legible. And your bum figures. Can't tell your '1' from a '7' or your '4' from a '9'!"

Whenever he balanced her cheque book these grumbling complaints. But not at the expenditures. Those never criticized or even questioned.

Always his generosity—about everything! In her place he'd probably give the 1787 sampler!

Yet she just couldn't. Rather go out and buy Marlon something new. But an Adam and Eve sampler promised—with this one in mind.

"Now the '5' picked out. Traces of the stitches, but perhaps fainter when ironed. Taking the dateless sampler to the kitchen. Setting the iron at the maximum heat.

Often she "antiqued" linen. Odd bits slightly scorched to mend moth-eaten samplers or old embroideries.

Now under the hot iron, the sampler

slowly yellowing. The white linen turning a time-darkened ecru. The bright silk embroidery ageing, too.

Those tiny thread holes after "Wrought by Sarah Heath"—Not quite out but impossible to decipher what the date had been.

Visualizing this sampler in that antique gilt frame. Bought several years ago at the London Rag Market—now miraculously the right size!

Yes, a perfect gift with Marlon's furniture—Sheraton reproductions.

A crash! From the library—

That waxed floor! A frantic thought of Mr. Craig's fall—his broken arm!

Dashing out through the dining-room. A wordless prayer that Warren hadn't—

"Oh, you're not hurt?" darting to him. "That darned floor!" rubbing his elbow as he lumbered up. "Slippery as ice!"

"Dear, freshly waxed—Oh, you have to be careful!"

"Careful! Now you get nonskid backs for these rugs. Lucky I only busted you; lamp and not my arm!" still rubbing it.

The lamp on the floor. The silk shade off. Silvers of glass glinting the rug.

"Just the bulb. I'll brush this up before Pussay Purf-Mew gets into it!"

But running back to the kitchen—her panicky flash.

That iron! The sampler—

Yes, the acrid odor of burnt cloth—The iron left on!

Snatching it up. A wedge-shaped black scorch!

Ruined! Adam's head, part of the serpent and tree burnt out. Beyond all her restoring ingenuity.

With sick dejection, back to the library.

"Dear, look!" tremulously showing the sampler. "When I heard you fall—"

"Well, you wanted to scorch it," his callous shrug. "Did a good job."

"To leave that iron on—But I thought you were hurt!"

"Never mind, Kitten. You've plenty of old junk. Give her something else."

"But I can't!" ruefully. "I promised her an Adam and Eve sampler. Now I'll have to give her that 1787 one. And I'll never get another as fine!"

"Huh, your tough break is Marlon's good look! But that's what you get for trying to fake it."

Disconsolately Helen crossed to the panel between the windows. Plaintively gazing at the to-be-sacrificed sampler.

A 1787 English sampler. The quaint Adam and Eve exquisitely worked, the serpent's eye a tiny bead. And in that rare old black-and-gilt frame.

What to hang in its place? None of her other samplers would look so well.

Oh, why—why that rash promise? If she hadn't said an Adam and Eve—any sampler would do.

But always she made these impulsive promises—unnecessary promises! Then having to live up to them—at any cost.

If only she had left in that 1865! Marlon not a collector—the date not so important. Why try to deceive her?

Why always this urge to make things seem what they were not? Was she fundamentally tricky?

"Dear, I—I wonder if—"

"If you can still fake it up?" Warren cleaning his pipe. "Guess that's beyond even your tinkering talents!"

"No, no, I was wondering if—well, if you were right!" emotionally. "Perhaps I'm being penalized!"

"Penalized, eh? You can think up more maudlin reasons—"

"But somehow I feel that's why this sampler was burnt! Because I wanted to deceive—to make it seem earlier than it was."

"Huh, why should you be penalized just this time? What about all the other antique faking you've got away with?"

"Yes, I know. And I never thought it was wrong. But now I'm not so sure. Somehow I don't think I'll—"

"Going to reform, eh?" he grinned, zipping his tobacco pouch. "Know darn well you won't! You get a kick out of camouflaging—your pet indoor sport. Take more'n a burnt sampler. Kitten to cure you of doctoring antiques!"

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Sport Hit by War

THE Swiss are very hard hit in their Winter sport industry by this war, especially as the English were their mainstay and the French a good second. Reservation of currency has tightened up the restrictions on exit permits by the British and French Governments, until Swiss hotels rely almost solely on visitors who have come for the benefit of their health.

The Swiss themselves have taken to studying English and French in the most unlikely places, to get the wireless news from abroad. The women have organized working parties everywhere to make garments for the troops. These puzzle the English visitors by their square cut, the shapes being quite different, even in underwear, from the English clothes. English and French women find knitting headbands the simplest job. These are worn to keep the ears from freezing.

French Air Ministry In New Quarters

ONE of the world's best-planned and most comprehensive ministries is the relatively new French Air Ministry, now-days of such importance. It stands majestically by the southern exit of Paris, in three huge wings, with an air field adjacent, and is larger than the new British Air Ministry building in Berkeley Square.

The minister's quarters have that modern appearance of being swept clear of everything that conceals in fact the neat arrangement of every up-to-the-minute device of usefulness and comfort.

Vast expanses of plate-glass window give wonderful views of the capital, especially when the sun shines, beyond the air field. Leather and chromium make the smart armchairs, concealed lighting is everywhere, and a white and chromium-plate staircase leads actually out of the minister's office to his private apartments above.

Some Frenchmen claim they had an air force as far back as the eighteenth century, since it was in 1782 that the Montgolfier brothers invented the balloon and started the idea of using captive balloons for observing the enemy lines. Indeed, after some experience with these balloons, an "air force" of fifty picked men was enrolled. In charge of it was Captain Coustau and during the siege of Maastricht by Austrian and Dutch troops in 1793 a balloon, lashed by a line to an artillery carriage, was sent up by the French amid terrific cheers and the thunder of cannon.

The besiegers were not long in improvising anti-aircraft guns, a ball from one of which grazed the car that held Captain Coustau, but fortunately for him the balloon rose above the range of the guns.

Churchill's Nephew

JOHN Churchill, a nephew of Winston, is going to France as a camouflage officer. He is one of a corps of artists who have been training for this purpose in England during the last few months and who have already been responsible for camouflage schemes here.

Mr. Churchill had a taste of the Spanish Civil War and was evacuated from Spain in a British warship. Some years ago, his uncle employed him to paint frescoes of Marlborough's battles at his country home in Kent.

SCANDINAVIAN COUNTRIES IN FEAR OF NAZI

"What is going to happen in Scandinavia cannot be clearly foreseen, but nothing could be worse for us than that Germany and Russia should successfully continue Hitler's old policy of launching acts of aggression against small victims one at a time."

"Hitler and Stalin, if they are plotting to partition Scandinavia, must not be encouraged to think that any alliance between them will frighten us off. If their intention is to extend the war to other countries, they will find Britain a far more ready to take up the challenge of their most ruthless designs."—Yorkshire Post.

"PITY for the innocently attacked, anger that a fine and friendly neighbor should be wantonly invaded in order to be subjected to a tyrant power, the historic dread of Russia, the sense that her own security is threatened, all these motives would have combined to carry Sweden officially into the Finnish war but for one reason—Germany," says The Manchester Guardian.

"Ribbentrop may have agreed with Stalin that the Eastern Baltic should be Russia's 'sphere,' but the more Russia moves westward the more is it certain that Germany will hanker after 'compensation' for the gains made by her dear friend."

Pointed Questions

"IT is possible that Germany does not want the Russo-Finnish war to go on long, since it must diminish the quantity of war supplies that Russia can send to her. But were Sweden to go to Finland's aid now, would Germany still? And if Russia now and appeared still to be 'on the move' towards the West, would Germany be neutral if Sweden and Norway had to fight?"

"Sweden cannot answer these questions and therefore, except for informal aid to Finland, her hands are tied. It has been stated this week from Scandinavia, quite accurately, that Sweden has obtained conflicting information from Germany. Quarters near Goerling have suggested that she could act without fear of German intervention; from the region of Ribbentrop has come no such assurance. The two have differed before now and may be differing again, but the difference, if it exists, in no way removes Sweden's anxiety."

"Broadly speaking," says The Economist, "there appear to be two ways in which the continued resistance of the Finns may lead to an enlargement of the war. If it is true that the German Government has concerted with the Soviets a plan for dividing up Scandinavia, then we may see high pressure applied to Sweden in direct ratio to the success of the Red Army in Finland. When that pressure has become unbearable the Swedes would have to decide whether to defer or to fight, as there is every evidence that they would, then they would presumably make an immediate call for help from the Western Powers."

"The second way in which Sweden might be involved in the war would be through the outbreak of open hostilities between the U.S.S.R. and the Western Powers."

"In spite of an exhibition of frigid dislike by either side, the temperature of which is likely to be still further lowered by the British publication of the documents in the Anglo-Russian negotiations, there seems no prospect of a final rupture in relations; but if that did come, as certain French circles (perhaps actuated by domestic considerations) seem willing to contemplate in suggesting the landing of men and material on the Arctic Coast, then Germany would be provided with a first-class excuse for taking 'precautionary measures' against Sweden."

Depends on Germany

"THESE considerations must be in the minds of every European Government. The Finns have shown that the end of the war in Finland is not yet in sight;

and, on the other side, there seems little prospect of a Russian retreat, while reports of German mediatory efforts may be dismissed as without real foundation. It may be taken for granted that outside help will continue to go to Finland; and the issue then depends, as has been pointed out, on the German Government's intentions."

"While their iron ore supply remains intact—and the Allies have no opportunity of cutting the Baltic line of communication—it is difficult to see on what grounds the Germans would attack Sweden; but the unwisdom of counting on a reasoned decision from the Nazi leaders needs no advertisement after the events of the past few years; and, from the scale of Swedish and Norwegian preparations, it is clear that none is needed in Scandinavia."

The King's Gesture

KING Gustav, in his Address from the Throne at the opening of the Swedish Parliament, said that the drawing of Finland into the war profoundly affected the Swedish people. Their readiness to help a brother nation in distress had been clearly manifested.

"Sweden was, and is," he declared, "conscious of her obligation to give the valiant Finnish people all the help, material and humanitarian, that she can give in view of her own position and possibilities."

"Nordic collaboration, and collaboration with other neutral states which are not bound by alliances, lies close to my heart. This collaboration has an essential task in defending the common interests of neutral states. I earnestly hope that it will be equally strong in the service of general peace."

Mr. J. L. Garvin, writing in The Observer, asking the question, "What of the Scandinavians at home?"

"Their situation is difficult and dangerous, but they are moved more and more by an almost unbearable ordeal."

"King Gustav, at the opening of the Swedish Parliament, proclaimed the obligation of Swedes to give the Finnish brother nation all the material and humanitarian aid they can; though with a most solemn desire not to be drawn into war but to wait still for a peaceful solution."

"Why, members of the Swedish Parliament must be asking," states The Birmingham Post, "is Germany so anxious to prevent or check Swedish assistance to Finland; and why is that anxiety linked up with warnings?"

"There are two obvious answers, neither reassuring. One is that the Russo-German friendship is a good deal closer than most people had suspected, extending even to some sort of agreement to divide that Baltic area over which Germany and Russia have wrangled for several centuries."

"The other is that Germany, dissatisfied with the progress of her war against British and neutral shipping, is seeking some excuse to take some part of the Scandinavian coasts. Either assumption, of course, implies unpleasant happenings. For the moment, it is to be supposed, Norway and Sweden take comfort from the essential antagonism of the Russia and the Germany they have known in the past; comfort, too, from the hope that Germany does not really want an extension of the war which might well bring in other and more important neutrals. For the moment, at any rate, their heads are high and their words firm. They may know more soon, for better or worse, of Hitler's new year programme."

From a Chaplain's Diary

"The Guardian" publishes the following text from the diary of a chaplain in the R.E.F.

"MY short time in hospital has concentrated my thoughts on 'mail.' The convalescent officers put in hours a day censoring letters from soldiers in the hospital, and R.A.M.C. and R.A.S.C. men attached to the medical base, and during my ten days there, I think I must have censored more letters than during the first three months of the war."

"One does not, of course, remember any details of what is a purely personal and private concern of the men, but certain general impressions are very clear. The main one is the loyalty and devotion of the average man to his home, his wife, his parents, his girl."

"For every letter containing rebuke or abuse, one reads a hundred full of affection (with a very large share of it for the children). For every letter of complaint and grouching, one reads a hundred saying that all is well and that there is no need to worry; in fact, keep your chin up!"

"For every letter asking for things, one reads a hundred saying: 'Don't send money; you need it more than I do. Don't send fags; we can buy them cheaper out here.' In short, the main burden of the average letter is consideration and devotion for those at home, who, at any cost, must not worry or go short of anything."

"But there was another side of the censoring we did in hospital. Time and again one came across this sort of remark: 'I cannot understand it. I've had no letter from you for a fortnight'; or, 'No, neither of the parcels you mention has arrived.' I myself have suffered. At least eight letters or packages re-addressed to my regiment never got to me."

"My own letters home had not arrived a week after they were written, to the

great alarm of my family. This sort of experience is particularly upsetting to a soldier lying in hospital with, say, pneumonia or a fracture, and kept there for weeks. There is a fairly generally accepted belief that the further you get from the front line the worse the organization becomes; I have no hesitation in saying that that is true of the post."

"At the front, the normal arrangements for mail are excellent; at the medical base they are disgraceful. There is nowhere where a regular postal service is more important, but owing to the lack of competent people to deal with it and to systematize it the mail is in a state of chaos."

"Owd Sammy" of Lancashire

SIR Samuel Brighouse, Britain's oldest coroner, and affectionately known as "Owd Sammy," who died at the age of ninety at his home in Derby Street, Ormskirk, Lancashire, had been the South-west Lancashire coroner for fifty-six years. For the past two years he had been confined to his bedroom, but carried on his work up to the last.

Sir Samuel smoked no fewer than twenty cigars a day. Some of his sayings were:

"I enjoy every minute of every day."

"I've never gone out of my way to avoid a pint of beer."

"To acquire happiness take an interest in your fellow creatures and they will take an interest in you."

Sir Samuel was born at Latham Ormskirk. He was the last coroner in England chosen by the votes of the freeholders, being elected in January, 1884.

Newsviews and Reviews



Darts seem popular with the R.A.F. in France. The censor has removed the name of the Air Vice-Marshal (left), who is superintending the distribution of gifts to the men at the front. The dart boards, boxing gloves and stock of woollens are the results of the work done by the Comforts Fund for the Air Force.

MANNERHEIM - Finland's National Hero

THOSE who have met Field-Marshal Mannerheim cannot forget him. Those who have known him never cease to admire and respect his force of character.

He looks what he is—a leader of men. His long, romantic career reads like a fairy tale, but he has profited well by strange experiences, and there is no grimmer realist in Europe. He is not the mystical hero of legend, but a fighter who knows what he is up against in the stark, unscrupulous world of 1940.

My first memory of him goes back to a Summer day in the military camp at Krasnoe Selo, near Petrograd. I was a boy in the Imperial Corps des Pages, and the Guards were being reviewed by the Emperor, Nicholas II. Among the officers who rode by was one whose horsemanship was particularly striking.

"Mannerheim!" someone remarked, and the vivid impression remained. He had a magnetic quality even then. There were other officers as tall and good looking and strong, but Mannerheim one remembered.

In Chevalier Guards

A FEW years later I joined the same regiment (Chevalier Guards), and, though he was my senior officer, I became very friendly with him.

In the mess and in the barracks his unique personality stood out, but none of us dreamed of the events lying ahead which would throw him to the fore.

The son of a Finnish nobleman, Mannerheim had been educated in the Cadet School of Finland. Then he joined the Chevalier Guards in Russia, and even as a young officer his tactics of manoeuvres surprised the authorities.

After distinguishing himself in the Russo-Japanese war, he undertook a journey of exploration and for a year and a half Petrograd did not see the captain.

"Why on earth has Mannerheim disappeared? What is he up to now?" people asked. Meanwhile a tall, lone figure rode through the wildest parts of Central Asia and China. On returning from this 9,000-mile expedition laden with Chinese antiques and new maps for the staff, his diary was published and it proved thrilling reading, not only for students of the East.

Returns to Military

BUT Mannerheim returned to military life as if he had been away a week-end. "I learned a lot," he said on rejoining us, and that was all.

Later on we got him to describe his meeting with the Dalai Lama. "I wondered what gift would please him, and then it struck me that all value depends on whether a thing is rare or not. I thought a revolver might prove an attractive toy, and it did."

Like all sportsmen, he loved horses and insisted on their good treatment. On the rare occasions when he found a horse had been badly used, the stables shook. Those were the only times he lost his temper, and no one ever forgot "getting hell" from Mannerheim.

During the war he led the Independent Guard Cavalry Brigade.

For three years, throughout the tremendous devastating advances and retreats of the Eastern Front, Mannerheim's unit solved every problem with success. His courage and iron will became famous.

I often saw him during the fighting in Poland and can still hear his clear, short orders when an important operation had to be carried out.

On Polish Front

I REMEMBER one day in September on the Polish front. The Cavalry Brigade were advancing quickly and Mannerheim's Lancers had already attacked and captured a large amount of German transport. Towards afternoon it was reported that the Germans were retreating along a narrow forest road. On each side lay deep bog and morasses covered by leaves.

Mannerheim was trotting at the head of his brigade when the German artillery opened fire. Several men and horses fell

COL. PAUL RODZIANKO C.M.G.

A Friend of Mannerheim Since They Served Together in the Old Russian Imperial Army.

around him. He realized the road would become a trap, yet it was impossible for cavalry to move through the marshy forest.

"Halt," his voice boomed as calmly as on the parade ground. Usually before answering any question, even a simple one, Mannerheim makes a long pause, but in time of action he does not pause. His orders were instantaneous. His battery opened fire along the road, and he sent a dismounted detachment on through the forest.

Dusk was descending, shells burst overhead and the crack of rifles sounded in the woods as his men attacked on foot. There was not a tremor of emotion in Mannerheim's voice as he directed the fighting.

Calm, cold, hard as granite he seemed then sitting on his bay horse among the falling gold leaves.

Nightfall ended the skirmish and the brigade pitched camp. That night Mannerheim went out alone in the dark forest to search for one of his officers who had not returned—my friend young Bibikoff, a brilliant rider, who had won many races and cups and of whom Mannerheim was very fond.

His body was found at dawn shot through the chest. Badges and shoulder straps had been cut off by the enemy.

Mannerheim took the dead boy and kissed him, saying: "You were good stuff. I wish they had got me instead."

Horses Looking On

LATER on he told Bibikoff's mother that the funeral service was held in a big stable with horses looking on, "which Bibikoff would have liked."

Yet he was hard and unsentimental. These gestures came because he knew the value of every man under him.

How Much Do You Put in the Plate?

An "Fighting Christian" writes to The London Daily Mail giving a few observations on churchgoers and church offerings.

"PEOPLE give to God what they would blush to give a porter for a tip."

This remark was made a short while ago by a Purley vicar, commenting on the fact that people who went to church expected to find a bright, well-kept place awaiting them and a smiling parson at the door to greet them, without thinking where the money for such things was coming from.

I have just been looking at the last monthly returns of the offertories made in the great St. Paul's Cathedral in London, and it would seem that the "penny" churchgoer is still much in evidence.

On Sunday, November 26, the collection for the expenses of the service in the Cathedral amounted to the inglorious total of £4 7s 9d.

It was just a fraction of the amount required.

What is the average contribution to the plate or collection bag by the ordinary churchgoer?

A special commission of the Church Assembly which set out to investigate the problem reported rather ambitiously that the average man's contribution was 1s 13d a week. This was calculated on the basis that the average income of churchgoing people, including children, was £50 a year.

One of the commissioners reported that

I have seen him at close quarters both at war and at peace. I can say that he thinks with magnificent detachment, unaffected by bombs or bombast.

When the revolution broke up the battered remnants of the Russian Army and the treaty of Brest Litovsk was signed, Mannerheim returned to his own country, took command of all the Finnish forces, crushed Bolshevism and declared the independence of Finland.

But Mannerheim did not rest on his laurels, though he found time to vanish to India occasionally for his favorite sport of tiger hunting.

He knew the angry eyes of the Soviet were only temporarily averted. Some day, somehow, the Reds would spring, and he took measures accordingly. Mannerheim organized his country's defence and modernized the army.

The world knew Finland for its scenery, sports and music. No one heard of the Mannerheim Line, but when the time came it was ready. There was no muddle, no fiasco. The transport worked, the tactics had been prepared, the skiers were trained, the army had its white overcoats. No generals had to be shot!

Three years ago I saw Mannerheim after the swirl of events had parted us for a length of time. Knocking on the hotel door, I wondered if he would have changed, but the same powerful figure came to greet me. The jut of his jaw was as determined as ever, and the same sardonic humor reflected in those dark eyes. His answers were as sharp and dry and clear as ever, and he still had that old characteristic of thinking a long time before each answer. I felt the years had passed him by. He was too big to touch.

"Come to Finland soon," he said as we parted, "and I'll beat you at golf and show you my rock gardens . . . natural ones, the loveliest in the world."

Today Mannerheim has no illusions. Life has been his teacher and he knows the terrible odds his country must face. It seems impossible. Fifty soldiers to one . . . what courage, what energy, what efficiency can stand it?

World admiration has been roused by Finland's fight, but more is needed. Their cry is not that of a lost cause but of a small, desperate civilization against the hordes of barbarism.

How Much Do You Put in the Plate?

In his district the squire put half a crown in the plate every Sunday morning, his wife a shilling, and his family sums varying from 3d to 6d.

The lawyer's largess was estimated at 2s, with correspondingly decreasing amounts for his wife and dependants. The tradesman and farmer were forthcoming with a weekly 6d. Artisans gave 1d, and even a halfpenny.

In a year the total sum collected at Westminster Abbey in the offertory was £3,354 13s 5d.

Sandbag Gardens

"Talk of the Town" writes in the London Daily Sketch, pointing out an interesting little side-light on the effects of the war in London and the possibility of a "crop" to harvest.

"AT the Ministry of Agriculture they are making little bets among themselves as to what crops London's millions of sandbags will produce in the Spring."

"Though many sandbags in the City and West End have been given preservative coatings which will probably render them sterile, there are many thousands of untreated bags. Some of these have already burst and reveal surprising fillings."

"An expert with whom I was walking yesterday pointed out, merely at a glance, from what district the fillings had come. Some bags revealed London clay; others contained Surrey sand, Berkshire chalk and Kentish loam. Each type will possibly produce its own special kind of weed."

FOUR MONTHS PROVE WORTH OF AIR FORCE

"Whether there is a major offensive, or not, the scope and nature of air operations will almost certainly change as the hours of daylight increase," writes the Aeronautical Correspondent of The Times, London, in an article dealing with the activities of the Royal Air Force since the beginning of hostilities.

"IT is instructive at this moment of change to look back on the first four months of the war in the air and to draw inferences as to the probable course of future events. It is true to say that air operations have so far taken a totally unexpected direction and that recently some of them have provoked a good deal of discussion both inside and outside the Service because of the way in which they have diverged from the theory of air war."

"The operations fall into four chief groups: Bombing attacks on ships by both sides; reconnaissance flights by both sides; defensive action by both sides, and mine-laying by the enemy. But there are also the mingled offensive and defensive operations which have been conducted by the Royal Air Force in the regions of the German bases at Sylt, Norderney, and Borkum, and near Heligoland. There has been no attempt by either side to put into practice the mass strategical bombing theory of General Douhet. In much modified form the Germans acted according to this theory in Poland; but since then their air force has confined itself to naval objectives and has not attacked those in great force. At first sight the way in which Germany has refrained from bombing land targets (the objective of the Shetlands raids was almost certainly naval) seems remarkable; but when the matter is considered from the larger aspect of the conduct of the war it appears much less so."

Timing the Effort

"IT is to obtain the greatest possible effect from the air effort the moment of its release must be adjusted in relation to the effort on land and sea. Meanwhile existing forces must be conserved and new ones built up. For the Allies the war at sea began on September 3 and at sea the air arm has played its part. The airplanes of the Coastal Command and of the Fleet Air Arm have been continuously engaged since the beginning. There have also been the Royal Air Force reconnaissance flights, during many of which photographs were taken. They have called for the highest skill and endurance on the part of officers and men, for the airplanes have often met bad weather on the way. In spite of this the flights have been made with great regularity and the losses have been few. But, apart from these reconnaissance flights, there has been, on land, no call for large-scale aerial operations. Germany is aware that when once they started they would swiftly develop into a bombing competition of great intensity."

"No comfortable conclusion that German bombing of land targets is improbable may therefore be drawn from the events of the first four months of war. Nor is there the smallest reason to believe that the destruction caused by large-scale air bombing is likely to be less than had originally been supposed. It is still possible, and, indeed, likely, that the bomb will play an important part in this war. Nothing has indicated that its powers have been misjudged or that Germany has suddenly decided—since the Polish campaign—that she will not again use the bomb because its use against land targets involves the risk that civilian lives will be lost. Suggestions for rearranging the organizational basis of the Royal Air Force on the grounds that there will be no large-scale bombing are both premature and mischievous."

"The general position is, therefore, that Germany is withholding her bombing aircraft because she is not yet ready to launch a major offensive and because she is hoping to do preliminary damage to British shipping by means of sniping operations. As the blockade tightens, so the probability of Germany launching her bombing fleet against this country and at the same time making a move into one of the neutral countries increases. For this contingency the Royal Air Force must remain in a constant state of readiness."

The Bomber Command

"THAT is the general opinion. In detail the operations have had many points of interest. First among them is the fine skill and courage shown by Royal Air Force officers and men. A special word of praise must be given to the aircraft crews of the Bomber Command. They have been responsible for the large numbers of leaflet raids, the bombing attacks on German warships, and the 'security patrols.' These men have not only proved themselves to be accurate navigators under the most difficult conditions, but they have also shown incomparable daring in facing tremendous odds in aerial combat. Flying large bombing airplanes designed for bombing and not for fighting, they have fought and not been bombed."

"Too little note has been taken of the work of these men. They have faced aircraft capable of much greater speed and equipped with more concentrated fire power, and they have faced them many hundreds of miles from home, often over the sea, and they have refused to give way. It is the more important that the limitations to be placed upon the duties which bombing airplanes are asked to undertake should be constantly reviewed. When bombs have to be dropped losses are inevitable and are compensated by the losses suffered by the enemy."



Suburb and Country



AGRICULTURE IS A FIRST PRINCIPLE: ON IT RESTS THE LIFE AND HAPPINESS OF MANKIND—Julian A. Dimock

Rock Gardens Enhanced By Dwarf Trees and Shrubs

FEW people realize the valuable role that dwarf shrubs and trees play in the rock garden, writes Gertrude Schuricht in *The New York Times*. If carefully chosen and well placed, they add much character to the planting and relieve the monotony of too many small plants, creating the semblance of a rugged natural scene. With their aid the builder can create a convincing picture from otherwise meaningless piles of stones. The blossoms and leaves of the deciduous trees and shrubs offer a variety of colors which can be well blended into the garden; and when they are gone, properly placed evergreens add much to the composition and relieve the garden of drabness in the winter.

The rock garden builder striving to create a natural and interesting effect with shrubs can give accents, an appearance of naturalness, an illusion of height, and help to draw the construction together into a harmonious setting.

In making a choice of trees and shrubs to be used it is important that they be of a size to fit the surroundings and "scale" of the garden. Young specimens of large growing species are avoided. For the first few years they remain in keeping with the garden, but in a surprisingly short time will outgrow neighboring plants, thereby destroying the illusion they were intended to create.

Wide Range of Color

THERE are, however, many shrubs and trees of dwarf habit which can be successfully and safely used with no danger of outgrowing their place in the garden. There is a wide range of colors, flowers and foliage among the dwarf shrubs, and these should be carefully studied in relation to the garden so that they will harmonize with the existing plantings.

Among the dwarf trees none is so useful as the true dwarf conifers, with their deep green foliage which provides a welcome change from the brilliant masses of color in Spring and Summer, and is cheerful in Winter. Many of them thrive in poor soil in a crevice; in such a position they will grow slowly and soon appear as aged trees though still remaining but a few feet high.

The dwarf cotoneasters are most welcome in themselves and for clothing the rock garden with beauty. They provide much color in Fall with their berries of varying shades of red. Many of them have tiny pinkish flowers which are lovely if not very conspicuous.

The charm of the brooms is not to be overlooked. Their gay blooms and distinct forms add much delight to the planting in any rock garden.

For Early Flowering

FOR early flowering in the rock garden, *Erica carnea* and its variety *alba*, and also *Calluna vulgaris*, are indispensable. Their dainty bells open with the first March sunshine. Planted on a gentle slope among the early blue-flowering bulbs, they present a lovely picture. *Erica medeolensis* hybrids have fine dark, evergreen foliage and bright pink flowers which persist well into the winter, when they are most welcome.

Lecophyllum buxifolium, *Box Sandmyrtle*, is covered in Spring with a mass of creamy flowers atop dark evergreen foliage. The prostrate form, *L.b. prostratum*, is very desirable.

Only a few of the dwarf shrubs are necessary in the garden, but they should be in a prominent position, their outline showing well above the rocks and other plants, in order that their individual picturesqueness will not be hidden.



JAPANESE PLUM BLOOMS EARLY IN FEBRUARY
On All Sides There is Evidence of the Mild Winter, and Everywhere Spring Blossoms Are Appearing From Four to Six Weeks Earlier Than Usual. This Japanese Plum Tree, at the Corner of Crescent and Foul Bay Roads, Was Photographed by The Colonist Cameraman on February 10, When the Bloom Was as Far Advanced as in Mid-March Last Year.

Good Planting Technique Saves Many Garden Hours

THE soil for the garden should be prepared as soon as weather will permit. Never work soil so wet it can be molded into a ball. When it crumbles, instead of holding together, it is time to spade.

Spading is not nearly as hard a job as it looks to be. For the average garden it takes about as much energy as eighteen holes of golf, and if we look at it in the right light it is just as much fun and better exercise. There is only one "secret" to the art of spading, and that is a straight up and down cut. The reason for this is obvious when you consider that a slanting cut might turn over only four inches of soil while a perpendicular cut will go down ten inches.

When the soil has been properly spaded, it should be smoothed with a rake. At least two inches of the topsoil should be finely pulverized and free from lumps and clods. Stones and bits of wood and rubbish should be cast aside, so that as few obstacles as possible remain to easy cultivation.

No better way has been found to lay out rows in the small garden than the string-line method. Two small stakes and a long piece of wrapping string are needed. If you will cut neat stakes both may be left in the ground to mark the row with the seed packet pinned to one; this will give you a check on variety names.

Should Be Spaced Evenly

GARDEN rows should be spaced evenly, exactly. Take pains to measure them,

otherwise you will regret it. How far apart? Eighteen inches is a good distance for leaf, root and seed crops. Small items like radish may be grown six inches apart, but cultivation will be difficult, and soil needs to be rich. Eighteen inches gives room to use a wheel hoe, and allows for vigorous growth. In large gardens, two to three feet are often allowed.

Vine crops, including tomatoes, need more room, at least three feet in the smallest gardens. Sweet corn ought to have the same, even Golden Bantam.

After the row has been located, shallow drills can be easily made with a hoe in a straight line by following down the line. Take some care in making these drills. Be certain that the soil is finely pulverized and the drill not too deep.

How deep? Here, again, there is quite a latitude. Four times the diameter of the seed is the usual formula, but remember this is not a precision operation. Tiny flower seeds should just be covered with a sprinkle of earth, but vegetable seeds will do quite well if you remember: Shallow drills for all the little seeds, a little deeper for the larger seeds, with a maximum of two inches for peas, yet even sweet peas. This is for Spring, when there is ample moisture. In summer planting, everything goes deeper.

Modern plant food should be applied about four pounds to 100 square feet, spread evenly between the rows and raked lightly into the top soil, so as to be quickly available to the shallow rooted seedlings.

Carnations will last much longer if, whenever you change the water, you also spray the flowers lightly with clear cold water. Half a teaspoonful of common salt in the vase is an excellent carnation preservative.

Cut half an inch from the bottom of cyclamen stems, and single poinsettia stem bases in a candle flame for a few seconds.

Tulips have a habit of drooping in the vases. This can be prevented by wrapping the stems in tissue paper for a few inches beneath the flower. Then plunge all but the blooms in cold water for a couple of hours before arranging them in the vases.

If possible, change the water every day, otherwise go round with a jug of tepid water and fill up the vases, for some flowers absorb a lot of water.

The addition of a few pieces of charcoal helps to keep the water fresh. If this is not available add a lump of sugar to the water, especially for tulips and daffodils.

Avoid overcrowding when filling the vases and do not leave too much foliage on the stems; it only takes nourishment away from the flowers. Also remove all leaves from the part of the stem which will be under water.

The agriculture of tomorrow will differ from that of today as much as ours does from that of fifty years ago. The actual progress will be made through scientific research, made effective by wise policies of production and marketing, and the agricultural countries which reap the greatest benefit will be those that use the only key that can unlock the doors to nature's secrets—Dr. J. M. Swaine, Director, Science Service, Dominion Department of Agriculture.

Hatchability Important In Poultry Raising

HATCHABILITY is the proportion of chicks hatched from a given number of fertile eggs, assuming ideal incubation conditions prevail. Thus, if 200 fertile eggs produce 140 day-old chicks, the hatchability is 70 per cent.

Hatchability is affected by nutrition, incubation, weather, health of breeders and storage of eggs, all factors under the immediate control of the poultry-keeper.

Low hatchability on these counts points definitely to unskilled feeding, lack of knowledge of breeding and poor powers of observation.

But there is another factor which concerns profitable hatching and that is heredity. Twenty years ago the belief was held that hatchability was not passed from parent to progeny, but during the last six years experiments have proved this belief to be incorrect.

In one test, from 60 Rhode Island Reds which gave a hatchability of 80 per cent, 120 pullets were reared and bred from, and gave hatchability of 75 per cent; yet 40 Rhodes of hatching power of 58 per cent gave daughters the eggs of which were only 60 per cent hatchable.

Benefit of Trap Nesting

THUS the trap-nesting of breeders and the pedigree-hatching of their eggs has a new value, for by doing this the eggs which hatch poorly can be traced back to the birds which laid them, and these birds can be leg-banded and excluded from any further breeding operations. In a short while, a strain of birds will be built up which gives hatching results much above the average.

This improvement in hatching enables more chicks to be obtained from eggs set and more eggs to be sold as new laid, less incubator space need be used and labor is less.

Hatchability is transmitted through the male as well as through the females, and it is quite reasonable to suppose that poor hatching results may be due to the use of a male bred from a dam whose eggs were low in hatchability.

How important it is, then, to mate the females with a male known to have been bred from a hen with high hatching power. Such a male can be purchased from a good pedigree breeder who is able to trace hatching results back to individual hens.

Changing Poultry Litter

LITTER in solid-floored houses is of value only while it is dry, clean, light and easily moved, for only in such condition can the birds find pleasure in scratching it over to discover grain hidden beneath it.

As soon as the litter becomes damp, heavy, foul and close in texture, either the grain remains lying on top so that the birds can obtain it without the need for scratching or they will refuse to look for it and it will be wasted.

One cannot say that litter should be removed and replaced by new after any definite period, because so many factors influence its condition.

If the house is capable of protecting the litter, no matter how bad the weather, if it is well ventilated and not overcrowded, then straw litter will need renewing only after ten days' use; shavings after a fortnight and peat moss after three weeks.

Examine your stored crops, removing all waxy roots and rubbing sprouts off seed potatoes, and secondary leaves from carrots and beetroot.

New Gardeners Should Select Seeds Only of Standard Varieties

By FRED BENNETT

CATALOGUES are now being studied, plans made, plants and seeds ordered for the Summer garden. For the beginner, the success or failure of this first garden often decides between a yearly garden or just a grass plot. In looking over a catalogue one should realize that it was sent to you expressly to interest you in its contents, and by far its most interesting sections are those devoted to illustrations and descriptions of new varieties. These new kinds generally come direct from the originator; they have been produced by specialists under the most favorable conditions. Check a three or four-year-old catalogue with the current issue for the percentage of new kinds that succeed with ordinary care.

The beginner, with a potential garden, will be well advised to examine the lists for varieties quoted in quantity as well as in small lots, or look at the end of the section for the list of "standard" kinds. These are the sort used commercially and they will succeed under very unfavorable conditions. If the beginner does plant some new and very attractive kind, he had better follow the directions carefully and not forget that he is experimenting. Only experienced garden lovers can indulge in "label planting"—that is, planting sorts whose chief distinctions are their long botanical names.

When planting seeds, try this: Make a box three by three by twelve inches long; a common roof shingle supplies the material. Cover the bottom half an inch deep with peat, procurable at any garden supply house, fill the box nearly to the top with a mixture of half peat and half-ordinary garden soil. Level the soil in the box with your hand, but do not press it down in any way. Sow the seed. Either leave the seed uncovered or, using a very fine sifter of some sort, put the barst sprinkle of peat on the top. Cover the box with glass and stand it in the shade in any ordinary house temperature. If the soil gets dry, immerse the bottom inch of the box in water for a couple of minutes. When the seed comes up, gradually move it nearer the light. Stand the box outside as soon as possible.

Scientific Research Is Key To Agriculture

IN recent address on "Scientific Research, the Key to Progress in Agriculture," Dr. J. M. Swaine, director, Science Service, Dominion Department of Agriculture, said that down through all the history of the human race, until very recent times, man has had an intermittent fear of a food shortage, of famine, and of starvation. In most lands, with the exception of a few favored sections like the Nile Valley and Mesopotamia, the leaders of the people and the father of the family have so often expressed that dread in the ancient prayer, "Lord give us food to eat and clothing to wear."

As recently as the late 1890's, prominent scientific men were expressing the view that the world's population was increasing so rapidly that by the 1930's, or thereabout, there would be a world shortage of food. They appear to have been very much concerned about the fate of humanity. Actually, in the 1930's, men were sometimes saying that there was too much wheat and wool and rayon being produced. The reason these prophecies failed is not far to seek. During the last fifty years, scientific research has opened many doors to increased production. The ancient hope had been to make two blades grow where one grew before. Now many blades are made to grow where one grew before, and what is more important, it is now possible in many cases to save that one blade of grass from swift and merciless destruction by pests and disease.

"Scientific agriculture is still endeavoring to increase those blades of grass, but the intent is now more clearly directed toward reducing the costs of production and improving the quality of the product; larger crops, finer quality, lower costs, greater profit to the producer, and a lower price to the consumer—these are benefits which can be obtained only through the result of scientific research and its wise application to practical affairs."

Vitality of Weed Seeds

AS the result of practical tests on the vitality of weeds carried out at the Dominion Experimental Sub-Station at Regina, Sask., wild mustard seeds buried for five years showed a considerable proportion of live seeds, in some lots the percentage being as high as for seed kept in dry storage. Stinkweed after three years in the ground has a fair proportion of germinable seeds, but after being five years in the ground very few were left alive. Russian thistle showed only a very small proportion of germinable seeds after one year in the ground and after two years no live seeds were found. The germination percentage of wild oats after two years in the ground was small and was nil at five years.

Shorten tree branches which overhang vegetable plots. The shade they throw reduces yields. Cut them off with a saw and treat the cut ends with white lead paint.

Terracing Hillsides to Conserve Fertility And Save Moisture

THE value of agricultural terraces for increasing moisture conservation and for decreasing soil erosion is constantly receiving greater attention from farmers in all parts of Canada. The basic function of such installations is the interception of run-off water on sloping fields so that it may either be absorbed or conducted slowly from the fields depending upon the requirements, states A. Leachy, Field Husbandry Division, Central Experimental Farm, Ottawa.

Run-off water, occasioned by Spring freshets or by heavy rains, may cause considerable damage by eroding the valuable surface soil. This water is of little value for crop production, as it moves across the fields so rapidly the soil has little chance to absorb it. By the use of a suitable system of terraces the farmer may control this water to his own advantage.

In the drier parts of Canada the principal use of terraces is to assist in conserving moisture for crop production purposes, although even in these regions their value in checking soil erosion should not be overlooked. In using terraces for moisture conservation the water is either impounded on the sloping fields or it is conducted at a low velocity to adjacent level land, where it is impounded. In either case the object is to have the run-off water absorbed by the soil so that it can be utilized by farm crops. On the other hand, where terraces are to be used solely for assisting in the control of soil erosion, the object is to install the terraces in such a manner so that the run-off water can be conducted slowly and safely from the fields into waste ditches.

The installation of terraces usually requires a certain amount of preliminary technical calculations, if they are to be effective. However, the problem of their installation and effective use almost invariably resolves itself into simple common sense farm practice, which generally may be applied by the average farm operator with a little technical assistance.

Cold Frame Most Useful Aid to the Gardener

EVERY amateur gardener needs a cold frame. In every month of the year there is important service it can render. In the Spring it is a nursery for young plants; under its protection vegetables and flowers can be started weeks earlier than they could be sown outdoors, and guarded from belated frosts until time to set them in the garden.

To make a cold frame is so easy, anyone who can wield a saw and hammer can do it. It is usually made three by six feet, or some multiple of this, for the reason that standard hot-bed sash are of these dimensions. This standard sash may be used for both hot-beds and cold frames, which are alike except that the cold frame is unheated. But a cold-frame (or a hot-bed either) may be any size you wish, to fit old windows, or frames covered with one of the modern glass substitutes.

In making a cold frame, the frame should be constructed of one-inch boards. First, dig a hole in the ground slightly larger than the size of the frame. It should be at least a foot deep. Into this hole put the frame you have built so that six inches of it is beneath the surface and the remainder above. This will insure that no drafts enter from beneath. Construct the frame so that the front is eight inches above the surface, and the rear twelve inches. It must slant toward the south, where the winter sun shines. It is well to hinge the sash at the top of the frame, so it can be easily opened for transplanting purposes and airing.

A sunny spot in the garden, protected as much as possible from the full force of winds and driving rain, is the best situation for the cold frame.

Hardy annuals and vegetables will get a month's jump on the weatherman if started in a frame, and it is an absolute necessity if you are to have some of the tender ones.

An Ancient Commentary On Imported Fruits

IN view of the large amount of native fruit available to Canadians at the present time, owing to restricted shipping space for exports, the quaintly worded reference to the use of domestic as against imported fruit and plants in England over 300 years ago is pertinent to the present apple marketing problem in Canada.

Writing in his *Elizabethan England* in 1587, the Rev. William Harrison says with reference to the importation of fruits and plants into England from Mediterranean countries:

"Certain they grow not for us but for the Arabians and Grecians. And albeit that they may by skill be applied unto our benefit, yet to be more skillful in them than in our own is folly; and to-use foreign wares when our own may serve the turn is more folly; but to despise our own and magnify above measure the use of them that are sought and brought from afar is most folly of all; for it savourith of ignorance, or at the least wise of negligence and is therefore worthy of reproach."

In another part of the same chapter, after writing of the crops of 1587, Mr. Harrison comments: "And even as it fareth with our gardens so doeth it with our orchards which were never furnished with so good fruit nor with such variety as at this present. For besides that we have most delicate apples, piums, pears, walnuts, filberts, or sundry sorts we have no less store of other good fruits. So that England for these commodities was never better furnished, neither any nation under any climate more plentifully endowed with these and other blessings from the most High God who grant us Grace withal to use the same to His Honor and Glory."

Make some seed boxes for use in the approaching sowing season. Make them an even size so as to utilize stage space to the best advantage. Convenient dimensions are length two feet, width one foot, depth two and one-half inches. Leave one-quarter inch between each two bottom boards, to allow for the escape of water.



A Page For CHILDREN



The Wishful Frog

By E. HOPE KEHR

ONCE upon a time, in a far away lotus pond, there lived a frog. Now this pond was no ordinary lotus pond, for it was in the castle grounds of King Kallion, of Treasures.

As soon as this little frog had emerged from the tadpole stage, his mother gazed upon him, and thought she had never seen such a beautiful frog-child before. He had a lovely green patterned coat and a pearl colored vest, and such great soulful eyes. His mother worried herself for days trying to think of a suitable name for him.

Beautiful-Spirit-of-the-Pond was finally her choice—which was, perhaps, the beginning of the trouble.

Beautiful-Spirit-of-the-Pond sat upon a lotus leaf, and gazed at his reflection in the water, and his thoughts ran something like this: Such a beautiful name for a green frog in a green pool; much better were I born a swan, with a graceful form and regal manner, then the name Beautiful-Spirit-of-the-Pond would surely fit me like a glove.

He sat, day after day, wishing for the grace of a swan, until, finally, Old Mother Nature seeing him so pensive and sad, asked of him his complaint.

"Old Mother Nature," said he, "If I were to become a white swan I would be truly happy."

Old Mother Nature being fairly reasonable about such requests thought to herself, "Frog or swan, what difference does it make to me?" So she said some funny words, and Beautiful-Spirit-of-the-Pond glided happily across the smooth surface of the green pond, nodding his haughty swan head to the lotus blossoms and butterflies; and for a time he was very happy.

Being a newcomer, the other swans had very little to do with him. At last, Beautiful-Spirit thought "Perhaps they are waiting for me to speak first," so he approached the friendliest looking swan and said "Oongli Chug-er-rum" (meaning good day, by friend). But the friendliest looking swan ceased looking friendly, and stared at the swan who talked like a frog, then paddled quickly to the other swans at the end of the pond, to tell her friends of the frog who was masquerading as a swan. "And he does it so well!" added the startled swan, "That you'd never guess it, until he opens his bill to speak."

Beautiful-Spirit became lonelier every day, and wished to talk to some friend. He thought of his mother, and of how proud she had been of his beauty—"And now" he thought, "In my perfection as a swan, she'll be more proud of me than before."

Beautiful-Spirit searched among the haunts which he knew his mother had been fond of, and just as he espied her, she hopped out of sight behind a big rock.

"Mother, mother, it is I, Beautiful-Spirit—"

of-the-Pond come to see you. Pray, mother dear, why do you hide from me?" "I thought you might eat me!" cried his mother; and to his surprise, she added, "You were much more handsome as a frog. But if you will promise not to eat me, I will come out and talk to you." With that remark, she crept around the rock, but remained at a safe distance during the entire conversation.

"Woe is me!" thought Beautiful-Spirit as he returned to the open water with downcast head, "Even my mother is displeased with me, and I have no one to call me 'friend.' What a horrible life I have chosen for myself."

For days he could neither eat nor sleep, and became much thinner; and he felt that he would surely die of loneliness.

Old Mother Nature, seeing him in such a dreadful state, called out to him: "Beautiful-Spirit-of-the-Pond, why are you sorrowful? Is it not good to be a swan, either?"

"Dear Old Mother Nature!" cried the frog-swam, "Little did I know that being born with the soul of a frog, that I would never make a good swan. Even my own mother, who loved me more than any of her other children, now fears me, thinking that I might eat her, were I very hungry."

He continued, "To be born a beautiful frog, it is best to behave like a beautiful frog should, seems to be the surest road to happiness," and here, two big tears welled out of his eyes and trickled down his bill.

"You have learned your lesson!" chuckled Old Mother Nature (who was at heart a really kind old lady). "And now I think



"If I Were to Become a White Swan I Would Be Truly Happy," Said the Little Frog.

you will be true to yourself in the future, for, alas, I can only change your body, not your soul."

Beautiful-Spirit-of-the-Pond sat once again upon his favorite lotus leaf, and admired his reflection in the water. "After all," he thought, "I am a very beautiful frog." He looked upon the beautiful world, and sighed happily, in the warm sunshine.

frequently mention the names adopted by players. Each player, as he recognizes his name, must stand up, turn around, and sit down again. Should he forget, he must give a forfeit. When the express train is mentioned all must change seats, and every time the train starts all must whistle.

A Good Trick

A GOOD trick can be performed with an ordinary needle. After making sure that the point is sharp, ask people to use it as a dart and throw it, say, from a point a yard away from the door. No matter how often they try they will be unable to get it to stick in the door. You now ask for a piece of thread and tell someone to put it through the needle so that they may be sure you will use the same needle and not substitute another. From the same distance, the needle is now thrown by yourself, and, of course, sticks in the door. The secret is that the thread enables the needle to act as an arrow.

Match Box Race

THE players divide into two teams and stand facing each other down the middle of the room. Each first player is given a match box cover to put on his nose.

At the word "Go" this must be passed on to the nose of the second player, and no one may touch it with his hands. Every time it falls it must be returned to the first player and the race begun again.

The winning team is the one that first sends its cover successfully from the first to the last player.

Boundary Tag

TWO boys stand between lines drawn five feet apart, each grasping the end of a cane or stick. They take a position face to face, the right toes touching, each boy stepping backward in a strong stride with the left foot. The object of this game is to pull the opponent across a boundary line.

Riddles

What makes a pair of boots?—Two.

What did Adam first plant in his garden?—His foot.

What boat isn't a boat?—A boat train.



"Tiger," who died recently after having passed his fifteenth birthday, was the pet of Mrs. F. B. Yates. His photograph was taken a few months ago at the extreme end of Tan Mide Point just as the Vancouver boat passed by. Tiger was a great traveler, having been all over Vancouver Island. He originally came from Regina.

Ran Tersen's Scrapbook

Random Jottings From Here and There in the World of Nature

The Twinkling Stars

STARS are really suns that are very, very far away from the earth, so far away that they merely look like specks of light. Because stars appear to twinkle, people say that they are pointed, but stars are ball-shaped like the earth or the sun. The twinkling is due to the light being interrupted as it passes through the atmosphere of the earth.

Hot Stuff!

NOT many would like to keep their fingers in boiling water for very long, but boiling water is cool when you think of the temperature of our sun. Water that is boiling has a temperature of 212 degrees F., but the outside cooler layers of the surface of the sun are scaled at about 10,000 degrees F. The sun and other stars are composed of incandescent gases, so tremendously packed together and so hot that they give off light. Substances like iron, lead or copper which are found as solids at the temperature of the earth's surface, exist as gases on the surface of the sun. And the interior of the sun is much hotter than the outside layers!

The Speed of Light

MAN may boast of the records set by his racing cars and by his high-speed airplanes, but he will have great difficulty in equalling the speed of light of 186,000 miles per second. Just think how far a flash of light could travel in a year

—186,000 x 60 x 60 x 24 x 365 1/4 miles! But, as far as that seems, it takes the light from the nearest star (traveling at that break-neck speed of 186,000 miles per second) over eight years to reach the earth.

Who Wants to Climb Everest?

THE highest point on the surface of the earth is the lofty mountain on the high Himalayan frontier of India, Mount Everest. On the tropical plains below, the heat is sweltering, but on the mountain slopes an intense cold always prevails, for the rays of the sun pass through the thin atmosphere without warming it. In a flight over Everest, the airman had to wear specially-heated suits to keep out intense cold. They reported at the height of 30,400 feet the temperature had dropped to -76 degrees F.

We Won't Go to Pluto!

THE outer planets of our solar system are Jupiter, Saturn, Uranus, Neptune and Pluto. They are so far away from the sun that they do not experience the warming effect of the sun's rays. In fact, Pluto (a mere four billion miles away from the sun) has an average temperature of -375 degrees F. This is so cold that the gases in our atmosphere would not remain in the gaseous form—they would all become as solid as a chunk of ice! Life, as we know it, could not exist on these cold outer planets.

Questions and Answers

What Happens to the Smoke From Chimneys?

IT is a question which can only be answered by asking, first, what this smoke consists of. It is mostly made up of solid particles of carbon and of a variety of gases.

The wind is constantly carrying smoke away from cities, scattering it through the air far away, so that it becomes much less noticeable. The smoke from eruptions of volcanoes may be carried all round the world, and make the sunsets much more beautiful thousands of miles away, many months later.

But in course of time many of the heavier particles settle by their own weight and so return to the soil.

Some of the gases in the smoke are burnt up, and so get rid of; but a great and precious agent, which keeps the air sweet and pure, and is always at work washing the dirt out of it, is the rain; and everyone knows how pure and clear the air is after a shower. Every raindrop leaves a clean track of air behind it as it falls to earth.

Why Do Some Things Bend and Others Break?

WE do not know what makes the parts of any solid thing stick together, and so we cannot hope to explain such facts as bending, brittleness, or elasticity. We can study the effects of various outside conditions on these properties, and can learn something by studying such things as sealing wax, which will readily bend at times and will break at other times. In this case we find that the temperature of the sealing wax makes all the difference; when warm it bends, when cold it breaks. This is true of many things.

Such facts as these help in guessing the reasons why things behave in such various ways. The molecules that make

them must be held together differently in different cases. In hot sealing wax they behave as if they held each other with their arms relaxed, but in cold as if their arms were stiff.

Where Is the Sun at Night?

AT night as in the day, the sun goes on, traveling along its mysterious path at twelve miles a second to some goal among the other stars. But at night that part of the earth which was fronting it in the day turns its back on it and the inhabitants of that side of the globe cannot see it.

What is the best thing to put in an iced cake?—Your teeth.

Which letters are never out of fashion?—FASHION.



The Wapiti, or American stag or elk, is similar to the European red deer, but is considerably larger. The body is light reddish buff, becoming darker brown on the head and limbs. The Wapiti was formerly found all over the United States, but in recent years has become rare except in reservations.

The Wheat Field

By ROBIN CATS

AT the farm, the children, Betty and Bobby, who lived in the Big Red House at the top of the hill, had watched all morning for the new arrival. The niece of Charlie, the hired man, was coming to live with him in his small cottage.

"Her folks died some time back," Charlie had told Daddy and Mother. "Frankie, they call her. Queer name for a kid. Neighbors been looking after her in the city."

Bobby it was who saw them arrive in Charlie's old flivver. "She's kind of queer looking," he ran to tell Mother. "Her hair's cut like a boy's and she's awful thin."

Shy of the odd-looking girl in her faded dresses who had come from the city, the children for several days made up games and errands that took them near Charlie's cottage, but they did not speak to her.

But Shep, the collie dog, wise in judging people, had gone to her at once and put his muzzle into her hand.

"Well I never," marveled Uncle Charlie. "Shep don't like strangers—as a rule. You've a regular way with animals, Frankie."

But why hadn't Betty and Bobby asked her to play with them? Frankie, as she stood one afternoon on the veranda of her uncle's cottage, asked herself this question. And a tear trickled down her nose.

She could not know that only this morning Betty's Mother had said, "Why don't you and Bobby ask Frankie to play with you?"

"I wouldn't know what to say to her," Betty had replied.

"Nonsense," answered her Mother, smiling. "We'll have her up to tea this afternoon."

Standing on the veranda, Frankie looked out across a field of wheat that stretched in front of the cottage as far as she could see. Green, and just touched with yellow from the sun, it seemed like a great wide smile to her, and running

to its edge she stood on tiptoe and patted the big shining heads.

At a sudden breeze the wheat parted, bending to either side before her, showing a path that led into the field. Running along the path Frankie found herself in a strange new world. Grasshoppers whirled above her head. And birds sang as she danced and skipped along.

Sitting down on a stone to rest, she saw three little mice which popped their heads out of a hole and watched her with bright twinkly eyes. Taking a cracker from her pocket, she coaxed them till, losing all fear, they came close and nibbled from her fingers.

An old gypsy woman had once said to Frankie, "You have the gift of nature, child; animals will always love you."

But now, clouds covered the sky and a raindrop fell. It was late. Uncle Charlie would be anxious.

Spatter! Spatter! Down came the rain in great drops. Huddling on the ground, Frankie waited while the wheat heads bent over her like a sheltering roof and kept her dry.

When the Spring shower was over, Frankie began to run this way and that. She was lost, and she broke the wheat stalks in her haste and fear.

But what was that noise? She ran to investigate. On the ground was a nest, and in it five screaming babies. A mother bird came flying with a worm.

Nor was she frightened of Frankie. With a "Chirrup, chirrup," which said quite plainly "Follow me," she led Frankie to the edge of the wheat field. And there was the Big Red House, and Betty and Bobby and their Mother, standing near the garden gate.

"Why, there's the little girl that was lost," cried the Mother. "Run quickly, Betty, and bring her in to tea; she must be hungry."

And Betty ran and took Frankie's hand. "Hello," she said shyly.

Then Frankie's eyes began to dance.

"Hello," she answered.

And suddenly, as they went running into the house, they were friends.

Bad Man's Dog

McDONALD was feared and hated by man and beast. In the forested valley of British Columbia where he lived and trapped he was known as a dangerous, violent man. He was a bully to his scattered neighbors, and the cruelty he displayed in trapping even revolted other hardened trappers. Men avoided him when he came by, and women called their children in and closed the doors.

But by far the most open haters of McDonald were the dogs of the neighborhood. Whether or not it was the scent of trapped animals on his clothing, or that they could sense his innate cruelty, dogs at his approach would go into a savage frenzy. From the smallest terrier to the largest mastiff they growled and barked and had to be called off from biting him. When the dogs in the settlement began barking ferociously, people would say, "McDonald, the trapper, is coming." And often they were right.

McDonald hated dogs as much as they hated him. And he was afraid of them. Whenever he saw one coming toward him he would aim his rifle at it until the owner called it away. Many a pet came, up missing when the owner was not there to rescue it.

As the years passed old age came on to the trapper, and he became mild under its influence. No longer did he bully his neighbors, but he tried to make friends with them. Most of them could not forget his past actions, however, and left him alone. He was a lonely old man whose life was unbrightened by friendship with man or beast.

Then one day someone gave him a puppy. It became the talk of the valley that McDonald had a dog. Some predicted that it wouldn't last, that the dog would fear and hate him like dogs always did. Others said that the trapper would some day have a fit of rage and shoot the animal.

But the old man lavished all his affection on the puppy and the puppy returned it. It grew to be a fine, large dog of bound extraction. Wherever McDonald went his dog was sure to be with him, and whatever the man had good to eat he was sure to divide with his dog. They loved each other, these two.

Whenever the old man met anyone he would boast how clever his dog was, and people seeing his eager old face would forget their distrust and gossip with him, the thing for which his lonely old heart had been craving. Even the neighborhood dogs lost their fear and hatred of him. He had learned to like them and they knew it.

Hard times came. McDonald had little money and was too old to earn a living by trapping. And he was far too proud to take charity. Eventually people remembered they hadn't seen the old man for some time, and some decided to look in on him. They found him in pitiful shape, too weak from starvation to walk. Then they noticed that the dog was still plump. McDonald, the cruel and heartless, had gone without food so his dog would not be hungry.

The old man never recovered from his ordeal. After his death he had one mourner whose howls of grief could only be still by a merciful bullet from a neighbor's rifle.—Clarence L. Vose, in Our Dumb Animals.

Ruskin's Humaneness

THERE is a story of John Ruskin's coming upon a badly injured buzzard while on a ramble with friends. So threatening its aspect and so formidable its beak and claws, Mr. Ruskin alone went to its assistance. He took it in his arms, looked it over to discover its hurt, then carried it to a place where it could recover without danger of further injury.

The Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals had in him an active and ardent supporter, but its war against cruelty was not sufficient for him. He would supplement it by promoting affection for animals. In furtherance of this idea he founded a Society of Friends of Living Creatures, composed of boys and girls from seven to fifteen years of age, and they were required to promise not to kill or hurt any animal for sport and not to tease them. They must study their habits and make friends of them.

Mr. Ruskin's first pet dog was his Croydon aunt's "Towser," who had come into her care "a snapper, starved vagrant," and had been converted by her kindness into "a brave and affectionate dog." The one of his last years was "Bramble." If in that long succession of pet dogs one was distinguished as the prime favorite it was "Wise," who for many years made a "bright spot" in Mr. Ruskin's life.

Many years after Wise's death, speaking in a letter of a long-gone friend, Mr. Ruskin asks: "And my dog Wise, was he dead too? It seems wholly wonderful to me at this moment that he should ever have died."—Amelia Wofford, in Our Dumb Animals.

A Dictionary of War Terms in the News

Casus Belli. We sometimes see it stated that an action by one state towards another would be regarded by the affected state as a casus belli. These two words are Latin for cause of war. Germany's invasion of Poland, for example, was the casus belli as far as France and Britain were concerned.

Heligoland. Reconnaissance planes of the R.A.F. have made successful flights over this rocky island, less than a square mile, lying about forty-four miles from the mouths of the Elbe and the Weser. Inaccessible cliffs rise on all sides except the southeast, where a flat sandy shore has been converted into a strong harbor for submarines and other warships. During the Great War Heligoland was an aircraft centre and was protected by enormous guns. The island belonged to Britain at the end of last century, but was given to Germany in 1890 in exchange for rights in East Africa. By the Versailles Treaty Heligoland's forts were dismantled, but they have now been rebuilt.

Paravane. This was a device invented in the Great War to protect warships and merchant ships from fixed mines. A pair of paravanes are towed from the bow of the ship, each attached to a towing wire which, when taut, submerges the machine to the required depth and at a proper distance from the sides of the ship. When a mine is encountered the paravane deflects it from the side of the ship and cuts its mooring cable, so that it rises to the surface to be destroyed.

Games and Tricks

The Game of Trains

THIS is a very simple and amusing game, especially if the leader possesses plenty of imagination. Each of the players takes a name connected in some way with the train—engine, wheels, driver, etc.

The leader begins his tale, which must be as ridiculous as possible, and should

Great Britain and the Dominions Overseas

Anonymity Veiling Successful Work of Inventive Scientists

Men Who Solved Problem of Coping With Magnetic Mine Received No Decoration—Man in the Street Appears Unconcerned

LONDON.—It is a truism to say of this country that one of its characteristics is to conceal or ignore details about many of the most important individuals and organizations which help to govern England and more particularly at the present moment to fight the war, it is hoped, a successful conclusion.

Does anyone know, for instance, that Prime Minister Chamberlain has a son and a daughter and that the daughter's married name is? They are never mentioned in the press and I am sure that nine people out of ten do not even know that they exist. What can the public tell about the immense concentration of scientific talent which has been got together by the Government in order to defeat the German offensive by invention, if such an expression is allowed? Nothing at all. The magnetic mine, for instance, had about a fortnight's successful life before the measure of it had been taken and its sting removed, but no one knows exactly who the people were who studied and conquered this new weapon and, truth to tell, this strange British public does not care.

NO DECORATIONS

I could develop this idea at almost any length and I could say without hesitation that in France, where people take more interest in the doings of their clever folk, the defeat of the magnetic mine would probably have been made the subject of many articles in the newspapers and would have led, I am sure, to the distribution of many decorations. Was a single man decorated for this job in England? Not one.

To get to a more far-reaching subject, I would say that one of the Government organizations on which the limelight has not been turned to any extent is the Ministry of Economic Warfare. I am prepared to state on oath that if I were to go out of the room in which I am writing this article, which overlooks Fleet Street, and ask six consecutive passers-by whether they knew of the Ministry of Economic Warfare, I should be given a negative reply. I will go further and declare that I have never heard of six consecutive people for the name of the Minister of Economic Warfare. I should not be given it more than possibly once or twice. As it happens, the gentleman's name is Ronald Cross.

SENSIBLE MOVE

And yet that Ministry is doing work without which I am certain the Allies could not win the war, however effective the military side of their effort might be. Both this country and France had the sense to set up Ministries of that kind immediately upon the outbreak of war. That was an improvement on what happened in the First World War when the British Government waited until 1916 to set up what was then called the Ministry of Blockade, under Lord Robert Cecil, who afterwards received a peerage, and is now Viscount Cecil of Chelwood.

A shadow Ministry of Economic Warfare had been set up before September 3. A certain number of officials from various Government offices had been told off to form the framework of the department and a number of retired officials, who were experts in foreign affairs and trade questions, were asked to serve in the Ministry for the duration of the war. The closest co-operation with France had been decided upon in principle, and in fact, high officials of the corresponding Ministry in Paris are now serving in London while men from the British Ministry have been seconded for work in France.

A NAVAL TRADITION

In accordance with age-old tradition, the British Navy, immediately war was declared, put a stranglehold on the enemy's seaborne trade and reduced it, as the world knows, to a mere trickle both as regards imports and exports, but that was the seaborne trade only and it has to be remembered that Germany has far greater opportunities for obtaining supplies by land routes than she had in 1914-18. It became the business of the Ministry of Economic Warfare to see that as far as possible those land routes were as effectively blocked as the sea lanes.

Thanks to the enormous financial strength of the British Treasury and the world-wide power of the British banking system, it has become possible to buy up much of what would otherwise have gone to Germany from neutral countries. This is no secret. In fact Ronald Cross, the Minister, said only a few days ago in Parliament that this country had concluded or was discussing commercial agree-

ments to that very end with no less than fourteen neutral countries and that after less than five months of war Germany was in economic straits not unlike those in which she found herself after two years of the last war.

UNSEEN AND UNSUNG

This is not a bad record for the Economic Warfare people. Perhaps one of the reasons that they labor unseen and unsung is that nobody attacks them. In fact Hugh Dalton, a great leader of the Labor Opposition, who was Foreign Under-Secretary in the last Labor Government, actually went so far as to say in the House of Commons that he doubted whether serious criticism of our blockade could be offered.

Nevertheless there has been criticism and from no less a person than a member of the Bench of Bishops. Dr. Barnes, Bishop of Birmingham, thinks that the holding up of foodstuffs is wrong and that such commodities should be allowed in Germany in accordance with the precept, "If thine enemy hunger, feed him." Dr. Barnes had evidently forgotten Field-Marshal Goering's wisecrack to the effect that Germany preferred guns to butter. The Archbishop of Canterbury, head of the Church of England, replied, not inappropriately, that Germany could provide food for her population if she was prepared to make that the first charge upon her food resources. He added that the world must leave it to Germany to choose between providing food for her people and food for her guns.

Meanwhile the Ministry of Economic Warfare, with the help of its opposite number in Paris and backed by the British and French Fleets, gets on with its job.

LONDON IS NOW IN THIRD PLACE

War Takes From London Title of World's Biggest City

LONDON (BUP).—Evacuation and war conditions have robbed London of its proud title of being the world's biggest city.

Before the war the populations of the world's largest cities were: London, 8,202,818; New York, 6,930,446; Tokyo, 6,000,000; Berlin, 4,250,000. But London now is in third place with a population of barely 5,000,000.

Some 12,000 people have moved from one suburb alone, 15,000 from another, 18,000 from another. And there are still 464,000 mothers and children living in country areas.

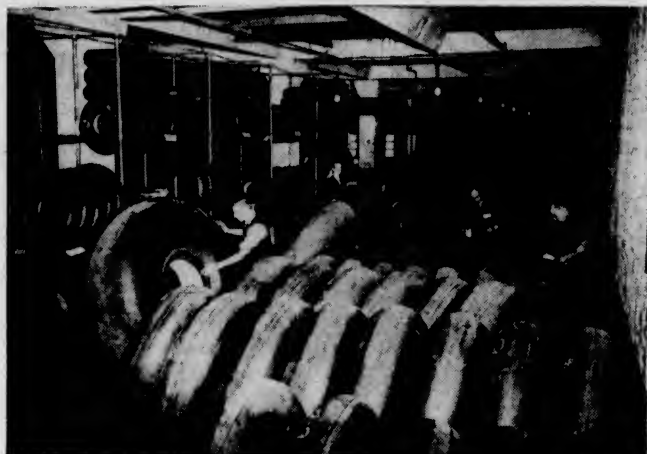
The Governor of the Gas, Light & Coke Company, Sir David Milne Watson, says there has been a decrease of 1,500,000 customers in London since war began. Taking an average of two people to a home only, this accounts for fully 3,000,000 people.



RUSILY TRAINING

The Sergeant Demonstrates Just How It's Done for the Benefit of These Canadians in England. They Hail From the Far West.

Tires for the British Mechanized Army



In the Old Days It Was Horse Shoes That Had to Be Kept in Stock for the Army. Today It Is Tires and More Tires. The Picture Shows a Small Section of a British Supply Factory for Motor Tires. Every Conceivable Type of Tire Is Carried in the Factory, From Giant Bombers' Tires to Small Motorcycle Tires.

Spy-Proof Lamp Is Wartime Invention Of Famous Scientist

Sir Ambrose Fleming, at 90 Years of Age, Contributes Marvelous Aid for Ship Signalling by Light in Code

LONDON (BUP).—At ninety a man might reasonably think his usefulness to his country in war time had petered out. But Sir Ambrose Fleming, the famous scientist, has just invented at that age, a simple spy-proof lamp for signalling from ships, the signals which can only be read by the specially equipped receiver for whom they are intended.

Until this invention anyone could read the continuous signals from ships in British naval bases and harbors, if they knew the code.

The secret of Sir Ambrose's lamp is "polarised" light. Light consists of vibrations. In ordinary light these are in all directions. Polarised light has the vibrations confined to a single plane. The projector sends out a beam of polarised light. For the dots and dashes it changes momentarily to ordinary light. The naked eye cannot detect the difference. But the special receiving instrument filters the polarised light and makes it appear darker and of a different color. On top of this the message stands out in separate flashes of white.

LINQUIST GOES ON SECRET MISSION

LONDON (BUP).—Sir Denison Ross, 68-year-old language expert, who claims to be able to speak thirty languages, is to leave England on a secret mission.

What that mission is or where it will lead him he refused to disclose, but he will be accompanied by Lady Ross, his companion on former missions in search of culture and learning, which have taken him to the depths of unknown Asia, to the Far East and to India.

It is likely that the founder of the School of Oriental Languages in London will be doing service for his country in some place where people will understand Arabic, Persian, Chinese, Japanese or Hindustani.

MEDICAL CORPS IN FINE SHAPE

Period of Inaction Used for Reorganization—Waiting List of Recruits

LONDON (BUP).—The Royal Army Medical Corps has made good use of the period of inaction since September to perfect one of the finest medical services in the world.

The waiting time has enabled the R.A.M.C. to reshuffle its organization and detail men to the duties for which they are best qualified. Where at the outbreak of war there was not sufficient personnel to meet requirements at home and abroad, there is now a waiting list of recruits for all branches.

The R.A.M.C. has based its system on knowledge gained in the last war, but many improvements have been added—facilities for blood transfusion, specialists in psychology, and provision of permanent immunity from tetanus.

IN FRONT LINE

As in 1914, the R.A.M.C. consists of battalion medical officers, together with bearers and sanitary squads in the front line, with advanced dressing stations immediately at the rear. Linked with these by field ambulances are the casualty clearing stations where surgical work can be performed, and further back still the base hospitals.

The facilities for blood transfusion are a great asset, as it allows surgeons to operate on men who would otherwise die on the operating table. The blood is collected in this country from civil volunteers, sealed in airtight containers and kept at a constant temperature of four degrees Centigrade, is flown to France for distribution in base hospitals and casualty clearing stations. Arrangements have been made for a special service to the front line if necessary. The blood is stored in refrigerators and remains in perfect condition for a fortnight.

PSYCHOLOGY SPECIALISTS

Specialists in psychology have been introduced to the army service because it is realized that the fitness and endurance of troops depends largely on their spirits, apart from the troubles resultant from shell shock and other psychological disturbances in the last war.

The new method of making troops immune from tetanus obviates the necessity for constant inoculation to which the men were previously subjected. Soldiers treated with the new serum do not need to be excused duty.

Apart from these improvements, dispensaries are better equipped, the standard of proficiency of dispensers is higher, operating theatres are more up-to-date, and provision has been made for all kinds of electrical equipment for treatment and diagnosis.

Two Doctor Sons In Dad's Steps

ROCKLAND, Ont. (CP).—Chips off the old block, two doctor sons of Dr. Martin B. Powers, came home recently to help their father celebrate the 40th anniversary of the setting up of his practice in this village twenty miles east of Ottawa. Corner for the district for twenty years, the father came here from Ottawa, January 9, 1890. His youngest son, Dr. Maurice Powers, a graduate of McGill University, is chief medico-legal expert of the Royal Canadian Mounted Police at Regina, and the eldest, Dr. Arthur Powers, head of the St. Laurent Sanatorium near Hull, Que.

CRANKS SPOIL WAR PRISONERS

Unhealthy Sentimental Hysteria Makes Pets of Perpetrators of Atrocities

LONDON (BUP).—German prisoners in British prison camps are being utterly spoiled by a section of sentimental cranks who have showered parcels and presents on them, it is charged here.

Major-General Sir Ernest Swinton referred scathingly to this "unhealthy, sentimental hysteria" in a broadcast commentary. "It would be better," he said, "if cranks ceased to pet these prisoners who are the comrades of the perpetrators—if not the perpetrators themselves—of some of the atrocities committed by Germany."

"It should be made compulsory for senders of money and gifts and parcels of various kinds to put their names and addresses. The publication of these might divert the emotions of the senders to a more worthy cause, as, for instance, the widows and orphans of our fishermen and the evacuees who have been caused hardship and suffering."

SPINNING SILK OF PARACHUTES

Millions of Silkworms Kept at Lullingstone Castle in Kent

KENT (BUP).—At Lullingstone Castle—a lovely old place in Kent—3,500,000 silkworms and fifty odd human helpers are making and spinning silk for parachutes.

Even this large quantity of worms can only produce 602 parachutes against the thousands that are needed.

Interesting facts of their existence were provided by Lady Dyke, the chateleine of the castle.

At least 175 tons of mulberry leaves are consumed by this hungry horde of insects each year.

Each cocoon contains one and a half miles of silk.

Every two years 100,000 new silkworms are imported from Marseilles. The rest are bred on the spot.

Silkworms in the twenty-eight days of their life span grow in sudden stages; they cast their skin four times and emerge each time a few sizes larger. No sooner have the moths laid their eggs than they die.

The first lifeboat ultimately returned, having scored sixty miles of sea in its attempt to find the ship which had sent up the distress signals.



IN RAPID ACTION

Too Fast for the Naked Eye to Catch, This Bit of Concentrated Action Is Caught by the Camera as Two Greyhounds Leap a Hurdle at Wembley Stadium.

Seven Millions Have to Stay at Posts in London

War Conditions Make Punctuality Difficult for Those Who Travel to and From Offices—Railways Doing a Fine Job in Spite of Obstacles and the Black-Out

By GLANVILLE CAREW

LONDON (BUP).—In spite of the exodus of enormous numbers of people who left London for the country when the war broke out, there are still some seven millions or so who are compelled to remain in town and get on with their jobs. Many hundreds of thousands of these remaining people come into central London in the morning from the suburbs, and by the same means go back to their homes at night. And many of them have been complaining by word of mouth and in the newspapers of the unpunctuality of the trains in the matter of arrival, so that they are late at their offices, and in returning so that they are late at their homes.

It does appear that a great number of trains are late. How late is also a question of fact which can be easily checked up by the railroad records. It seems pretty certain, however, that few are so late as the fuming passenger believes; to him every minute of delay seems like five. The reason for the delay, which in present circumstances seems to be inevitable, is another matter.

PRIORITY TRAINS

Very often the reason is that Government "priority" trains, perhaps carrying guns or troops, have to be put through while other trains wait, but the public may not be told of this, though the railway gets the blame, nor may they be told that fog or other weather conditions are responsible, as in war-time such information is of value to the enemy—hence our newspapers may not give weather news.

But there is always the black-out to be depended on as a fundamental cause of the evil of such lateness as there is. Bear in mind in that connection, that the delays complained of are, in the majority of instances, those which occur in the peak hours of morning and evening, which at the present season are both mainly in the black-out period.

By the way, that unpopular period—the black-out—which is responsible for a great number of fatalities (much exceeding those of the war so far) is now known as the Black Death.

ON THE OTHER HAND

However, hear the other side: In the morning traffic peak period more than 1,000 trains come into the various London termini (to say nothing of a comparable number departing at night) and we are told by Sir Ralph Wedgwood, who is chairman of the Railway Executive Committee, that according to the railroad records during the first week in December, to take a normal winter period, their arrival was three minutes late. He says that that is by no means as good a figure as would be recorded in peace-time. And he claims it is far from unsatisfactory having regard to the difficulties to be overcome in war-time.

The traffic since the war began has been terribly heavy upon the railways; not the ordinary civilian passenger traffic, but that which is imposed by war conditions. Mainly because of this ordinary trains have had to be considerably reduced in numbers; this reduction means that more coaches must be added to the remaining trains.

The platforms at most ordinary suburban stations are long enough only to deal with trains of normal length. Suburban

NATION MAY GET KIPLING'S HOME

BURWASH, Eng. (BUP).—Batemans, the lovely Sixteenth Century home of Rudyard Kipling, may, with the death of Mrs. Kipling, become a national memorial.

Mrs. Kipling always wished that their home should become a national memorial. She preserved and cared for it to the last for that purpose.

Little was known of Mrs. Kipling for she was of a shy retiring nature, and disliked publicity of any kind. They were married when Kipling was twenty-eight and lived in a little bungalow in America where he finished "Many Inventions" and began "The Jungle Book". In those early days, she was his secretary, banker, business agent and farm superintendent, and even his sentry against those who would invade his much loved privacy.

Mayfair Has Its Regiment Of Amazons

LONDON (BUP).—In Mayfair is the headquarters for the war's most extraordinary regiment. It consists of girls who have paid to join up, bought their own uniforms and supplied their own cars.

It calls itself the Women's Mechanized Transport Corps and the only qualification for joining is money. Members are determined to be useful and will offer their services as drivers to French civil authorities.

TRAINING GOATS TO PROTECT THE HORSES

LONDON (BUP).—The latest A.F.S. workers are goats. They are being trained to lead horses to safety in cases of fire.

William Wright, of Chelsea, a breeder of goats in a big way, says they are the finest stable companions for horses. They keep the horses healthy and in times of danger are wonderful.

Nothing ever perturbs a goat. The animals are completely self-possessed and horses, which are easily upset by noise, will follow these level-headed creatures to safety.